

LEBANON, OREGON

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2017

STEVE TUCHSCHERER

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CITY OFFICIALS

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Lebanon 925 Main Street Lebanon, OR 97355

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lebanon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lebanon as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 13, the City restated the beginning Net Position as of July 1, 2016, for System Development Charges collected, and accumulated, in the aggregate amount of \$2,165,623 originally recorded and accounted for in City Governmental Activities rather than properly within Business-type Activities.

Also described in Note 13 is a reduction to Net Position as of July 1, 2016 for a reduction in Court Fines and Charges collected and accumulated as Receivables - Net in the amount of \$1,350,927 for City Governmental Activities.

Also described in Note 13, the City restated the beginning Net Position as of July 1, 2016, for Long-Term Debt in the amount of \$4,480,000 originally recorded and accounted for in City Governmental Activities rather than properly within Business-type Activities.

The prior period adjustments correctly increase beginning current fiscal year Net Position by \$963,450 creating a Net Position of \$3,020,154 in the Governmental Activities, and decrease July 1, 2016 beginning Business-type Activities Net Position by \$2,314,377 to an amount of \$41,790,309.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 2-14, the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances — budget and actuals on pages 57-61, and pension schedules on pages 62-63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

I have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and pension schedules in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals described above on pages 57-61 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actuals are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lebanon's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 64-77 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 82 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information on pages 64-77 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 82 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued our report dated February 1, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have issued our report dated February 1, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Lebanon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the City's compliance.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA

February 1, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The management discussion and analysis of the City of Lebanon, Oregon (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

- Prior period adjustments are reported as restatement of beginning net position to correct amounts identified in Note 13 on page 57.
- The City's net position increased by \$6,531,917 which represents a 14 percent increase from the previous year, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$(1,350,927).
- Total revenue for the City was \$28,426,968. That is a 2.5 percent increase from the previous year. General revenues accounted for \$13,667,812 of revenue, or 48.1 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services accounted for \$14,369,549 or 50.6 percent of total revenues. Operating grants received a total \$328,038 or 1.2 percent of total revenues. Capital grants received this year were \$61,569 or 0.2 percent of total revenues.
- The City had \$20,544,123 in program expenses. Of the program expenses, \$2,437,650 was for providing water service, \$3,184,497 was for providing wastewater service, and \$124,393 was for providing storm drain service.
- The City's long-term liabilities increased \$9,696,098, a 20.8 percent increase from the previous year due to additions for project loans and increase in net pension liability.
- Among the governmental funds, the General Fund had \$7,761,476 in revenues, which primarily consisted of property taxes and franchise taxes. The Special Revenue Fund had \$2,214,151 in revenues, which primarily consisted of intergovernmental revenues. The Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District had \$2,558,899 in revenues, which primarily consisted of property taxes. The Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District had \$390,756 in revenues, which primarily consisted of property taxes. The North Gateway Urban Renewal District had \$797,821 in revenues, which primarily consisted of property taxes. The Debt Service Fund had \$1,331,859 in revenues, which primarily consisted of property taxes. The Capital Projects Fund had \$1,346,214 in revenues, which primarily consisted of fees and charges.
- Among proprietary funds, the Water Fund had \$5,356,789 in operating revenues, which primarily consisted of user fees. The Wastewater Fund had \$5,959,957 in operating revenues, which primarily consisted of user fees. The Storm Drain Fund had \$477,268 in operating revenues, which primarily consisted of user fees.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes additional supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as the condition of buildings, and water and wastewater systems facilities.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the *Statement of Activities* is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions of the City that are principally supported by user fee revenues, intergovernmental revenues from grants, and property tax revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government activities, public safety, public works, culture and recreation and community planning and development. The proprietary activities of the City include water, wastewater, and storm drain services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, Fund Financial Statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements in a later section of this report. The City reports two types of funds:

Governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, these statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison schedules are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, Northwest Urban Renewal District, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, and North Gateway Urban Renewal District. Budgetary comparison schedules for the other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund - enterprise funds. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water, wastewater, and storm drain operations. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, and Storm Drain Fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund, the Northwest Urban Renewal District, the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, and the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements.

Other supplementary information includes individual fund statements and schedules, and other schedules. These statements and schedules immediately follow the required supplementary information in this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The City's net position at fiscal year-end is \$52,693,308 this is an increase of \$6,531,918 or 14%.

A significant portion of the City's net position (72.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, and machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

CITY OF LEBANON Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

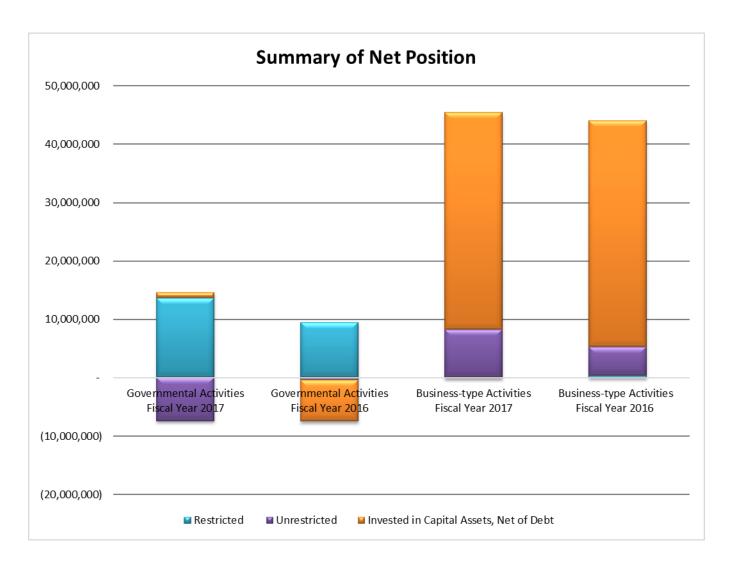
The following table provides a summary of the City's net position for the current and prior year.

Summary of Net Position

	 Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	 2017 2016		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Assets												
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,484,882	\$	11,282,251	\$	9,064,386	\$	8,429,964	\$	25,549,268	\$	19,712,215	
Capital Assets	 33,668,440		32,559,678		49,881,177		44,568,949		83,549,617		77,128,627	
Total Assets	 50,153,322		43,841,929		58,945,563		52,998,913		109,098,885		96,840,842	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	 4,776,426		811,628		280,906		59,218		5,057,332		870,846	
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities	2,850,707		4,071,491		1,579,626		1,083,417		4,430,333		5,154,908	
Long-Term Liabilities	 44,193,831		36,543,698		12,156,079		10,110,114		56,349,910		46,653,812	
Total Liabilities	 47,044,538		40,615,189		13,735,705		11,193,531	_	60,780,243		51,808,720	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	 644,748		1,018,214		37,918		74,290		682,666		1,092,504	
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	952,577		(2,551,961)		37,208,184		34,315,146		38,160,761		31,763,185	
Restricted	13,693,586		7,317,116		-		2,537,634		13,693,586		9,854,750	
Unrestricted	 (7,405,701)		(1,745,001)		8,244,662		4,937,529		838,961		3,192,528	
Total Net Position - Restated for												
Prior Year	\$ 7,240,462	\$	3,020,154	\$	45,452,846	\$	41,790,309	\$	52,693,308	\$	44,810,463	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

See the chart below to gain an understanding of the City's actual financial position and how each component relates to the activities performed.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Changes in net position - The City's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$28,426,968. The total cost of all programs and services was \$20,544,123. The following table shows a comparative analysis of government-wide revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2016-17	2015-16	2016-17	2015-16	2016-17	2015-16	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 2,575,535	\$ 1,138,739	\$ 11,794,014	\$ 10,395,986	\$14,369,549	\$11,534,725	
Operating Grants and Contributions	328,038	463,968	-	-	328,038	463,968	
Capital Grants and Contributions	61,569	261,499			61,569	261,499	
Total Program Revenues	2,965,142	1,864,206	11,794,014	10,395,986	14,759,156	12,260,192	
General Revenues							
Local Sources							
Property Taxes, Franchise Fees, &							
Public Service Taxes	13,040,546	12,748,234	-	-	13,040,546	12,748,234	
Interest & Investment Earnings	180,379	219,077	121,240	42,393	301,619	261,470	
Capital Contributions	-	19,267	-	-	-	19,267	
Other Revenues	325,647	2,337,376		107,236	325,647	2,444,612	
Total General Revenues	13,546,572	15,323,954	121,240	149,629	13,667,812	15,473,583	
Total Revenues	16,511,714	17,188,160	11,915,254	10,545,615	28,426,968	27,733,775	
Program Expenses							
General Government	4,421,484	8,725,784	-	-	4,421,484	8,725,784	
Public Safety	5,129,853	4,633,244	-	-	5,129,853	4,633,244	
Public Works	703,860	763,014	-	-	703,860	763,014	
Culture and Recreation	1,634,994	2,087,770	-	-	1,634,994	2,087,770	
Community Planning & Development	1,584,953	1,532,196	-	-	1,584,953	1,532,196	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,322,439	2,810,526	-	-	1,322,439	2,810,526	
Utility Services							
Water Utilities	-	-	2,437,650	3,899,986	2,437,650	3,899,986	
Wastewater Utilities	-	-	3,184,497	5,368,069	3,184,497	5,368,069	
Storm Drainage			124,393	71,320	124,393	71,320	
Total Program Expenses	14,797,583	20,552,534	5,746,540	9,339,375	20,544,123	29,891,909	
Transfers	2,506,177	(1,983,931)	(2,506,177)	1,983,931	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Prior Period Adjustment	963,450		(2,314,377)		(1,350,927)		
Change in Net Position	\$ 5,183,758	\$(5,348,305)	\$ 1,348,160	\$ 3,190,171	\$ 6,531,918	\$ (2,158,134)	

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activity, the total cost of the six major functional activities of the City. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

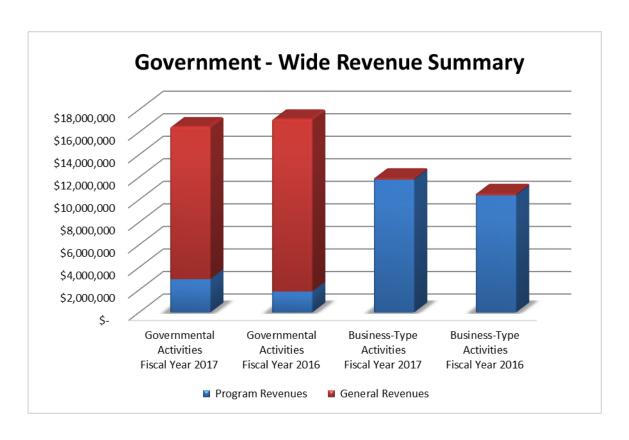
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	of Services	Net (Cost) Pro	ofit of Services
	2016-17	2015-16	2016-17	2015-16
General Government	\$ 4,421,484	\$ 8,725,784	\$ (3,935,586)	\$ (7,934,734)
Public Safety	5,129,853	4,633,244	(4,641,943)	(4,103,166)
Public Works	703,860	763,014	(366,922)	(500,951)
Culture and Recreation	1,634,994	2,087,770	(1,234,869)	(1,806,755)
Community Planning & Development	1,584,953	1,532,196	(330,681)	(1,532,196)
Interest Expense	1,322,439	2,810,526	(1,322,439)	(2,810,526)
Total Program Expenses	\$14,797,583	\$20,552,534	\$(11,832,441)	\$(18,688,328)

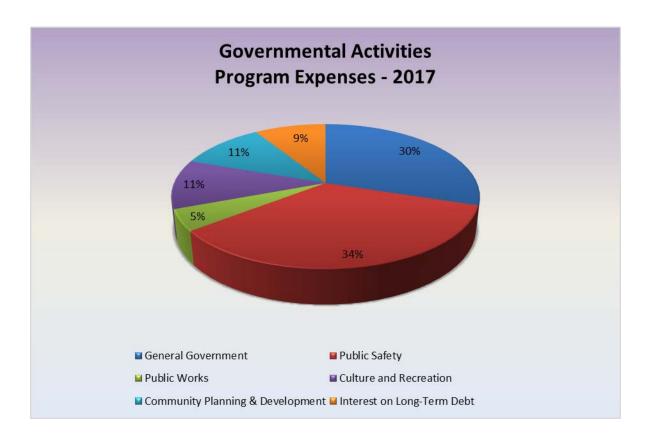
The dependence on general revenues for general government activities is apparent. For 2016-17, 80 percent of general government activities are supported through general revenues

The following chart analyzes the revenue between governmental activities and business-type activities from prior to current year.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

This graph represents the cost of the City's Program expenses by governmental activities.



Business-Type Activities

	Total Cost	of Services	Net (Cost) Pro	ofit of Services		
	2016-17	2015-16	2016-17	2015-16		
Utility Services	\$ 5,746,540	\$ 9,339,375	\$ 6,047,474	\$ 1,056,611		
Total Program Expenses	\$ 5,746,540	\$ 9,339,375	\$ 6,047,474	\$ 1,056,611		

Business type activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$1,348,160. Of the business-type activities, utility service funds accounted for approximately 41% of revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

This graph represents the cost of the City's Program expenses by business-type activities

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

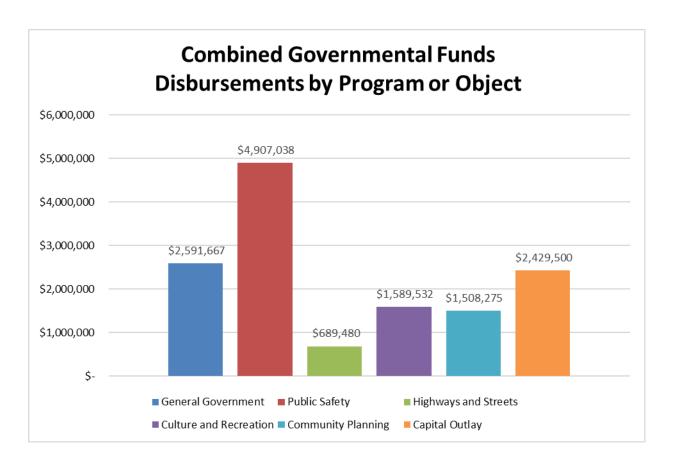
Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,792,656, an increase of \$5,975,088. The fund balance constitutes restricted and unassigned amounts. Of the current fund balances, \$214,097 is restricted for debt service, \$1,738,333 is restricted for grants projects, \$6,346,433 is restricted for capital projects, \$5,394,723 is restricted for urban renewal projects, and \$1,099,070 is unassigned and available for spending at the City's discretion.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,543,734, an increase of \$343,418.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Following is a comparison of current expenditures by program of the governmental funds.

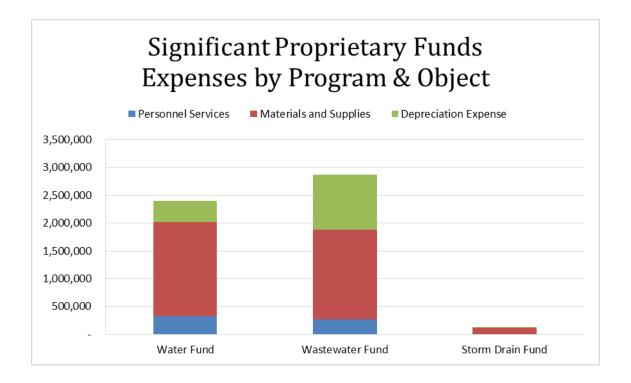


Proprietary Funds

The City's enterprise funds reported unrestricted net position of \$8,244,662, an increase of \$3,307,133. The enterprise funds also report \$37,208,184 in net investment in capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Following is a comparison of current expenses by program of the proprietary funds.



Budgetary Highlights

General Fund resources were budgeted and anticipated to be collected in the amount of \$7,491,195 during the fiscal year. Actual resources of \$7,761,474 were available, \$270,279 more than budgeted. General Fund expenditures budget was under-spent by \$1,721,082. The ending fund balance was greater than what was budgeted by \$2,543,734 and greater than the prior year by \$343,418.

The Water & Wastewater Fund balance increased during the fiscal year while the Storm Drain Fund balance decreased. Both the Water Fund and Storm Drain fund remained within the expenditure budgets in all appropriation areas, while the Wastewater Fund was over-expended due to interfund transfers out of the fund. The Water Fund's actual resources were less than budgeted by \$9,780,207 largely due to less grants and contributions received than anticipated. The Wastewater Fund's actual resources were more than budgeted by \$605,896. The Storm Drain Fund's actual resources were more than budgeted by \$41,022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, the City had invested, before net reduction for accumulated depreciation, \$164,480,309 in capital assets, including buildings, land, vehicles, water, wastewater, and storm drain utility systems, construction in progress and other equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$9,267,293 from the prior year due to net additions in the governmental funds of \$2,578,094 and in the enterprise funds of \$6,689,199.

Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,846,302; of which \$1,469,332 is associated with general government activities, \$382,620 from water utilities, \$988,792 from wastewater utilities, and \$5,558 from storm drain utilities. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017 the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$48,716,808. This amount is comprised of debt backed by general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, notes and loans payable, and related premiums. Existing debt was reduced by \$3,218,707. Interest paid on the debt amounted to \$1,779,577. The City also added \$8,449,157 to long term debt for the 2016-17 fiscal year. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time of these financial statements were prepared and audited, the City was aware of the following circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

- The overall City budget is 10.12% larger than FY 2016/17. The increase is due to several items, PERS increases from 14.57% to 19.24% and 2 large CIP projects, construction of the new water treatment plant (part of the water plant expense was shown in the FY2016/17 budget) and Airport Rd/Russell Drive and Porter Park.
- The General Fund is up \$1,050,209, or 8.72 percent.
- Estimated property tax revenue is forecasted to be greater than the prior year.

With the exceptions noted above, operating costs of both governmental activities and business-type activities are expected to be similar to those of the 2016-17 period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives.

If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of Lebanon City Hall at 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government - Wide Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

June 30, 2	ZU1 /		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			•
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 14,916,713	\$ 6,650,415	\$ 21,567,128
Accounts Receivable	417,344	1,295,112	1,712,456
Court Fines Receivable, Net	278,389	-	278,389
Property Taxes Receivable	986,349	-	986,349
Special Assessments Receivable	341,338	485,393	826,731
Prepaid Expenses & Other Assets	- ((21.174)	2,292	2,292
(Due To) / Due From Other Funds	(631,174)	631,174	
Total Current Assets	16,308,959	9,064,386	25,373,345
Restricted Assets:			
Restricted Cash - Debt Service	175,923		175,923
Receivables, Net - Less Current Portion			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,498,229	11,105,156	14,603,385
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	30,170,211	38,776,021	68,946,232
Total Assets	50,153,322	58,945,563	109,098,885
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferrals	4,776,426	280,906	5,057,332
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	4,776,426	280,906	5,057,332
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	-	531	53
Payroll Liabilities	141,535	10,327	151,862
Interest Payable	238,561	69,945	308,500
Deposit Payable	611	220,815	221,426
Compensated Absences, Current Portion	102,681	4,725	107,400
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	2,367,319	1,273,283	3,640,602
Total Current Liabilities	2,850,707	1,579,626	4,430,333
Long-Term Liabilities: Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:			
Bond Premium, Net	1,534,498	207,584	1,742,082
Compensated Absences, Less Current Portion	563,530	53,638	617,168
Long-Term Liabilities, Less Current Portion	33,676,496	11,399,710	45,076,200
Net Pension Liability	8,419,307	495,147	8,914,454
Total Long-Term Liabilities	44,193,831	12,156,079	56,349,910
Total Liabilities	47,044,538	13,735,705	60,780,243
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Earnings on Pension Assets	644,748	37,918	682,666
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	644,748	37,918	682,666
Net Investment in Capital Assets	952,577	37,208,184	38,160,76
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	952,577	37,208,184	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service	952,577 214,097	37,208,184	214,09
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service Grant Projects	952,577 214,097 1,738,333	37,208,184	214,09° 1,738,333
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service Grant Projects Capital Projects	952,577 214,097 1,738,333 6,346,433	37,208,184	214,09° 1,738,333 6,346,433
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Debt Service Grant Projects Capital Projects Urban Renewal Projects	952,577 214,097 1,738,333 6,346,433 5,394,723	- - -	214,09' 1,738,33' 6,346,43' 5,394,72'
Restricted for: Debt Service Grant Projects Capital Projects	952,577 214,097 1,738,333 6,346,433	37,208,184 8,244,662 \$ 45,452,846	38,160,76. 214,09 1,738,333 6,346,433 5,394,723 838,963 \$ 52,693,308

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues						Net
	(Expenses)		Charges for Services		perating Grants and ntributions	(Capital Grants and atributions	(Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
General Government	\$ 4,421,484	\$	485,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (3,935,586)
Public Safety	5,129,853		487,910		220.020		-	(4,641,943)
Public Works Culture and Recreation	703,860 1,634,994		8,900 400,125		328,038		-	(366,922)
Community Planning & Development	1,584,953		1,192,703		-		61,569	(1,234,869) (330,681)
Interest Expense and Loan Fees	1,384,933		1,192,703		-		01,309	(1,322,439)
Total Governmental Activities	14,797,583	_	2,575,535		328,038		61,569	(11,832,441)
	14,777,303		2,373,333		320,030		01,507	(11,032,441)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	2 12 7 6 7 2							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Water Utilities	2,437,650		5,356,789		-		-	2,919,139
Sewer Utilities	3,184,497		5,959,957		-		-	2,775,460
Storm Drain Utilities	124,393	_	477,268					352,875
Total Business-type Activities	5,746,540		11,794,014	_	-		-	6,047,474
Total Primary Government	\$ 20,544,123	\$	14,369,549	\$	328,038	\$	61,569	\$ (5,784,967)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION:					vernmental activities		iness-type ctivities	Total
Net (expense) revenue				\$ (11,832,441)	\$	6,047,474	\$ (5,784,967)
Net (expense) revenue General Revenues: Property Taxes Intergovernmental Tax Turnovers Franchise Taxes Interest and Investment Earnings Other Revenue					9,442,015 1,421,730 2,176,801 180,379 325,647		121,240	9,442,015 1,421,730 2,176,801 301,619 325,647
Subtotal - General Revenues					13,546,572		121,240	13,667,812
Interfund Transfers					2,506,177	(2	2,506,177)	-
Total general revenues, special it	ems, and transfer	îs.			16,052,749	(2	2,384,937)	13,667,812
Change in Net Position					4,220,308		3,662,537	7,882,845
Beginning Net Position - As Previously Reported Restatement for (Decreases)/Increases for:					2,056,704		4,104,686	46,161,390
System Development Charges					(2,165,623)	2	2,165,623	- (1.0.50.005)
Court Receivable - Net					(1,350,927)		-	(1,350,927)
Allocation of Long Term Debt					4,480,000		4,480,000)	- 44.010.460
Beginning Net Position (Deficit)	- As Kestated			_	3,020,154	4	1,790,309	44,810,463
Ending Net Position				\$	7,240,462	\$4:	5,452,846	\$ 52,693,308

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

			Con	ponent Units								
General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Lebanon			Urb	an Renewal		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmenta Funds
							,					
\$ 2,438,394	\$	1,544,298	\$	1,674,075	\$		\$	653,756	\$	204,955	\$ 4,876,226	\$ 14,916,713
-		-		-		175,923		-		-	-	175,923
		197,527		-		-		-		-	-	417,344
		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-	-	278,389
472,906		-				35,834		55,713		164,748	<u>-</u>	986,349
-		-		1,044		-		-		-		341,338
								<u> </u>			1,470,818	1,470,818
\$ 3,409,506	\$	1,741,825	\$	1,932,267	\$	3,736,766	\$	709,469	\$	369,703	\$ 6,687,338	\$ 18,586,874
OURCES AND	FUNI	D BALANCES	<u>S:</u>									
\$ 141,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 141,535
-		-		-		-		-		-	611	611
		-		-		_		2,101,992		-		2,101,992
141,535		-		-		-		2,101,992		-	611	2,244,138
445,848		-		240,728		33,582		52,141		155,606	-	927,905
		-		· -		· -		· -		-	-	278,389
-		3,492		_		_		-		_	-	3,492
-		-		-		-		-		-	340,294	340,294
724,237		3,492		240,728		33,582		52,141		155,606	340,294	1,550,080
-		-		-		-		-		214,097	-	214,097
-		1,738,333		-		-		-		-	-	1,738,333
-		-		-		-		-		-	6,346,433	6,346,433
-		-		1,691,539		3,703,184		-		-	-	5,394,723
2,543,734								(1,444,664)				1,099,070
2,543,734		1,738,333		1,691,539		3,703,184		(1,444,664)		214,097	6,346,433	14,792,656
	Fund \$ 2,438,394	Fund \$ 2,438,394 \$ 219,817 278,389 472,906 \$ 3,409,506 \$ SOURCES AND FUNI \$ 141,535 \$ 141,535 445,848 278,389 724,237	General Fund Revenue Fund \$ 2,438,394 \$ 1,544,298 219,817 197,527 278,389 - 472,906 - - - \$ 3,409,506 \$ 1,741,825 SOURCES AND FUND BALANCES \$ 141,535 \$ - - - 445,848 - 278,389 - - 3,492 - - 724,237 3,492 - - 2,543,734 -	Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Revenue Fund Urban Renewal District \$ 2,438,394 \$ 1,544,298 \$ 1,674,075 219,817 197,527 - 278,389 - - 472,906 - 257,148 - - 1,044 - - - \$ 3,409,506 \$ 1,741,825 \$ 1,932,267 BOURCES AND FUND BALANCES: \$ 141,535 - \$ 141,535 - \$ - - - - 278,389 - - - 3,492 - - - - 724,237 3,492 240,728 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	General Fund Special Revenue Fund Component Units Lebanon Urban Renewal District CH \$ 2,438,394 \$ 1,544,298 \$ 1,674,075 \$ 219,817 197,527 - </td <td>General Fund Special Revenue Fund Component Units Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District \$ 2,438,394 \$ 1,544,298 \$ 1,674,075 \$ 3,525,009 - - - 175,923 219,817 197,527 - - 278,389 - - - - 257,148 35,834 - - 1,044 - - - - - \$ 3,409,506 \$ 1,741,825 \$ 1,932,267 \$ 3,736,766 SOURCES AND FUND BALANCES: \$ 141,535 \$ - \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 445,848 - 240,728 33,582 278,389 - - -</td> <td> Component Units Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District </td> <td> Special Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund District Sevenue Fund Se</td> <td> Component Units North West Lebanon Urban Renewal Urban Renewal Urban Renewal District </td> <td> Second Revenue Fund Pund District Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District Service Fund </td> <td> Sepecial Revenue Fund Sepecial Revenue Fund Sepecial Revenue Fund District Sepecial Revenue Fund District District District Service Fund Projects Fund Pund P</td>	General Fund Special Revenue Fund Component Units Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District \$ 2,438,394 \$ 1,544,298 \$ 1,674,075 \$ 3,525,009 - - - 175,923 219,817 197,527 - - 278,389 - - - - 257,148 35,834 - - 1,044 - - - - - \$ 3,409,506 \$ 1,741,825 \$ 1,932,267 \$ 3,736,766 SOURCES AND FUND BALANCES: \$ 141,535 \$ - \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 445,848 - 240,728 33,582 278,389 - - -	Component Units Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District	Special Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund Sevenue Fund Personant Sevenue Fund District Sevenue Fund Se	Component Units North West Lebanon Urban Renewal Urban Renewal Urban Renewal District	Second Revenue Fund Pund District Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District Service Fund	Sepecial Revenue Fund Sepecial Revenue Fund Sepecial Revenue Fund District Sepecial Revenue Fund District District District Service Fund Projects Fund Pund P

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total	Fund	Ralances -	Governmental	LFunds
I WIAI		Dalailles -	CTUVCI IIIIICIILA	

\$14,792,656

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 7,240,462
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable and net pension liability, are payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the govern		(46,561,150)
Accrued Compensated Absences are not recorded in the governmental fund	s:	(102,681)
Interest Payable is not recorded in the governmental funds:		(238,561)
not reported in the governmental funds Pension Related Deferrals		4,131,678
Deferred inflows and outflows of pension contributions and earnings are		
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,550,080
Special Assessments	340,294	
Bike Path	3,492	
Property Taxes Court Fines	927,905 278,389	
expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds:	027.005	
Certain receivables that will not be available to pay for current-period		
Net Value of Assets		33,668,440
The accumulated depreciation is -	(60,576,540)	
The cost of the assets is -	\$ 94,244,980	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			scar rear Ende	Component Units				
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District	Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	North Gateway Urban Renewal District	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			A 2.11.206	4 202 522			•	
Property Taxes	\$ 4,440,404	\$ -	\$ 2,544,286	\$ 382,532	\$ 792,700	\$ 1,318,804	\$ -	\$ 9,478,726
Intergovernmental	456,515	965,215	-	-	-	-	-	1,421,730
Franchise Taxes	2,176,001	800	-	-	-	-	-	2,176,801
Transient Room Taxes	-	259,743	-	-	-	-	-	259,743
Fees and Charges	33,106	632,551	-	-	-	-	1,189,253	1,854,910
Fines and Forfeitures	313,630	-	- 	-	-	-	-	313,630
Investment Earnings	52,432	16,782	14,613	8,224	5,121	13,055	70,152	180,379
Grants and Contributions	-	328,038	-	-	-	-	61,569	389,607
Miscellaneous Revenue	289,388	11,022					25,240	325,650
Total Revenues	7,761,476	2,214,151	2,558,899	390,756	797,821	1,331,859	1,346,214	16,401,176
EXPENDITURES:								
Current Operating:								
General Government	1,766,332	825,335	_	_	_	_	_	2,591,667
Public Safety	4,900,586	303	_	_	_	_	6,149	4,907,038
Highways and Streets	-	689,480	_	_	_	_	-	689,480
Culture and Recreation	1,225,530	364,002	_	_	_	_	_	1,589,532
Community Planning	1,453,890	54,385	_	_	_	_	_	1,508,275
Debt Service	139,808		638,641	56,800	213,206	2,401,041	_	3,449,496
Capital Outlay	28,193	577,622	2,734	913,726	-	-	907,225	2,429,500
Total Expenditures	9,514,339	2,511,127	641,375	970,526	213,206	2,401,041	913,374	17,164,988
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(1,752,863)	(296,976)	1,917,524	(579,770)	584,615	(1,069,182)	432,840	(763,812)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Interfund Transfers In	2,909,474	1,777,153	-	-	-	1,033,161	578,630	6,298,418
Interfund Transfers Out	(813,193)	(1,037,977)	(1,076,342)	(99,689)	(384,535)	-	(380,505)	(3,792,241)
Bond Proceeds	-	-	=	4,232,723	-	-	-	4,232,723
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,096,281	739,176	(1,076,342)	4,133,034	(384,535)	1,033,161	198,125	6,738,900
Net Change in Fund Balances	343,418	442,200	841,182	3,553,264	200,080	(36,021)	630,965	5,975,088
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016								
- As Previously Reported	2,304,425	1,296,133	850,357	149,920	(1,644,744)	250,118	7,881,091	11,087,300
Restatement for (Decreases)/Increases for:	/- v ·, ·=v	,,		,	(,~)	,0	.,~~-,~~ *	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
System Development Charges							(2,165,623)	(2,165,623)
Court Receivable - Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,103,023)	(104,109)
	(104 100)							
	(104,109)			-				
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) - As Restated Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	(104,109) 2,200,316 \$ 2,543,734	1,296,133 \$ 1,738,333	850,357 \$ 1,691,539	149,920 \$ 3,703,184	(1,644,744)	250,118 \$ 214,097	5,715,468 \$ 6,346,433	8,817,568 \$ 14,792,656

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outl	ay as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities, the cost of	those assets are allocated over their		
estimated useful lives as depreciati	on expense. Additions to Capital Assets		
includes \$361,008 expended by Sa	maritan Health Services for infrastrucutre.		
Those expenditures are added to lo	ong-term debt as payable to Samaritan		
in accordance with an agreement be	etween the City and Samaritan.		
Exp	enditures for capitalized assets	\$ 2,578,090	
Less	s assets acquired with contributed capital	(361,008)	
Less	s current year depreciation	(1,469,332)	
			747,750
Some revenues will not be collected for	or several months after the City's fiscal		
year end and are therefore not cons	sidered "available" revenues in the		
governmental funds, instead these	funds are shown as deferred revenue.		
However, these funds are recorded	as revenue in the Statement of Activities.		

 Property Taxes
 (36,711)

 Court Fines
 174,280

 Bike Path
 3,492

 Special Assessments
 (30,519)

110,542

\$ 5,975,088

Expense accruals in the governmental funds do not include all accrued interest expense payable.

The change in payables from the prior year to the current year is reconciled here.

The changes in amounts deferred are as follows:

Additions to certain liabilities are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities.

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

Compensated Absences (74,979)
Amortization of Debt Premium 150,395

75,416

Long term debt proceeds are included as revenue in governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term debt balances in the Statement of Net Position

(4,232,723)

Repayment of long-term debt principal amounts are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Retirement of debt principal 1,976,662

Adjustment for pension costs on accrued basis

(432,428)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

4,220,307

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

		Total			
	Water	Enterprise Funds WasteWater	Storm Drain	Proprietary	
ACCEPTE	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS: Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,222,488	\$ 3,054,902	\$ 373,025	\$ 6,650,415	
Accounts Receivable	552,078	679,256	63,778	1,295,112	
Special Assessments Receivable	191,197	293,401	795	485,393	
Prepaid Expenses & Other Assets	1,146	1,146	- -	2,292	
Due From Other Funds	255,254	322,610	53,310	631,174	
Total Current Assets	4,222,163	4,351,315	490,908	9,064,386	
Capital Assets:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,907,045	2,198,111	-	11,105,156	
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	7,705,324	30,676,487	394,210	38,776,021	
Total Capital Assets	16,612,369	32,874,598	394,210	49,881,177	
Total Assets	20,834,532	37,225,913	885,118	58,945,563	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:					
Pension Related Deferrals - Outflows	169,414	111,492		280,906	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	169,414	111,492	-	280,906	
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	249	200	82	531	
Payroll Liabilities	6,228	4,099	-	10,327	
Interest Payable	-	69,945	-	69,945	
Deposit Payable	220,815	-	-	220,815	
Compensated Absences, Current Portion	2,603	2,122	-	4,725	
Long-Term Liabilities, Current Portion	200,000	1,073,283		1,273,283	
Total Current Liabilities	429,895	1,149,649	82	1,579,626	
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences, Less Current Portion	41,710	11,928	-	53,638	
Bond Premium, Net	-	207,584	-	207,584	
Long-Term Liabilities, Less Current Portion	4,750,423	6,649,287	-	11,399,710	
Net Pension Liability	298,623	196,524		495,147	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	5,090,756	7,065,323		12,156,079	
Total Liabilities	5,520,651	8,214,972	82	13,735,705	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:	22.969	15.050		27.010	
Pension Related Deferrals - Inflows Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	22,868	15,050		37,918	
	22,868	15,050		37,918	
NET POSITION: Not Investment in Conital Assets	11 661 046	25 152 029	204 210	27 200 104	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	11,661,946 3,798,481	25,152,028 3,955,355	394,210 490,826	37,208,184 8,244,662	
Total Net Position	\$ 15,460,427	\$ 29,107,383		\$ 45,452,846	
TOTAL INCUT USHIOII	\$ 13,400,427	\$ 49,107,383	\$ 885,036	\$ 43,432,040	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	F	Total			
	Water Fund	WasteWater Fund	Storm Drain Fund	Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for Services	\$ 5,234,642	\$ 5,952,777	\$ 476,284	\$ 11,663,703	
Miscellaneous Revenue	122,147	7,180	984	130,311	
Total Revenues	5,356,789	5,959,957	477,268	11,794,014	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel Services	320,163	258,689	-	578,852	
Materials and Supplies	1,687,417	1,620,923	118,835	3,427,175	
Depreciation	382,620	988,792	5,558	1,376,970	
Total Operating Expenses	2,390,200	2,868,404	124,393	5,382,997	
Operating Income (Loss)	2,966,589	3,091,553	352,875	6,411,017	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment Earnings	71,788	44,088	5,364	121,240	
Interest Expense	(47,450)	(47,450) (316,093)		(363,543)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	24,338	(272,005)	5,364	(242,303)	
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, and Transfers	2,990,927	2,819,548	358,239	6,168,714	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANFERS:					
Interfund Transfers In	263,542	56,447	8,969	328,958	
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,251,171)	(1,321,018)	(262,946)	(2,835,135)	
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	(987,629)	(1,264,571)	(253,977)	(2,506,177)	
Changes in Net Position	2,003,298	1,554,977	104,262	3,662,537	
Net Position - Beginning					
- As Previously Reported	14,091,127	29,342,864	670,695	44,104,686	
Restatement for (Decreases)/Increases for:					
System Development Charges	661,002	661,002 1,394,542 110,079		2,165,623	
Allocation of Long Term Debt	(1,295,000)	00) (3,185,000)		(4,480,000)	
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) - As Restated	13,457,129	27,552,406	780,774	41,790,309	
Ending Net Position	\$ 15,460,427	\$ 29,107,383	\$ 885,036	\$ 45,452,846	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Water Fund Water Fund Water Fund Proprietating Funds CASH Received from User Charges \$ 5.242.08 \$ 6.843.36 4.78,11 11.401.525 Cash Payments for Employee Services (328,072) (262.31) 4.75,12 (509,038) Cash Payments for Employee Services (1,000,52) (1,641,100) (122.45) (3,664,178) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 0.041,279 3.808,38 322,075 (1,416,100) Tarnsfer for Other Funds 263,542 56,447 8,969 328,958 Transfer for Other Funds (263,151) (1,231,018) (262,946) (2,835,135) Transfer for Other Funds (1,081,756) (1,245,717) (233,018) (263,042) (263,043) Transfer for Other Funds (1,081,756) (1,245,717) (233,018) (263,043) (262,049) (283,135) Text Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital 1,081,756 (1,245,042) (2,253,734) (2,600,034) Acquisition of Capital Assets (5,588,675) (846,790) (253,734) (6,689,199)			Enterprise Funds				Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from User Charges \$ 5,242,058 \$ 5,684,336 \$ 475,131 \$ 11,401,525 \$ (262,311) .									
Cash Received from User Charges \$ 5,242,058 \$ 5,684,336 \$ 475,131 \$ 1,401,525 Cash Payments to Suppliers & Service Providers (1,900,532) (26,23,11) - 6,036,363,183 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 3,013,454 3,780,835 352,675 7,146,964 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Deposits & Non-Operating Payables (94,127) - 6 8,669 328,958 Transfer from Other Funds (26,342) 56,447 8,969 328,958 Transfer from Other Funds (1,081,756) (1,264,571) (253,977) (2,600,304) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities (1,081,756) (1,264,571) (253,977) (2,600,304) CASH ELOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Long-Term Debt 3,855,423 - - 3,855,423 - 3,855,423 - 3,855,423 - - 3,855,423 - - - - 1,242,042 - - - - 3,855,423 - - - -	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		1 4114						1 41145
Cash Payments to Suppliers & Service Providers (1,900,532) (1,641,190) (122,456) (3,664,178) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (1,901,532) (3,780,835) 352,675 (7,146,964)		\$	5,242,058	\$	5,684,336	\$	475,131	\$	11,401,525
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 3,013,454 3,780,835 352,675 7,146,964					(262,311)		-		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Deposits & Non-Operating Payables	Cash Payments to Suppliers & Service Providers		(1,900,532)		(1,641,190)		(122,456)		(3,664,178)
Deposits & Non-Operating Payables	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		3,013,454		3,780,835		352,675		7,146,964
Transfer to Other Funds 263,542 56,447 8,969 328,958 Transfer from Other Funds (1,251,171) (1,321,018) 262,946 (2,835,135) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities (1,081,756) (1,264,571) (253,977) (2,600,304) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from Long-Term Debt 3,855,423 3,855,423 (1,242,042) - (253,734) - (4,259,69) - (253,734) - (4,259,69) - (253,734) - (4,259,69) - (253,734) - (253,61) - (253,61) - (253,61) - (253,61) - (253,61) - (253,61) - (253,	CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACT	IVIT	TES:						
Transfer from Other Funds					_		-		(94,127)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	Transfer to Other Funds		263,542		56,447		8,969		328,958
Pinancing Activities	Transfer from Other Funds		(1,251,171)		(1,321,018)		(262,946)		(2,835,135)
Pinancing Activities	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital								
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt 3,855,423 - 3,855,423 Acquisition of Capital Assets (5,588,675) (846,790) (253,734) (6,689,199) Principal Paid on Long Term Debt (200,000) (1,042,042) - (1,242,042) Interest Paid on Long Term Debt (47,450) (302,701) - (350,151)	Financing Activities		(1,081,756)		(1,264,571)		(253,977)		(2,600,304)
Acquisition of Capital Assets (5,588,675) (846,790) (253,734) (6,689,199) Principal Paid on Long Term Debt (200,000) (1,042,042) - (1,242,042) Interest Paid on Long Term Debt (47,450) (302,701) - (350,151) **Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (1,980,702) (2,191,533) (253,734) (4,425,969) **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:** Investment Income ** Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 **Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016 3,199,704 2,686,083 522,697 6,408,484 **Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017 \$3,222,488 \$3,054,902 \$373,025 \$6,650,415 **Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:** Income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:** Depreciation 1 assets and liabilities:** Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 1 ncrease (decrease) in paysoll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 1 ncrease (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (293,401) (795) (485,393) 1 ncrease (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (293,401)	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINAN	CINC	G ACTIVITII	ES:					
Principal Paid on Long Term Debt (200,000) (1,042,042) - (1,242,042) Interest Paid on Long Term Debt (47,450) (302,701) - (350,151)					-		-		3,855,423
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (1,980,702) (2,191,533) (253,734) (4,425,969)	Acquisition of Capital Assets		(5,588,675)		(846,790)		(253,734)		(6,689,199)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	•		(200,000)		(1,042,042)		-		(1,242,042)
Related Financing Activities (1,980,702) (2,191,533) (253,734) (4,425,969) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment Income 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016 3,199,704 2,686,083 522,697 6,408,484 Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017 3,222,488 3,054,902 373,025 6,650,415 Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 2,966,589 3,091,553 352,875 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and inaccounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in deferred rev	Interest Paid on Long Term Debt		(47,450)		(302,701)				(350,151)
Total Provided (Used) by Investing Activities Total Provided (Used) by Operations Total Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Total Provided (Used) by Operating Act	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and								
Investment Income 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016 3,199,704 2,686,083 522,697 6,408,484 Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017 \$ 3,222,488 \$ 3,054,902 \$ 373,025 \$ 6,650,415 Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations	Related Financing Activities		(1,980,702)		(2,191,533)		(253,734)		(4,425,969)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 71,788 44,088 5,364 121,240 Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016 3,199,704 2,686,083 522,697 6,408,484 Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017 \$3,222,488 \$3,054,902 \$373,025 \$6,650,415 Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations \$2,966,589 \$3,091,553 \$352,875 \$6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Incre	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016 3,199,704 2,686,083 522,697 6,408,484 Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017 3,222,488 3,054,902 373,025 6,650,415 Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$2,966,589 \$3,091,553 \$352,875 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$2,966,589 \$3,091,553 \$352,875 \$6,411,017 Change in assets and liabilities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	Investment Income	_	71,788		44,088		5,364		121,240
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations 5 3,222,488 3 3,054,902 3 373,025 6,650,415 Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations \$ 2,966,589 \$ 3,091,553 \$ 352,875 \$ 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 5,558 1,376,970 <t< td=""><td>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities</td><td></td><td>71,788</td><td></td><td>44,088</td><td></td><td>5,364</td><td></td><td>121,240</td></t<>	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		71,788		44,088		5,364		121,240
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 2,966,589 \$ 3,091,553 \$ 352,875 \$ 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 5,558 1,376,970 1,342 92,904 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1, 2016		3,199,704		2,686,083		522,697		6,408,484
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations \$ 2,966,589 \$ 3,091,553 \$ 352,875 \$ 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 5,558 1,376,970 1,342 92,904 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30, 2017	\$	3,222,488	\$	3,054,902	\$	373,025	\$	6,650,415
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations \$ 2,966,589 \$ 3,091,553 \$ 352,875 \$ 6,411,017 Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: 5,558 1,376,970 1,342 92,904 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations						_		
Income (loss) from operations	-								
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)		\$	2,966,589	\$	3,091,553	\$	352,875	\$	6,411,017
Depreciation 382,620 988,792 5,558 1,376,970 Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)									
Change in assets and liabilities: 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 76,466 17,780 (1,342) 92,904 Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	Depreciation		382,620		988,792		5,558		1,376,970
Increase (decrease) in payables (213,115) (20,267) (3,621) (237,003) Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)									
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities 8,782 8,808 - 17,590 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)	` '								
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues (191,197) (293,401) (795) (485,393) Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts (16,691) (12,430) - (29,121)							(3,621)		
Increase (decrease) in pension related accounts $(16,691)$ $(12,430)$ - $(29,121)$							- 		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						(795)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$\\\\\$3,013,454 \\\\\\$3,780,835 \\\\\$352,675 \\\\\\$7,146,964	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_					
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,013,454	\$	3,780,835	\$	352,675	\$	7,146,964

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary Fund

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND (AGENCY FUND)

June 30, 2017

	Agei	Agency Fund		
		Bail		
		Fund		
ASSETS:		_		
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$	1,987		
Total Assets	\$	1,987		
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>				
Current Liabilities				
Bail Payable		1,571		
Due to Other Agencies		416		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,987		

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The City of Lebanon, Oregon (City) is a municipal corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Oregon. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and an elected six member council. Administration officials are appointed by the council and are responsible for the day-to-day operations of the City.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP Statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies of the City:

A. Reporting Entity

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City of Lebanon complies with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, include whether 1) the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name); 2) the City holds the corporate powers of the organization; 3) the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board; 4) the City is able to impose its will on the organization; 5) the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City; and 6) there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City. Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Lebanon has three component units: Northwest Urban Renewal District, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District and North Gateway Urban Renewal District.

Blended Component Units – Northwest Urban Renewal District, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, North Gateway Urban Renewal District - The City has included the financial operations of each Urban Renewal District as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements. Each Agency is a legally separate entity, which is governed by a board comprised of the members of the City Council as stipulated in the Agency's bylaws. The City Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding for the Agency. The Agency is reported as a special revenue fund and a debt service fund. Each component unit issues separate financial statements, which can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program of function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

B. Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the city's funds including those of a fiduciary nature, if applicable. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Governmental Funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Fund – These funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The primary sources of revenue are state highway tax revenues and grants.

Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District – In 1989, the City established the Northwest Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve industrially zoned property within the District boundaries. The area is located west of Highway 20 and north of Highway 34. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District – In 2000, the City established the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for development of infrastructure to serve a blighted area of Lebanon generally located north of Cheadle Lake. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

North Gateway Urban Renewal District – The North Gateway Urban Renewal District was approved in September 2008. The District was established to serve the area where a new medical campus was to be developed. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of debt including principal, interest and other costs. The primary sources of revenue are property taxes and pension charges to City funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the purchase, construction, and major repair of governmental capital assets. The primary sources of revenue are system development charges, donations, and grants.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)</u>:

B. Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water system and billing and collection activities.

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> - The Wastewater Fund is used to account for the provision of wastewater services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the wastewater system and billing and collection activities.

<u>Storm Drain Fund</u> - The Storm Drain Fund is used to account for the provision of water drainage services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water system and billing and collection activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the city receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the city funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the city's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The city considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Property taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Cont.)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the city's Wastewater and Water Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the city's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgeting

A budget is prepared for each city fund in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and legal requirements set forth in the Oregon local budget law. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, contingencies, and debt service by fund are the levels of control. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the above-mentioned expenditure categories. Appropriations lapse at June 30. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget by a supplemental budget and appropriations resolution. A supplemental budget may require hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the city council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by using appropriations transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the city council. The city does not utilize encumbrance accounting for budgeted funds.

E. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any short-term, highly liquid investments with initial maturity dates of three months or less.

The City has adopted an investment policy requiring compliance with Oregon statutes, which authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the State of Oregon, and numerous other investment instruments.

The City's investments may consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government Agency securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The City's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. The LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value of the LGIP is the same as the City's value in the pool shares.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, non-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is included in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF) which was established by the State Treasurer.

In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

F. Accumulated Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested vacation and compensatory pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, compensation not expected to be liquidated with the current resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements and represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. In business-type funds both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded. Sick pay, which does not vest, is recognized in applicable funds when leave is taken.

G. Receivables

Amounts due from individuals, organizations or other governmental units are recorded as receivables at year-end. These amounts include charges for services rendered, or for goods and material provided by the City. All receivables are expected to be collected. Accordingly, receivables are reported at the gross amount without an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Receivables are also recognized for property taxes and intergovernmental grants. Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected taxes levied and payable at the end of the fiscal year. All taxes are considered collectible. Consequently, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. In the governmental fund financial statements, property taxes not collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year are reported as a deferred inflow or resources. (See note 1.H.)

H. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred pension contributions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred earnings on pension assets. In the governmental funds balance sheet, a different category of deferred inflow of resources, delinquent property tax revenue not available, is reported. Property taxes levied and considered receivable at the end of the fiscal year, but not collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year are reported in this category. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period that the amounts become available.

I. <u>Inventory</u>

The costs of proprietary fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets and Liabilities

Certain resources are set aside and restricted for future bond payments and the related liability; these resources are segregated in the statement of net position and are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

K. Long-Term Debt

All bonds and capital leases to be paid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Amounts of the long-term debt due within the following fiscal year are included in the current liabilities section of the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost, or estimated cost when original cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Maintenance and repairs of capital assets that do not significantly extend the useful life of an asset are not capitalized, but rather are charged to expenditures in the funds.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Water and Wastewater Systems	20-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as well as disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

N. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position, which represents the difference between assets and liabilities, and deferred accounts. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantor, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The City did not have any nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2017.
- Restricted: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has restricted funds for public works projects, capital projects and debt service.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purpose that are internally imposed by the government through resolution of the highest level of decision making authority, the City Council, and does not lapse at year-end. The City has committed resources as of June 30, 2017.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to selected staff members or through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories, and negative fund balances of other governmental funds.

The City's policy is to use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of the constrained fund balances.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.):

O. Property Taxes

The assessment date for the tax year is July 1. Personal and real property taxes are a lien on July 1. Total personal property tax becomes due and is delinquent when any installment is not paid by its due date. Real property tax is due and payable on November 15. However, a taxpayer may pay real property taxes in three equal installments, due the 15th day of November, February and May. Real property taxes become delinquent if not paid by May 15.

P. Inter-Fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers in the fund financial statements. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (OPERF) and the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) and additions to/deductions from OPERF's and OPSRP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>:

For discussion of deposit and investment policies and other related information, see Note 1.E.

The City follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized at Note 1.E.

Investments, including amounts held in pool cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market prices, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)</u>:

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash is deposited in compliance with Oregon statutes. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. ORS 295 governs the collateralization of Oregon public funds and provides the statutory requirements for the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's website.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of a depository failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the City's deposits was \$(308,299) and the bank balance was \$1,788,047. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was insured by the FDIC or covered by the collateral held in a multiple financial institutions collateral pool administered by the Oregon State Treasurer. \$175,923 of deposits is cash restricted for debt service.

<u>Investments</u> - Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Governmental Investment Pool. The City has no credit risk policy or investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The City's policy, which adheres to state law, is to limit its investments to the following: issuers within Oregon must be rated "A" (bonds) or A-2/P-2 (commercial paper) or better by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service or any other national recognized statistical rating organization. Issuers not in Oregon must be rated AA/Aa (bonds) or A-1/P-1 (commercial paper) or better.

At June 30, 2017, the City's investments were rated as follows:

	Federal				
Credit Quality	Agency	Municipal	Corporate		
Rating	Obligations	Bonds	Bonds	LGIP	Total
Unrated	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$14,831,351	\$14,831,351
Moody Aaa	1,355,000	-	-	-	1,355,000
Moody Aa1	-	300,000	400,000	-	700,000
Moody Aa2	250,000	235,000	1,550,000	-	2,035,000
Moody Aa3	-	-	2,475,000	-	2,475,000
Moody Aa4	-	250,000	-	-	250,000
Moody A1	-	300,000	-	-	300,000
Moody A2		105,000			105,000
Total Investments	\$1,605,000	\$ 1,190,000	\$4,425,000	\$14,831,351	\$22,051,351

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)</u>:

At June 30, 2017, the City's investments in financial institutions are as follows:

	Percent of Investment		
	Portfolio	Maturities	Fair Value
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	67%	_	\$14,831,351
Federal Agency Obligations	3%	<1 year	555,000
Federal Agency Obligations	5%	1-3 years	1,050,000
Municipal Bonds	1%	<1 year	300,000
Municipal Bonds	4%	1-3 years	890,000
Corporate Bonds	4%	<1 year	950,000
Corporate Bonds	16%	1-3 years	3,475,000
Total Investments			\$22,051,351

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – In accordance with its investments policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting investment maturity. All the investments above, except for the investment in the Local Government Investment Pool which is no evidenced by securities, are held in an independent third-party safekeeping institution in the City of Lebanon's name.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The City's policy for investing in individual issuers varies depending on the type of investments. U.S. Treasury and agency securities do not have restrictions regarding concentration with any one issuer.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u> – This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>:

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Governmental Activities	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Assets not being depreciated:		•		
Land	\$ 2,403,825	\$ 79,942	\$ -	\$ 2,483,767
Construction In Progress	36,938	1,091,626	114,102	1,014,462
Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	18,435,938	270,213	-	18,706,151
Vehicles	2,193,865	114,050	-	2,307,915
Machinery & Equipment	4,104,454	561,788	-	4,666,242
Infrastructure	64,491,866	574,577	· <u> </u>	65,066,443
Total Depreciable Assets	89,226,123	1,520,628	-	90,746,751
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	4,186,349	401,531	-	4,587,880
Vehicles	1,910,330	109,500	-	2,019,830
Machinery & Equipment	2,848,002	219,283	-	3,067,285
Infrastructure	50,162,527	739,018	. <u> </u>	50,901,545
Total Accumulated Depreciation	59,107,208	1,469,332	-	60,576,540
Net Value of Capital Assets Being Depreciated	30,118,915	51,296	<u> </u>	30,170,211
Total Governmental ActivitiesNet Value of Capital Assets	\$ 32,559,678	\$ 131,238	\$ -	\$ 33,668,440
Business-type Activities	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Assets not being depreciated:				*
Land	\$ 1,278,826	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,278,826
Construction In Progress	3,829,302	5,997,028	-	9,826,330
Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,424,953	-	-	8,424,953
Vehicles	1,044,625	- 20 <14	-	1,044,625
Machinery & Equipment	6,853,473	20,614	-	6,874,087
Infrastructure Water/Sewer Assets	1,538,272 40,576,679	270,434 401,123	-	1,808,706 40,977,802
		•	·	
Total Depreciable Assets	58,438,002	692,171	-	59,130,173
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1 20 1 02 7	110.205		4.500.040
Buildings	4,384,035	118,305	-	4,502,340
Vehicles	967,580	13,413	-	980,993
Machinery & Equipment Infrastructure	3,048,734	263,717	-	3,312,451
Water/Sewer Assets	119,475 10,457,357	175,576 805,959	-	295,051 11,263,316
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,977,181	1,376,970	· — -	20,354,151
Net Value of Capital Assets Being Depreciated	39,460,821	(684,799)	_	38,776,022
Total Business-type ActivitiesNet Value of Capital Assets	\$ 44,568,949	\$ 5,312,229	\$ -	\$ 49,881,178
Total Net Value of Capital Assets of Primary Government	\$ 77,128,627	\$ 5,443,467	\$ -	\$ 83,549,618
Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the prima				
Governmental Activities:	i j government as	Business-Typ	e Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,469,332	Бизнісэз-тур	Water	\$ 382,620
Conordi Go veniment	4 1,107,332		Sewer	988,792
			Storm Drain	5,558
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,469,332			\$ 1,376,970

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. **LONG-TERM DEBT**:

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The table below presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue.

			utstanding Balance		w Issues d Interest		ncipal and Interest		utstanding Balance	Dı	ue within
		Jı	uly 1, 2016	N	Matured	Retired		June 30, 2017		One Year	
GOVERNM	MENTAL AC	TIV	TTIES:								
			•		Northwest	Urbar	n Renewal D	istrict	. Original balar	nce \$3	3,611,222.
Interest rate	of 4.0 - 4.375	%.]	Loan # B050	003							
	Principal Interest	\$	2,772,605	\$	118,720	\$	126,331 118,720	\$	2,646,274	\$	132,184 113,667
	Totals	\$	2,772,605	\$	118,720	\$	245,051	\$	2,646,274	\$	245,851
	2 - 3.5% Le l	bano	nUR10		New York				iginal Balance		
	Principal Interest	\$	1,450,000	\$	48,590	\$	345,000 48,590	\$	1,105,000	\$	355,000 36,515
	Totals	\$	1,450,000	\$	48,590	\$	393,590	\$	1,105,000	\$	391,515
N GATEW	AY URD - No	ote P	ayable with S	Samarit	tan Health S	ervice	es Original B	alance	s \$2,283,572 In	terest	rate 6%
	Principal Interest	\$	1,625,589	\$	361,011 80,156	\$	133,050 80,156	\$	1,853,550	\$	142,581 78,776
	Totals	\$	1,625,589	\$	441,167	\$	213,206	\$	1,853,550	\$	221,357
2002 PENS	SION OBLIG	ATI	ON BONDS	S held '	Wells Fargo.	Origi	nal balance	\$2,081	,188 Interest ra	ate of	2-7.36%
	Principal Interest	\$	1,546,441	\$	163,583	\$	33,687 163,583	\$	1,512,754	\$	32,872 97,270
	Totals	\$	1,546,441	\$	163,583	\$	197,270	\$	1,512,754	\$	130,142
GO Bond Ge 5% LEBGO	•	on Bo	ond held by B	ank No	ew York Me	llon. (Original Bala	nce \$	8,640,000 Inter	est Ra	ate of 4-
	Pricipal Interest	\$	1,545,000	\$	64,800	\$	830,000 64,800	\$	715,000	\$	340,000 28,600
	Totals	\$	1,545,000	\$	64,800	\$	894,800	\$	715,000	\$	368,600

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.):

	Outstanding Balance July 1, 2016	New Issues and Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL	L ACTIVITIES(CO	<u>NT.):</u>			
Promissory Note with Public Works Fund L			3alance \$1,779,833	3 Interest rate 3.0 - 5	5.25% Special
Principal Interest	\$ 1,317,111 -	\$ - 61,211	\$ 78,597 61,211	\$ 1,238,514	\$ 79,141 58,067
Totals	\$ 1,317,111	\$ 61,211	\$ 139,808	\$ 1,238,514	\$ 137,208
Full Faith and Credit I 2 - 5% LebanonFF Principal	C2013 (NW URD)	ew York Mellon / Z	Zion Bank Origin \$ 430,000	al Balance \$11,885,0 \$ 10,175,000	000 Interest rate \$ 455,000
Interest		410,550	410,550		397,650
Totals	\$ 10,605,000	\$ 410,550	\$ 840,550	\$ 10,175,000	\$ 852,650
Full Faith and Credit I LebanonFFC2015	Bond with Key Bank	/ Zion Bank Origi	nal Balance \$12,8	00,000 Interest rate	1.65-5%
Principal Interest	\$ 12,565,000	\$ - 468,424	\$ - 468,424	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 605,000 468,424
Totals	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 468,424	\$ 468,424	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 1,073,424
CHEADLE LAKE 05/18/2017	URD - Loan with Op	ous Bank Original b	alance \$4,232,723	Interest rate of 2.88	3% dated
Principal Interest	\$ - -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ - -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ 225,541 126,304
Totals	\$ -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ 351,846
TOTAL GOVERN	MENTAL ACTIVI	ΓIES DEBT AGR	EEMENTS:		
Principal Interest	\$ 33,426,746	\$ 4,593,734 1,416,034	\$ 1,976,665 1,416,034	\$ 36,043,815	\$ 2,367,319 1,405,274
Totals	\$ 33,426,746	\$ 6,009,768	\$ 3,392,699	\$ 36,043,815	\$ 3,772,593

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. **LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.)**:

BUSINESS-TYPE AC	J	Outstanding Balance uly 1, 2016 ITIES:	and	w Issues I Interest Matured		ncipal and Interest Retired		utstanding Balance ne 30, 2017		ue within one Year
Full Faith and Credit Bo			ew Yo	rk Mellon / Z	Zion E	Bank Origir	nal Bal	ance \$1,685,00	00 Inte	erest rate
2 -4% LebanonFFC20 Principal) 13 \$	1,295,000	\$	_	\$	200,000	\$	1,095,000	\$	200,000
Interest	Ψ 	-	Ψ	47,450	Ψ 	47,450	Ψ	-	Ψ	41,450
Totals	\$	1,295,000	\$	47,450	\$	247,450	\$	1,095,000	\$	241,450
Full Faith and Credit Bot 2 -4% LebanonFFC20				rk Mellon / Z	Zion I	Bank Origir	nal Bal	ance \$1,695,00	00 Inte	erest rate
Principal Interest	\$	1,005,000	\$	37,800	\$	240,000 37,800	\$	765,000	\$	245,000 30,600
Totals	\$	1,005,000	\$	37,800	\$	277,800	\$	765,000	\$	275,600
Full Faith and Credit Bor LebanonFFC2015 (Wa		•	/ Zion	Bank Orig	inal B	alance \$2,38	35,000	Interest rate 1	.65-59	%
Principal Interest	\$	2,180,000	\$	60,800	\$	345,000 60,800	\$	1,835,000	\$	350,000 53,900
Totals	\$	2,180,000	\$	60,800	\$	405,800	\$	1,835,000	\$	403,900
Note payable to Departr \$900,000. Interest rate 2				•	or wa	stewater im	prover	ment projects.	Origin	al balance
Principal Interest	\$	654,612	\$	22,043	\$	42,042 22,043	\$	612,570	\$	43,283 20,588
Totals	\$	654,612	\$	22,043	\$	64,085	\$	612,570	\$	63,871
Revenue Bonds held by balance \$7,010,000. Inte									systen	n. Original
Principal	\$	4,925,000	\$	_	\$	415,000	\$	4,510,000	\$	435,000
Interest		-		195,450		195,450		-		178,850
Totals	\$	4,925,000	\$	195,450	\$	610,450	\$	4,510,000	\$	613,850

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. **LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.)**:

Dutstanding Balance July 1, 2016 Matured Matured Interest Retired Dutstanding Balance July 1, 2016 Matured Natured Natured Dutstanding Balance July 1, 2017 One Year		•							
Balance July 1, 2016 Matured Interest Retired Balance June 30, 2017 One Year		Outstanding	New	Issues	Principal and	C	Outstanding		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONT.): Loan with Business Oregon (IFA) for financing of the Special Public Works Fund Development Project. Original Balance \$11,000,000 Interst rate 3.510% L16003 Principal \$ - \$ 727,005 \$ - \$ 727,005 \$ - Interest		Balance	and I	nterest	•		•	D	ue within
Loan with Business Oregon (IFA) for financing of the Special Public Works Fund Development Project. Original Balance \$11,000,000 Interst rate 3.510% L16003 Principal		July 1, 2016	Ma	tured	Retired	Ju	ne 30, 2017	C	ne Year
Balance \$11,000,000 Interst rate 3.510% L16003 Principal \$ - \$727,005 \$ - \$727,005 \$ - Interest	BUSINESS-TYPE ACT	IVITIES (CON	<u>T.):</u>						
Principal Interest - \$ 727,005 \$ - \$ 727,005 \$ -	Loan with Business Orego	on (IFA) for finar	cing of the	e Special Pu	ublic Works Fun	d Dev	elopment Proje	ect. C	Original
Interest	Balance \$11,000,000 Inter	st rate 3.510% I	16003						
Loan with Business Oregon (IFA) for financing of the Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund Original Balance \$13,000,000 Interst rate 1.0% \$16004 Principal \$ - \$ 3,128,418 \$ - \$ 3,128,418 \$ - Interest	•	\$ - -	\$	727,005	\$ - -	\$	727,005	\$	
\$13,000,000 Interst rate 1.0% \$16004 Principal \$ - \$ 3,128,418 \$ - \$ 3,128,418 \$ - Interest	Totals	\$ -	\$	727,005	\$ -	\$	727,005	\$	_
Interest -<	\$13,000,000 Interst rate 1.	0% S16004	C		C				Balance
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 10,059,612 \$ 3,855,423 \$ 1,242,042 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,273,283 Interest - \$ 363,543 - 325,388 Totals \$ 10,059,612 \$ 4,218,966 \$ 1,605,585 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,598,671 TOTAL DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	*	φ - -	ъ э, 	120,410	φ - 	.	5,126,416	ф 	
Principal Interest \$ 10,059,612 \$ 3,855,423 \$ 1,242,042 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,273,283 Totals \$ 10,059,612 \$ 4,218,966 \$ 1,605,585 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,598,671 TOTAL DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	Totals	\$ -	\$ 3,	128,418	\$ -	\$	3,128,418	\$	-
Interest - \$ 363,543 363,543 - 325,388 Totals \$ 10,059,612 \$ 4,218,966 \$ 1,605,585 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,598,671 TOTAL DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	TOTAL BUSINESS-TY	PE ACTIVITII	ES DEBT	AGREEM	IENTS:				
Totals \$ 10,059,612 \$ 4,218,966 \$ 1,605,585 \$ 12,672,993 \$ 1,598,671 TOTAL DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	Principal	\$ 10,059,612	\$ 3,	855,423	\$ 1,242,042	\$	12,672,993	\$	1,273,283
TOTAL DEBT AGREEMENTS: Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	Interest		\$	363,543	363,543		-		325,388
Principal \$ 43,486,358 \$ 8,449,157 \$ 3,218,707 \$ 48,716,808 \$ 3,640,602 Interest - 1,779,577 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	Totals	\$ 10,059,612	\$ 4,	218,966	\$ 1,605,585	\$	12,672,993	\$	1,598,671
Interest - 1,779,577 - 1,779,577 - 1,730,662	TOTAL DEBT AGREE	EMENTS:							
	Principal	\$ 43,486,358	\$ 8,	449,157	\$ 3,218,707	\$	48,716,808	\$	3,640,602
Totals \$\\\\\$ 43,486,358 \\ \\$ 10,228,734 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Interest		1,	779,577_	1,779,577				1,730,662
	Totals	\$ 43,486,358	\$ 10,	228,734	\$ 4,998,284	\$	48,716,808	\$	5,371,264

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. **LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.)**:

The debt service requirements on the above debt is as follows:

	Due Fiscal Year					
	Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	 Total
Governmental Activities:						
	2018	\$	2,367,319	\$	990,750	\$ 3,358,069
	2019		2,510,032		915,534	3,425,566
	2020		2,641,804		839,207	3,481,011
	2021		2,858,841		769,481	3,628,322
	2022		3,012,739		684,494	3,697,233
	2023-2027	17	,844,838.33	3	,411,602.81	21,256,441
	2028-2032		4,808,241		404,123	5,212,364
	Total	\$	36,043,815	\$	8,015,192	\$ 44,059,007
Business-Type Activities:						
Sewer Funds Bonds and Notes Payable						
	2018	\$	1,273,283	\$	325,388	\$ 1,598,671
	2019		1,314,560		281,692	1,596,252
	2020		1,355,875		235,426	1,591,301
	2021		882,229		184,164	1,066,393
	2022		918,623		148,343	1,066,966
	2023-2027		1,645,507		458,461	2,103,968
	2028-2032		1,427,493		129,991	 1,557,484
	Total	\$	8,817,570	\$	1,763,464	\$ 10,581,034

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. <u>PENSION PLAN</u>:

A. Name of Pension Plan

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

B. Description of Benefit Terms

Plan Benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238). Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2017 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

2. OPSRP Defined Benefit Pension Program (OPSRP DB). The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2017 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. IAP Plan Description:

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

C. Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made lump sum payments to establish side accounts, and their rates have been reduced.

Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$1,031,546 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

D. Pension Plan CAFR

Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx

E. Actuarial Valuations

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Experience Study	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation rate	2.50 percent (reduced from 2.75%)
Long-term expected rate of return	7.50 percent (reduced from 7.75%)
Discount rate	7.50 percent (reduced from 7.75%)
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent (reduced from 3.75%)
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision;
	blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA, with
	collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the
	valuation.
	Active members:
	Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree
	rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95%
	for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational
	per Scale BB, disabled mortality table.
1 At its September 25, 2015 meeting, t	the PERS Board reduced the assumed rate of return on
investments from 7.75 percent to 7.50	percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Assumed Asset Allocation

C Po		Range	Allocation	A seat Class/Strategr	4 11
.0%			THECHION	Asset Class/Strategy	Allocation
	-	3.0%	0.0%	Cash	3.9%
.0%	-	25.0%	20.0%	Debt Securities	20.7%
.5%	-	42.5%	37.5%	Public Equity	37.9%
.5%	-	15.5%	12.5%	Real estate	12.0%
.5%	-	21.5%	17.5%	Private Equity	19.5%
.0%	-	12.5%	12.5%	Alternative Equity	4.1%
.0%	-	3.0%	0.0%	Opportunity Portfolio	1.9%
			100%	Total	100%
	.5% 5% .5% 0%	.5% - .5% - .5% -	.5% - 42.5% 5% - 15.5% .5% - 21.5% 0% - 12.5%	.5% - 42.5% 37.5% 5% - 15.5% 12.5% .5% - 21.5% 17.5% 0% - 12.5% 12.5% 0% - 3.0% 0.0%	.5% - 42.5% 37.5% Public Equity 5% - 15.5% 12.5% Real estate .5% - 21.5% 17.5% Private Equity 0% - 12.5% 12.5% Alternative Equity 0% - 3.0% 0.0% Opportunity Portfolio

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below.

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation*	Mean	Return	Deviation
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.10%	4.00%	4.68%
Short-Term B onds	8.00%	3.65%	3.61%	2.74%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.69%	5.42%	7.82%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.67%	6.20%	10.28%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	7.96%	6.70%	17.07%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	8.93%	6.99%	21.35%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	9.37%	7.01%	23.72%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	8.34%	6.73%	19.40%
Emerging Foreign Equities	4.13%	10.56%	7.25%	28.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	9.01%	7.22%	20.55%
Private Equity	17.50%	11.60%	7.97%	30.00%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	6.48%	5.84%	12.00%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	8.74%	6.69%	22.02%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.94%	4.64%	8.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	7.07%	6.72%	8.90%
Timber	1.88%	6.60%	5.85%	13.00%
Farmland	1.88%	7.11%	6.37%	13.00%
Infrastructure	3.75%	8.31%	7.13%	16.50%
Commodities	1.88%	6.07%	4.58%	18.40%
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50%	1.85%

^{*} Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, revised as of December 3, 2014. The revised allocation was adopted at the June 3, 2015 OIC meeting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

G. Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the dis-count rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
	6.50% 7.50%					8.50%
Employer's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	14,393,870	\$	8,914,453	\$	4,334,620

H. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

PERS' financial statements are prepared on the basis of a fiscal year ended June 30. The Oregon State Treasurer has statutory responsibility for custody and investment of PERS assets. As a result of this fiduciary responsibility, PERS is included as part of the primary government in the State of Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements and generally accepted accounting principles that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting is used. Revenues are recognized when earned. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory and Board requirements. Expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefits are recognized when currently due and payable. Withdrawals are recognized in the month they are due and payable.

Investments

Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 293.706 established the Oregon Investment Council (OIC), which consists of five voting members. Four members of the council, who are qualified by training and experience in the field of investment or finance, are appointed by the governor subject to state Senate confirmation. The state treasurer serves as the council's remaining voting member. In addition, the director of the Public Employees Retirement System serves as a non-voting OIC member.

OIC ensures moneys in the investment funds are invested and reinvested to achieve the investment objective of making the moneys as productive as possible. Furthermore, the investments of those funds are managed as a prudent investor would do under the prevailing circumstances and in light of the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and laws governing each investment fund. This standard requires the exercise of reasonable care, skill, and caution and is applied to investments not in isolation, but in the context of each fund's portfolio as part of an overall investment strategy. The strategy should incorporate risk and return objectives reasonably suitable to the particular investment fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

When implementing investment decisions, OIC has a duty to diversify the investments of the investment funds unless, under the circumstances, it is not prudent to do so. In addition, OIC must act with prudence when selecting agents and delegating authority.

Investments are recognized at fair value, the amount at which financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair value of publicly traded debt and equity securities in active markets is determined by the custodian's pricing agent using nationally recognized pricing services. The custodian's pricing agent values equity securities traded on a national or international exchange at the last reported sales price, and generally values debt securities by using evaluated bid prices. For securities that do not have an active market, such as private placements or commingled investment vehicles, a market price is calculated by either the custodian's pricing agent or the investment manager. For example, a similar benchmark security may be used to derive the fair value. The benchmark will typically have a coupon rate and maturity date comparable to the debt security being valued, and its market risk will be similar, considering current market conditions. The fair value of real estate investment trust (REIT) securities is determined by the custodian's pricing agent using recognized pricing services.

Investments in private equities are recorded at fair value, as of June 30, 2015, as determined by management based on valuation information provided by the general partner. Investments in private equities representing publicly traded securities are stated at quoted market price. Where observable market inputs are not available, valuation models are applied. The general partner determines fair value based on the best information available and by reference to information including, but not limited to, the following: projected sales, net earnings, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, balance sheets, public and private transactions, valuations for publicly traded comparable companies, and/or other measures, and consideration of any other pertinent information including the types of securities held and the general partner's own assumptions regarding the investment. The methods used to determine the fair value of these investments typically include: (1) the market approach (whereby fair value is derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or assets) and (2) the income approach (e.g., the discounted cash flow method).

Investments in real estate, with the exception of publicly traded REITS, for which observable market prices in active markets do not exist, are reported at fair value as of June 30, 2014, as determined by management based on valuation information provided in good faith by the general partner. Direct investments in real estate are appraised every two to three years, and between appraisals, investment managers adjust values to reflect current and projected operating performance and financial transactions. In the absence of observable market prices, general partners determine the fair value of real estate partnerships using valuation methods considered most appropriate. A variety of factors are considered, including the nature of the investment, local market conditions, trading values on public exchanges for comparable investments, current and projected operating performance, and financing transactions subsequent to the acquisition of the investment.

Investments in the opportunity and alternatives portfolios are recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2015 by the respective general partner or account manager. Investments in the opportunity and alternatives portfolios representing publicly traded securities are stated at quoted market price. Where observable market inputs are not available, valuation models are applied. The general partner or account manager determines fair value based on the best information available and by reference to information including, but not limited to, the following: projected sales, net earnings, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, balance sheets, public and private transactions, valuations for publicly traded comparable companies, and/or other measures, and consideration of any other pertinent information including the types of securities held and the general partner's own assumptions regarding the investment. The methods used to determine the fair value of these investments typically include: (1) the market approach (whereby fair value is derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or assets); (2) the income approach (e.g. the discounted cash flow method).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Due to the inherent uncertainty and the degree of judgment involved in determining private equity, opportunity, alternatives, and real estate portfolio investment valuations, the fair values reflected in the accompanying financial statements may differ significantly from values that would have been used had a readily determinable market value for the investments existed and the difference could be material. In addition, these investments are generally considered to be illiquid long-term investments, and the recorded fair values may materially differ from the amounts that eventually may be realized from the sale or other disposition of these investments.

OIC has approved the following asset classes for the PERF: Short-Term Investing, Fixed Income, Real Estate, Public and Private Equities, and Alternative Investments. In addition, PERF invests in the Opportunity Portfolio which may be populated with investment approaches across a wide range of investment opportunities with no limitation as to asset classes or strategies. OIC must approve, in advance, the purchase of investments in a new asset class not described above.

As of June 30, 2015, PERS did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent of more of PERS' fiduciary net position.

I. Changes in Assumptions

A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2014 valuation are described briefly below. Additional detail and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2014 Experience Study for the System, which was published on September 23, 2015, and can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/docs/2014 experience study 9-23-15.pdf

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Allocation Procedures

There were no changes to actuarial methods and procedures since the December 31, 2014 valuation.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

There were no changes to economic assumptions since the December 31, 2014 valuation.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

There were no changes to economic assumptions since the December 31, 2014 valuation.

Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

Benefit Terms: The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

Assumptions: The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The changes include the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Mortality Rates

A summary of the current assumed mortality rates and recommended changes is shown below:

		Recommended December 31, 2014 and
Assumption	December 31, 2013 Valuation	2015 Valuations
Healthy Annuitant Mortality RP2000 Generational with Scal		RP2000 Generational with Scale BB,
	Combined Active/Healthy Annuitant,	Combined Active/Healthy Annuitant,
	Sex Distinct	Sex Distinct
School District male	No collar, set back 24 months	No change to collar adjustment or set
		back
Other General Service male (and male	Blended 25% blue collar/75% white	No change to collar adjustment or set
beneficiary)	collar, set back 12 months	back
Police & Fire male	Blended 25% blue collar/75% white	No change to collar adjustment or set
	collar, set back 12 months	back
School District female	White collar, set back 24 months	No collar, set back 24 months
Other female (and female beneficiary)	White collar, no setback	Blended 25% blue collar/75% white
		collar, no setback
Disabled Retiree Mortality	RP 2000 Static, Disabled, No Collar,	RP 2000 Generational with Scale BB,
·	Sex distinct	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct
Disabled Retiree Mortality Male	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than
·	Sex distinct	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct
·	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than
Male	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates
Male	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than
Male Female	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates
Male Female	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates Fixed Percentage of Healthy Annuitant	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates
Male Female Non-Annuitant Mortality	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates Fixed Percentage of Healthy Annuitant Mortality	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates No change
Male Female Non-Annuitant Mortality School District male	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates Fixed Percentage of Healthy Annuitant Mortality 70%	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates No change 60%
Male Female Non-Annuitant Mortality School District male Other General Service male	Sex distinct 65% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 90% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates Fixed Percentage of Healthy Annuitant Mortality 70% 85%	Disabled, No Collar, Sex distinct 70% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates 95% of Disabled table, but not less than corresponding healthy annuitant rates No change 60% 75%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

Deferred Items

Deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2015, employers will report the following deferred items:

- A difference between expected and actual experience, which is being amortized over 5.4 years, the remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees. One year of this amortization is included in the employer's total pension expense for the measurement period.
- Changes is employer proportion since the prior measurement date, which is being amortized over 5.4 years, the remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees. One year of this amortization is included in the employer's total pension expense for the measurement period.
- A Net difference between projected and actual earnings which is being amortized over a closed five year period. One year's amortization is being recognized in the employer's total pension expense for the measurement period.

I. Employer Contributions

PERS includes accrued contributions when due pursuant to legal requirements, as of June 30 in its Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These are normally included in the employer statements cut off as of the fifth of the following month. PERS does not try to accrue contributions based on paydate.

Beginning with fiscal year 2016, PERS will be able to report cash contributions and UAL side account amortization by employer, and will publish this information on the PERS Website. Prior to fiscal year 2016, contributions to the OPSRP Defined Benefit plan were not accounted for by employer, as all employers were pooled for actuarial purposes.

J. Elements of Changes in Net Position

This information can be found in the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability found on page 69, of the June 30, 2016 PERS CAFR.

Pension Liabilities/(Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the employer reported a liability of \$8,914,453 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the employer's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. PENSION PLAN (Cont.):

At June 30, 2016, the employer's proportion was 0.05938091 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,442,949. At June 30, 2017, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 294,929	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	1,901,239	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
investements	1,761,122	
Changes in proportionate share	49,693	473,969
Differences between employer contributions and		
employer's proportionate share of system contributions	18,803	208,698
Total Deferred Outflows/Inflows	\$ 4,025,786	\$ 682,667
Post-measurement date contributions	1,031,546	N/A
Total Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources	\$ 5,057,332	\$ 682,667
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources		
prior to post-measurement date contributions		3,343,119

\$1,031,546 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense/(income) as follows:

Employer subsequent	Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources (prior				
fiscal years	to post-measurement date contributions)				
1st Fiscal Year	\$ 557,780				
2nd Fiscal Year	557,780				
3rd Fiscal Year	1,210,127				
4th Fiscal Year	905,880				
5th Fiscal Year	111,552				
Thereafter	<u>-</u> _				
Total	\$ 3,343,119				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB):

Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems' (PERS) Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems' (PERS) Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board (OPERB). The plan, which was established under Oregon Revised Statutes 238.420, provides a payment of up to \$60 per month towards the costs of health insurance for eligible PERS retirees. RHIA post-employment benefits are set by state statute. The plan was closed to new entrants hired on or after August 29, 2003.

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

A comprehensive annual financial report of the funds administered by the OPERB may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, by calling (503) 598-7377, or by accessing the PERS web site at http://oregon.gov/PERS/.

Funding Policy

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute at a rate assessed bi-annually by the OPERB, currently 0.53% of annual covered PERS payroll and 0.45% for OPSRP payroll. The OPERB sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Contributions

The City's contributions to PERS' RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$28,211, \$16,576, and \$12,747 respectively, which equaled the required contributions for the year.

Retiree Healthcare Insurance Premiums

Plan Description

The City does not have a formal post-employment benefits plan for any employee groups. However, the City is required by Oregon Revised Statutes 243.303 to provide retirees with group health insurance form the date of retirement to age 65 at the same rate provided to current employees. Although the City does not pay any portion of the retiree's healthcare insurance, a retired employee receives the implicit benefit of a lower healthcare premium which is subsidized amount the premium cost of coverage for active employee. GASB Statement 45 is applicable to the City due only to this implicit rate subsidy. This "plan" is not a stand-alone plan, and therefore, does not issue its own financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Cont.):

Funding Policy

Although the City does not currently have any retirees participating in their health insurance plan, it will, when applicable, collect insurance premiums from all retirees each month and deposit them. The City will then pay healthcare insurance premiums for all retirees at the applicable rate for each family classification. Since the existing coverage is through a multiple-employee plan, given the City's small size in relation to the other employers, the City's rate is not affected by the age of its participants in the Plan. Therefore, there is no implicit benefit considered by management to be earned by current employees. As a result, the City does not report a liability for any potential accrued liability under GASB Statement 45.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to review and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The City of Lebanon has elected the "reimbursement" basis for unemployment claims to the State of Oregon Department of Human Resources Employment Division. If a terminated employee collects unemployment compensation based upon earnings from the City, the City will be required to reimburse the State of Oregon for the amount of unemployment compensation paid. Amounts billed by the State of Oregon are charged to expenditures, but amounts for which the City is potentially liable as a result of claims not yet filed are unknown.

8. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of City-County Insurance Services (CIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS for insurance coverage.

Based on the experience of the City and pool, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior years and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

9. **COMMITTMENT**:

The City has entered into an agreement with Samaritan Health Services under which the City will repay amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services to improve or add infrastructure within the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The total costs allowed to be repaid under the agreement are \$5,105,900. Improvements must be in place no later than 2029. Amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services are added to an existing loan agreement as described in Note 4. As of June 30, 2017, 1,853,550 had been invested under the agreement.

10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In		
General Fund	\$ 813,193	\$ 2,909,474		
Special Revenue Fund	1,037,977	1,777,153		
Capital Projects Fund	380,505	578,630		
Debt Service Fund	-	1,033,161		
Lebanon Urban Renewal District	1,076,342	-		
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	99,689	-		
North Gateway Urban Renewal District	384,535	-		
Water Fund	1,251,171	263,542		
Sewer Fund	1,321,018	56,447		
Storm Drain Fund	262,946	8,969		
Total	\$ 6,627,376	\$ 6,627,376		

These transfers occur on a routine basis and are used by the recipient funds for the normal operations of the funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

11. OVER-EXPENDITURE OF APPROPRIATIONS:

Expenditures in excess of appropriation in individual funds for the year ended June 30, 2017 occurred as follows:

Fund / Category	Appropriation	Expenditure	Variance		
Special Revenue Fund / Transfers	\$ 975,977	\$ 1,037,977	\$ 62,000		
Capital Projects Fund / Transfers	265,605	380,505	114,900		
Wastewater Fund / Transfers	1,745,482	2,004,618	259,136		
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	51,068	56,800	5,732		
General Fund/ Municipal Court	269,925	270,078	153		

12. PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENTS:

City of Lebanon received reduced revenue from property taxes as a result of a tax abatements program - Enterprise Zones agreements. These tax abatement agreements are negotiated with Linn County, Oregon under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 285C.175 regarding Enterprise Zones.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, information regarding the property tax abatements from the program is as follows:

District Name	Purpose	Assessed Value of Excluded Properties	Rate per Thousand Dollars of Assessed Value	Reduced Property Taxes		
City of Lebanon	Enterprise Zone	\$ 48,534,570	4.09830	\$	198,909	
City of Lebanon Bond	Enterprise Zone	48,534,570	1.20820		58,639	
Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District	Enterprise Zone	48,534,570	2.38200		115,609	
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	Enterprise Zone	48,534,570	0.03601		1,748	
North Gateway Urban Renewal District	Enterprise Zone	48,534,570	0.07541		3,660	
Total Tax Abatements				\$	378,565	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

13. RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION:

The beginning net positions and fund balances as of July 1, 2016, were restated to reflect a 2015-16 decrease in Systems Development Charges resources collected, recorded, and accounted for incorrectly in the City's Governmental Funds and Activities during previous fiscal years in the accumulated amount of \$2,165,623, rather than being properly included and reflected in the Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities resulting in a Prior Period Adjustment at July 1, 2016. There was a restatement also included for the allocation of long term debt that was previously reported in City's Governmental Funds and Activities during previous fiscal years and should have been reported in the Proprietary Funds and Business-type Activities. The court receivables – net was also adjusted in the prior year to correct the amount being reported for receivables, the allowance for doubtful accounts and the unearned revenue – court fines. The restatement amounts are as follows:

	Gov	ermnmental	Βι	ısiness-Type	
		Activities		Activities	 Total
Net Position Beginning of the Year, at July 1, 2016 (as previously reported)	\$	2,056,704	\$	44,104,686	\$ 46,161,390
Restatement for (decrease)/increase for:					
Systems Development Charges		(2,165,623)		2,165,623	-
Court Receivable - Net		(1,350,927)		-	(1,350,927)
Allocation of Long Term Debt		4,480,000		(4,480,000)	
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of the Year, at July 1, 2016 (as restated)	\$	3,020,154	\$	41,790,309	\$ 44,810,463

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As of February 1, 2018, there were no such occurrences noted whose disclosure would render the current fiscal year's financial statements to be misleading.

15. **FUND BALANCE:**

The North Gateway Urban Renewal District ended the fiscal year with a deficit ending fund balance of \$ (1,444,664).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES: Property Taxes	Budgeted Original \$ 4,325,000	Amounts Final \$ 4,325,000	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Intergovernmental	409,000	409,000	456,515	47,515
Franchise Taxes	2,140,695	2,140,695	2,176,001	35,306
Fees and Charges	34,200	34,200	33,106	(1,094)
Fines and Forfeitures	450,000	450,000	313,630	(136,370)
Investment Earnings	14,000	14,000	52,432	38,432
Miscellaneous Revenue	91,000	118,300	289,386	171,086
Total Revenues	7,463,895	7,491,195	7,761,474	270,279
EXPENDITURES:				,
Current				
Administration & Economic Dev.	378,024	390,224	336,898	(53,326)
City Attorney	179,050	185,050	171,075	(13,975)
Engineering	1,234,611	1,238,546	1,173,684	(64,862)
Finance	600,362	600,362	548,345	(52,017)
Human Resources	125,001	125,001	122,054	(2,947)
Legislative	210,875	210,875	196,182	(14,693)
Library	539,837	540,555	525,181	(15,374)
Municipal Court	253,925	269,925	270,078	153
Parks	525,890	525,890	471,108	(54,782)
Planning	303,224	303,224	280,206	(23,018)
Police	4,915,284	4,917,384	4,630,508	(286,876)
Senior and Disabled Services	231,204	231,204	229,241	(1,963)
Non-Departmental	422,215	422,215	391,777	(30,438)
Debt Service	139,809	139,809	139,808	(1)
Capital Outlay	28,800	33,800	28,193	(5,607)
Contingency	1,120,009	1,101,356		(1,101,356)
Total Expenditures	11,208,120	11,235,420	9,514,338	(1,721,082)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(3,744,225)	(3,744,225)	(1,752,864)	1,991,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Interfund Transfers In	2,941,237	2,941,237	2,909,474	(31,763)
Interfund Transfers Out	(813,192)	(813,192)	(813,192)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,128,045	2,128,045	2,096,282	(31,763)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,616,180)	(1,616,180)	343,418	1,959,598
Beginning Fund Balance				
- As Previously Reported	1,616,180	1,616,180	2,304,425	688,245
Restatement for (Decreases)/Increases for:				
Court Receivable - Net	-	-	(104,109)	(104,109)
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) - As Restated	1,616,180	1,616,180	2,200,316	584,136
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,543,734	\$ 2,543,734

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)		Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)		
		Original		ГШаі	(2	see Note 1)		(Olider)
REVENUES:								
Fees and Charges	\$	394,200	\$	394,200	\$	632,551	\$	238,351
Franchise Taxes		1,200		1,200		800		(400)
Transient Room Taxes		205,220		205,220		259,743		54,523
Grants and Contributions		1,349,575		1,427,575		328,038		(1,099,537)
Intergovernmental		948,800		948,800		965,215		16,415
Investment Earnings		4,800		4,800		16,782		11,982
Miscellaneous Revenue	_	21,000	_	21,000		11,023	_	(9,977)
Total Revenues		2,924,795		3,002,795		2,214,152		(788,643)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current								
Boat Ramps		7,400		7,400		3,948		(3,452)
Building Inspection		130,200		130,200		138,516		8,316
Custodial & Maintenance Services		127,671		127,671		89,283		(38,388)
Dial-A-Bus		236,469		236,469		200,637		(35,832)
Engineer Development Review		17,000		17,000		4,400		(12,600)
Geographic Information Services		39,042		69,042		49,986		(19,056)
Information System Service		647,155		647,155		597,536		(49,619)
Motel Tax		121,000		121,000		111,672		(9,328)
Park Enterprise		67,500		67,500		47,745		(19,755)
Police Reserves		4,000		4,000		-		(4,000)
School Resource Officer		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Streets		715,103		715,103		689,480		(25,623)
Youth Court		7,620		7,620		303		(7,317)
Non-Departmental								
Capital Outlay		1,435,051		1,586,100		577,622		(1,008,478)
Contingency		492,213		462,213				(462,213)
Total Expenditures		4,048,424		4,199,473		2,511,128		(1,688,345)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	((1,123,629)		(1,196,678)		(296,976)		899,702
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):								
Interfund Transfers In		1,071,353		1,309,353		1,777,153		467,800
Interfund Transfers Out	((1,037,977)		(975,977)		(1,037,977)		62,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		33,376		333,376		739,176		405,800
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,090,253)		(863,302)		442,200		1,305,502
Beginning Fund Balance		1,160,253		933,302		1,296,133		362,831
Ending Fund Balance	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	1,738,333	\$	1,668,333

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual NORTHWEST LEBANON URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,436,000	\$ 2,436,000	\$ 2,544,286	\$ 108,286
Investment Earnings	5,000	5,000	14,614	9,614
Total Revenues	2,441,000	2,441,000	2,558,900	117,900
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Northwest Gateway Urban Renewal District	18,450	18,450	2,618	(15,832)
Non-Departmental				
Debt Service	638,641	638,641	638,641	-
Capital Outlay	811,936	811,936	117	(811,819)
Contingency	341,631	341,631	<u> </u>	(341,631)
Total Expenditures	1,810,658	1,810,658	641,376	(1,169,282)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	630,342	630,342	1,917,524	1,287,182
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(446,000)	(446,000)	841,182	1,287,182
Beginning Fund Balance	446,000	446,000	850,357	404,357
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,691,539	\$ 1,691,539

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CHEADLE LAKE URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

	D. 1 1		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Over
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 372,000	\$ 372,000	\$ 382,532	\$ 10,532
Investment Earnings	500	500	8,223	7,723
Total Revenues	372,500	372,500	390,755	18,255
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	88,261	88,261	8,954	(79,307)
Non-Departmental				
Debt Service	51,068	51,068	56,800	5,732
Capital Outlay	200,000	4,200,000	904,771	(3,295,229)
Contingency	8,482	8,482		(8,482)
Total Expenditures	347,811	4,347,811	970,525	(3,377,286)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	24,689	(3,975,311)	(579,770)	3,395,541
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Interfund Transfers Out	(99,689)	(99,689)	(99,689)	-
Bond Proceeds		4,000,000	4,232,723	(232,723)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(99,689)	3,900,311	4,133,034	232,723
Net Change in Fund Balance	(75,000)	(75,000)	3,553,264	3,628,264
Beginning Fund Balance	75,000	75,000	149,920	74,920
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,703,184	\$ 3,703,184

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual NORTH GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

		Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)			
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)		
REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	\$ 563,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 792,700	\$ 229,700		
Investment Earnings	300	300	5,121	4,821		
Total Revenues	563,300	563,300	797,821	234,521		
EXPENDITURES:						
Non-Departmental						
Debt Service	290,000	290,000	213,206	(76,794)		
Capital Outlay	250,066	250,066	-	(250,066)		
Contingency	8,699	8,699		(8,699)		
Total Expenditures	548,765	548,765	213,206	(335,559)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	14,535	14,535	584,615	570,080		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):						
Interfund Transfers Out	(384,535)	(384,535)	(384,535)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(384,535)	(384,535)	(384,535)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(370,000)	(370,000)	200,080	570,080		
Beginning Fund Balance	370,000	370,000	(1,644,744)	(2,014,744)		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,444,664)	\$ (1,444,664)		

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.05938091%	0.06818513%	0.06443958%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 8,914,453	\$ 3,914,823	\$ (1,460,660)
Employer's covered - employee payroll	\$ 5,420,641	\$ 4,915,422	\$ 4,670,776
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	164%	80%	-31.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.5%	91.9%	103.6%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However the full 10-year trend will be presented for those years for which information is available

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,031,546	\$ 595,431	\$ 457,865
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,031,546	595,431	457,865
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		
Employer's covered - employee payroll	\$ 5,784,286	\$ 5,420,641	\$4,915,422
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	17.83%	11.0%	9.3%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However the full 10-year trend will be presented for those years for which information is available

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Proprietary Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual WATER FUND

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	
REVENUES: Fees and Charges Investment Earnings Grants and Contributions Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 46,295 5,800 10,000,000 4,870,492 95,000 15,017,587	\$ 46,295 5,800 10,000,000 4,870,492 95,000 15,017,587	\$ 220,345 71,788 - 4,823,100 122,147 5,237,380	\$ 174,050 65,988 (10,000,000) (47,392) 27,147 (9,780,207)	
EXPENDITURES: Current Water Utility Non-Departmental	2,093,081	2,093,081	2,020,260	(72,821)	
Capital Outlay Contingency Total Expenditures	25,895,636 277,791 28,266,508	25,895,636 277,791 28,266,508	5,588,675 - 7,608,935	(20,306,961) (277,791) (20,657,573)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(13,248,921)	(13,248,921)	(2,371,555)	10,877,366	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES): Interfund Transfers In Interfund Transfers Out Loan Proceeds	263,542 (1,498,621) 11,000,000	263,542 (1,498,621) 11,000,000	263,542 (1,498,621) 3,855,423	(7,144,577)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance	9,764,921 (3,484,000)	9,764,921 (3,484,000)	2,620,344 248,789	(7,144,577) 3,732,789	
Beginning Fund Balance Prior Period Adjustment	3,484,000	3,484,000	2,888,920 661,002	(595,080) 661,002	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,798,711	\$ 3,798,711	
Reconciliation to generally accepted account	ting principles b	oasis			
Net change in fund balance from above Change in Compensated Absences Change in Pension Expense Change in transfers for debt service paymer Revenue recognition of deferred inflows Capital outlay that is capitalized Loan Proceeds reclassified as Debt Depreciation Expense	nts		248,789 (4,011) 16,691 200,000 191,197 5,588,675 (3,855,423) (382,620)		
Change in Net Position as Reported in Propriet of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net		ment	\$ 2,003,298		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual WASTEWATER FUND

	Budget Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
REVENUES:				
Fees and Charges	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000	\$ 336,210	\$ 294,210
Investment Earnings	7,750	7,750	44,088	36,338
Charges for Services	5,055,000	5,055,000	5,323,167	268,167
Miscellaneous Revenue		<u> </u>	7,180	7,180
Total Revenues	5,104,750	5,104,750	5,710,645	605,895
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Wastewater Utility	2,021,343	2,021,343	1,883,780	(137,563)
Non-Departmental				, ,
Debt Service	674,535	674,535	674,535	-
Capital Outlay	3,351,754	3,351,754	846,790	(2,504,964)
Contingency	317,703	317,703	<u> </u>	(317,703)
Total Expenditures	6,365,335	6,365,335	3,405,105	(2,960,230)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,260,585) (1,260,585)	2,305,540	3,566,125
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Interfund Transfers In	56,447	•	56,447	-
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,745,482	(1,745,482)	(2,004,618)	259,136
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,689,035	(1,689,035)	(1,948,171)	(259,136)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,949,620	(2,949,620)	357,369	3,306,989
Beginning Fund Balance	2,980,000	2,980,000	2,149,010	(830,990)
Prior Period Adjustment		<u> </u>	1,394,542	1,394,542
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 30,380	\$ 30,380	\$ 3,900,921	\$ 3,870,541
Reconciliation to generally accepted account	ing nrincinles	s hasis		
Net change in fund balance from above	mg primerpres	, 54313	357,369	
Change in Compensated Absences			(2,073)	
Change in Pension Expense			12,429	
Debt Principal Payments			457,042	
Changes in Current Expenditures			(6,189)	
Change in tranfers for debt service paymen	ts		585,000	
Revenue recognition of deferred inflows			293,401	
Capital outlay that is capitalized			846,790	
Depreciation Expense			(988,792)	
Change in Net Position as Reported in Proprieta	ary Funds Stat	ement		
of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net I	-		\$ 1,554,977	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual STORM DRAIN FUND

		Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over		
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)		
REVENUES:						
Fees and Charges	\$ 4,100	\$ 4,100	*	\$ 18,184		
Investment Earnings	1,715	1,715	*	3,649		
Charges for Services	435,000	435,000	ŕ	18,205		
Miscellaneous Revenue			984	984		
Total Revenues	440,815	440,815	481,837	41,022		
EXPENDITURES: Current						
Storm Drain Utility	82,350	82,350	48,133	(34,217)		
Non-Departmental						
Capital Outlay	681,500	681,500	324,436	(357,064)		
Contingency	17,869	17,869		(17,869)		
Total Expenditures	781,719	781,719	372,569	(409,150)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(340,904)	(340,904	109,268	450,172		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):						
Interfund Transfers In	8,969	8,969	8,969	-		
Interfund Transfers Out	(262,946)	(262,946	(262,946)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(253,977)	(253,977	(253,977)	-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(594,881)	(594,881	(144,709)	450,172		
Beginning Fund Balance	594,881	594,881	523,062	(71,819)		
Prior Period Adjustment			110,079	110,079		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	\$ 488,432	\$ 488,432		
Reconciliation to generally accepted account	ting principles b	oasis				
Net change in fund balance from above			(144,709)			
Revenue recognition of deferred inflows			795			
Capital outlay that is capitalized			253,735			
Depreciation Expense	(5,559)					
Change in Net Position as Reported in Propriet	ary Funds Staten	nent				
of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net		\$ 104,262				

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over		
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)		
REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,256,724	\$ 1,256,724	\$ 1,318,804	\$ 62,080		
Investment Earnings	1,500	1,500	13,055	11,555		
Total Revenues	1,258,224	1,258,224	1,331,859	73,635		
EXPENDITURES:						
Non-Departmental						
Debt Service	3,332,094	3,332,094	3,332,091	(3)		
Total Expenditures	3,332,094	3,332,094	3,332,091	(3)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(2,073,870)	(2,073,870)	(2,000,232)	73,638		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):						
Interfund Transfers In	1,964,211	1,964,211	1,964,211			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,964,211	1,964,211	1,964,211	-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(109,659)	(109,659)	(36,021)	73,638		
Beginning Fund Balance	189,659	189,659	250,118	60,459		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 214,097	\$ 134,097		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	(See Note 1)	(Under)
REVENUES:				
Fees and Charges	\$ 277,700	\$ 277,700	\$ 1,189,253	\$ 911,553
Grants and Contributions	1,309,975	1,309,975	61,569	(1,248,406)
Investment Earnings	20,240	20,240	70,152	49,912
Miscellaneous Revenue	4,800	4,800	25,240	20,440
Total Revenues	1,612,715	1,612,715	1,346,214	(266,501)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Library Building Trust	29,175	29,175	4,367	(24,808)
Library Trust Fund	81,000	81,000	54,301	(26,699)
Police Trust	15,000	15,000	6,149	(8,851)
Senior Services Trust	14,500	14,500	8,277	(6,223)
Snedaker Trust	10,000	10,000	1,599	(8,401)
Streets Capital Projects	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Non-Departmental				
Capital Outlay	3,896,043	3,738,543	828,681	(2,909,862)
Contingency	584,085	584,085		(584,085)
Total Expenditures	4,639,803	4,482,303	913,374	(3,568,929)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(3,027,088)	(2,869,588)	432,840	3,302,428
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Interfund Transfers In	640,630	578,630	578,630	-
Interfund Transfers Out	(27,605)	(265,605)	(380,505)	114,900
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	613,025	313,025	198,125	(114,900)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,414,063)	(2,556,563)	630,965	3,187,528
Beginning Fund Balance	4,109,268	4,109,268	7,881,091	3,771,823
Prior Period Adjustment			(2,165,623)	(2,165,623)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,695,205	\$ 1,552,705	\$ 6,346,433	\$ 4,793,728

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Trust & Agency Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual TRUST AND AGENCY FUND

	Budgeted .			Amounts Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)		riance with nal Budget Over (Under)
REVENUES:					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	149,925	\$	149,925	\$	104,617	\$	(45,308)
Total Revenues		149,925		149,925		104,617		(45,308)
EXPENDITURES: Current								
Bail and Trust		154,025		154,025		104,617		(49,408)
Total Expenditures		154,025		154,025		104,617		(49,408)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,100)		(4,100)		-		4,100
Beginning Fund Balance				-				
Ending Fund Balance	\$	(4,100)	\$	(4,100)	\$	-	\$	4,100

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Additional Supporting Schedules

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS

			Outstanding Balance uly 1, 2016	an	ew Issues d Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired		Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017			ue within One Year
GOVERN	MENTAL A	CTI	VITIES:								
			•			t Urb	an Renewal	Distr	ict. Original ba	lance	
\$3,611,222	2. Interest rate	of 4	1.0 - 4.375%.	Loan	# B05003						
	Principal Interest	\$	2,772,605	\$	118,720	\$	126,331 118,720	\$	2,646,274	\$	132,184 113,667
	Totals	\$	2,772,605	\$	118,720	\$	245,051	\$	2,646,274	\$	245,851
	- General Obte 2 - 3.5% L	_		n Bank	x of New You	rk Me	ellon / Zion l	Bank	Original Bala	nce \$	3,310,000
	Principal Interest	\$	1,450,000	\$	48,590	\$	345,000 48,590	\$	1,105,000	\$	355,000 36,515
	Totals	\$	1,450,000	\$	48,590	\$	393,590	\$	1,105,000	\$	391,515
N GATEWAY URD - Note Payable with Samaritan Health Services Original Balance \$2,283,572 Interest rate											est rate
6%											
	Principal Interest	\$	1,625,589	\$	361,011 80,156	\$	133,050 80,156	\$	1,853,550	\$	142,581 78,776
	Totals	\$	1,625,589	\$	441,167	\$	213,206	\$	1,853,550	\$	221,357
2002 PEN	SION OBLIC	GAT	TION BONDS	s held	Wells Fargo	. Orig	ginal balance	\$2,0	81,188 Interest	rate	of 2-
	Principal	\$	1,546,441	\$	-	\$	33,687	\$	1,512,754	\$	32,872
	Interest				163,583		163,583				97,270
	Totals	\$	1,546,441	\$	163,583	\$	197,270	\$	1,512,754	\$	130,142
G0 Bond G 4-5% LEE	_	atior	Bond held by	y Banl	k New York	Mello	on. Original	Balar	nce \$8,640,000	Intere	est Rate of
	Pricipal Interest	\$	1,545,000	\$	64,800	\$	830,000 64,800	\$	715,000	\$	340,000 28,600
	Totals	\$	1,545,000	\$	64,800	\$	894,800	\$	715,000	\$	368,600
-	y Note with B rks Fund Loa				n. , Original	Balaı	nce \$1,779,8	33 In	terest rate 3.0 -	5.25	% Special
	Principal Interest	\$	1,317,111	\$	- 61,211	\$	78,597 61,211	\$	1,238,514	\$	79,141 58,067
	Totals	\$	1,317,111	\$	61,211	\$	139,808	\$	1,238,514	\$	137,208
				New Y			•		Balance \$11,88		
10.00 2 37	Principal Interest		10,605,000	\$	410,550	\$	430,000 410,550	\$	10,175,000	\$	455,000 397,650
		<u>_</u>	10 605 000	Ф.				<u>ф</u>	10 175 000		
	Totals	3	10,605,000	\$	410,550	\$	840,550	\$	10,175,000	\$	852,650

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Outstanding Balance July 1, 2016	New Issues and Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES (CO	NT.):			
Full Faith and Credit LebanonFFC2015	Bond with Key Bank	/ Zion Bank Or	ginal Balance \$12	,800,000 Interest rat	e 1.65-5%
Principal Interest	\$ 12,565,000	\$ - 468,424	\$ - 468,424	\$ 12,565,000 -	\$ 605,000 468,424
Totals	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 468,424	\$ 468,424	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 1,073,424
CHEADLE LAKE 05/18/2017	U RD - Loan with Op	ıs Bank Original l	palance \$4,232,723	3 Interest rate of 2.88	3% dated
Principal Interest	\$ - -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ - -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ 225,541 126,304
Totals	\$ -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ -	\$ 4,232,723	\$ 351,846
TOTAL GOVERNM	MENTAL ACTIVIT	IES DEBT AGR	EEMENTS:		
Principal Interest	\$ 33,426,746	\$ 4,593,734 1,416,034	\$ 1,976,665 1,416,034	\$ 36,043,815	\$ 2,367,319 1,405,274
Totals	\$ 33,426,746	\$ 6,009,768	\$ 3,392,699	\$ 36,043,815	\$ 3,772,593
BUSINESS-TYPE A Full Faith and Credit rate 2 -4% Lebanon	Bond with Bank of N FFC2013 (Water)	lew York Mellon	/ Zion Bank Orig		,000 Interest
Principal Interest	\$ 1,295,000	\$ - 47,450	\$ 200,000 47,450	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 200,000 41,450
Totals	\$ 1,295,000	\$ 47,450	\$ 247,450	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 241,450
Full Faith and Credit rate 2 -4% Lebanon			Zion Bank Orig	ginal Balance \$1,695	,000 Interest
Principal Interest	\$ 1,005,000	\$ - 37,800	\$ 240,000 37,800	\$ 765,000 -	\$ 245,000 30,600
Totals	\$ 1,005,000	\$ 37,800	\$ 277,800	\$ 765,000	\$ 275,600

Continued

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

	Outstanding Balance July 1, 2016	New Issues and Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE AC					
Full Faith and Credit Bo LebanonFFC2015 (Wa	•	x / Zion Bank Or	iginal Balance \$2,3	385,000 Interest rate	1.65-5%
`	,	¢	¢ 245 000	¢ 1.925.000	¢ 250,000
Principal Interest	\$ 2,180,000	\$ - 60,800	\$ 345,000 60,800	\$ 1,835,000	\$ 350,000 53,900
Totals	\$ 2,180,000	\$ 60,800	\$ 405,800	\$ 1,835,000	\$ 403,900
Note payable to Departr balance \$900,000. Inter		•		provement projects.	Original
Principal Interest	\$ 654,612	\$ - 22,043	\$ 42,042 22,043	\$ 612,570	\$ 43,283 20,588
Totals	\$ 654,612	\$ 22,043	\$ 64,085	\$ 612,570	\$ 63,871
Revenue Bonds held by Original balance \$7,010 Principal Interest					\$ 435,000 178,850
Totals	\$ 4,925,000	\$ 195,450	\$ 610,450	\$ 4,510,000	\$ 613,850
Loan with Business Ore Balance \$11,000,000 In Principal	•	•	ial Public Works F \$ -	Fund Development Pr \$ 727,005	roject. Original
Interest				-	-
Totals	\$ -	\$ 727,005	\$ -	\$ 727,005	\$ -
Loan with Business Ore Balance \$13,000,000 In		-	Drinking Water Ro	evolving Loan Fund	Original
Principal Interest	\$ - -	\$ 3,128,418	\$ - -	\$ 3,128,418	\$ - -
Totals	\$ -	\$ 3,128,418	\$ -	\$ 3,128,418	\$ -
TOTAL BUSINESS-T	VPE ACTIVITII	ES DEBT AGREI	EMENTS:		
Principal	\$ 10,059,612	\$ 3,855,423	\$ 1,242,042	\$ 12,672,993	\$ 1,273,283
Interest	- -	\$ 363,543	363,543	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	325,388
Totals	\$ 10,059,612	\$ 4,218,966	\$ 1,605,585	\$ 12,672,993	\$ 1,598,671
TOTAL DEBT AGRE	EMENTS.				
Principal Principal	\$ 43,486,358	\$ 8,449,157	\$ 3,218,707	\$ 48,716,808	\$ 3,640,602
Interest		1,779,577	1,779,577	- -	1,730,662
Totals	\$ 43,486,358	\$ 10,228,734	\$ 4,998,284	\$ 48,716,808	\$ 5,371,264

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tota	al Payment	P	rincipal		Interest	Fiscal Year-end Balance
GOVERNMEN					1			
NW URD - Loan				Morth	ywaat Urban	Dono	vval District	Original
balance \$3,611,2		_				Kene	wai District.	Original
,	2018	\$	245,851	\$	132,184	\$	113,667	2,514,090
	2019		241,452		133,072		108,380	2,381,018
	2020		242,051		138,994		103,057	2,242,024
	2021		242,307		144,984		97,323	2,097,040
	2022		242,268		151,034		91,234	1,946,006
	2023		241,955		157,140		84,815	1,788,866
	2024		246,430		168,293		78,137	1,620,573
	2025		245,410		174,510		70,900	1,446,063
	2026		244,066		180,801		63,265	1,265,262
	2027		242,504		187,149		55,355	1,078,113
	2028		245,722		198,555		47,167	879,558
	2029		243,504		205,023		38,481	674,535
	2030		246,066		216,556		29,510	457,979
	2031		243,192		223,155		20,037	234,824
	2032		245,098		234,824		10,274	
	00							
	eral Obligation	Bond	3,657,876 with Bank o		2,646,274 v York Mell		1,011,602 Gion Bank C	riginal Balance
NW URD - Gen	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018	Bond	3,657,876 with Bank opanonUR10 391,515		y York Mello 355,000		36,515	750,000
NW URD - Gen	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.5%	Bond % Let	3,657,876 with Bank opanonUR10 391,515 395,510	of Nev	York Mello 355,000 370,000	on / Z	36,515 25,510	
NW URD - Gen	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019	Bond % Let	3,657,876 with Bank opanonUR10 391,515	of New \$	y York Mello 355,000	on / Z	36,515	750,000
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals N GATEWAY U	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018	Bond % Let \$	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit	f Nev	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service	\$	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,389 1,425,800 1,283,220
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,80° 1,283,220 1,140,649
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	Bond % Leb \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807 1,283,220 1,140,649 998,064
NW URD - Genes, 3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058 184,999	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 alth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807 1,283,220 1,140,649 998,064 855,483
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058 184,999 178,939	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358	750,000 380,000 e \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,800 1,283,226 1,140,645 998,064 855,483 712,902
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058 184,999 178,939 172,879	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358 30,298	750,000 380,000 2 \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807 1,283,220 1,140,645 998,064 855,483 712,902 570,32
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058 184,999 178,939 172,879 166,820	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358 30,298 24,239	750,000 380,000 2 \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807 1,283,220 1,140,644 998,064 855,483 712,902 570,322 427,740
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of pannonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 191,058 184,999 178,939 172,879 166,820 160,760	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 alth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358 30,298 24,239 18,179	750,000 380,000 2 \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,800 1,283,220 1,140,649 998,064 855,483 712,902 570,321 427,740 285,159
NW URD - Gen \$3,310,000 Inter Totals	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of panonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 197,118 191,058 184,999 178,939 172,879 166,820 160,760 154,700	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 1,105,000 ealth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358 30,298 24,239 18,179 12,119	750,000 380,000 2 \$2,283,572 1,710,969 1,568,388 1,425,807 1,283,226 1,140,645 998,064 855,483 712,902 570,321 427,740 285,159
NW URD - Gene \$3,310,000 Inter	eral Obligation rest rate 2 - 3.59 2018 2019 2020 URD - Note Pay 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	Bond % Let \$ \$ yable v	3,657,876 with Bank of pannonUR10 391,515 395,510 393,300 1,180,325 with Samarit 221,357 215,297 209,237 203,178 191,058 184,999 178,939 172,879 166,820 160,760	f Nev \$ \$ an He	355,000 370,000 380,000 1,105,000 alth Service 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581 142,581	\$ \$ so Original Control of the contr	36,515 25,510 13,300 75,325 ginal Balance 78,776 72,716 66,656 60,597 54,537 48,477 42,418 36,358 30,298 24,239 18,179	750,000 380,000

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

	Fiscal Year Ended								Fiscal Year-end
	June 30,	To	tal Payment		Principal		Interest		Balance
GOVERNME	NTAL ACTIVIT	ΓIES	: (CONT.)						
2002 PENSION of 2-7.36%	N OBLIGATION	BON	NDS held We	lls Fa	argo. Original	l bala	nce \$2,081,	188 Iı	nterest rate
	2018	\$	130,142	\$	32,872	\$	97,270	\$	1,479,882
	2019		130,503		33,233		97,270		1,446,649
	2020		148,919		51,649		97,270		1,395,000
	2021		235,558		140,000		95,558		1,255,000
	2022		245,968		160,000		85,968		1,095,000
	2023		260,008		185,000		75,008		910,000
	2024		267,335		205,000		62,335		705,000
	2025		48,293		-		48,293		705,000
	2026		308,293		260,000		48,293		445,000
	2027		325,483		295,000		30,483		150,000
	2028		160,275		150,000		10,275		-
Totals		\$	2,260,774	\$	1,512,754	\$	748,020		
interest Rate of	f 4-5% LEBGO20 2018 2019	\$	368,600 390,000	\$	340,000 375,000	\$	28,600 15,000	\$	375,000
Totals	2017	\$	758,600	\$	715,000	\$	43,600		
	te with Bank of N Public Works Fu	ınd l	Loan number	B07	002				
	2018	\$	137,208	\$	79,141	\$	58,067	\$	1,159,373
	2019		139,609		84,707		54,902		1,074,666
	2020		136,634		85,332		51,302		989,334
	2021		138,484		91,022		47,462		898,312
	2022		135,484		91,663		43,821		806,649
	2023		136,734		97,496		39,238		709,153
	2024		137,734		103,371		34,363		605,782
	2025		139,333		109,105		30,228		496,677
	2026		139,834		115,061		24,773		381,616
	2027		139,846		121,114		18,732		260,502
	2028		139,845		127,169		12,676		133,333
	2029		139,333		133,333		6,000		-
Totals		\$	1,660,077	\$	1,238,514	\$	421,563		

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

Fiscal Year Ended				Fiscal Year-end
June 30,	Total Payment	Principal	Interest	Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVIT	ΓΙΕS: (CONT.)			
Full Faith and Credit Bond with \$11,885,000 Interest rate 2 - 5%			Bank Original Bal	ance
2018	\$ 852,650	\$ 455,000	\$ 397,650	9,720,000
2019	859,450	480,000	379,450	9,240,000
2020	865,250	505,000	360,250	8,735,000
2021	1,270,050	930,000	340,050	7,805,000
2022	1,277,850	975,000	302,850	6,830,000
2023	1,283,600	1,010,000	273,600	5,820,000
2024	1,293,300	1,050,000	243,300	4,770,000
2025	1,300,800	1,110,000	190,800	3,660,000
2026	1,311,400	1,165,000	146,400	2,495,000
2027	1,319,800	1,220,000	99,800	1,275,000
2028	1,326,000	1,275,000	51,000	-
Totals	\$ 12,960,150	\$ 10,175,000	\$ 2,785,150	
Full Faith and Credit Bond with 1.65-5% LebanonFFC2015	Key Bank / Zion	Bank Original B	salance \$12,800,00	0 Interest rate
2018	\$ 658,900	\$ 605,000	\$ 53,900	11,960,000
2019	701,900	655,000	46,900	11,305,000
2020	1,133,775	1,095,000	38,775	10,210,000
2021	1,186,900	1,160,000	26,900	9,050,000
2022	1,246,700	1,235,000	11,700	7,815,000
2023	1,682,556	1,330,000	352,556	6,485,000
2024	1,741,056	1,455,000	286,056	5,030,000
2025	1,791,500	1,540,000	251,500	3,490,000
2026	1,849,500	1,675,000	174,500	1,815,000
2027	1,905,750	1,815,000	90,750	-
Totals	\$ 13,898,537	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 1,333,537	
CHEADLE LAKE URD - Loan dated 05/18/2017	with Opus Bank	Original balance S	\$4,232,723 Interest	rate of 2.88%
2018	\$ 351,846	\$ 225,541	\$ 126,304	4,007,182
2019	351,846	236,439	115,407	3,770,743
2020	351,846	243,248	108,597	3,527,495
2021	351,846	250,254	101,592	3,277,241
2022	351,846	257,461	94,385	3,019,780
2023	351,846	264,876	86,970	2,754,904
2024	351,846	272,504	79,341	2,482,399
2025	351,846	280,353	71,493	2,202,046
2026	351,846	288,427	63,419	1,913,620
2027	351,846	296,733	55,112	1,616,886
2028	351,846	305,279	46,566	1,311,607
2029	351,846	314,071	37,774	997,535
2030	351,846	323,117	28,729	674,419
2031	351,846	332,422	19,423	341,996
2032	351,846	341,996	9,850	-
Totals	\$ 5,277,685	\$ 4,232,723	\$ 1,044,963	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	\$ 44,059,007	\$ 36,043,815	\$ 8,015,192	

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.)

Er	al Year aded	Total	Dovement		Duin ain al		Intonact		Eass	Fiscal Year-end
			Payment		Principal		Interest		Fees	Balance
Full Faith and Credit Book 2 -4% LebanonFFC20	ond with B		of New Yo	rk Me	ellon / Zion l	Bank	Original Ba	alance	e \$1,685,0	000 Interest rate
	018	\$	241,450	\$	200,000	\$	41,450			895,000
	019	Ψ	248,450	Ψ	215,000	Ψ	33,450			680,000
	020		244,850		220,000		24,850			460,000
	021		241,050		225,000		16,050			235,000
	022		242,050		235,000		7,050			
Totals		\$ 1	,217,850	\$	1,095,000	\$	122,850			
Full Faith and Credit B 2 -4% LebanonFFC20				rk Me	ellon / Zion l	Bank	Original Ba	alance	e \$1,695,0	000 Interest rate
2	018	\$	275,600	\$	245,000	\$	30,600			520,000
2	019		275,800		255,000		20,800			265,000
2	020		275,600		265,000		10,600			-
Totals	_	\$	827,000	\$	765,000	\$	62,000		_	
2 2 2 2 Totals	steWater) 018 019 020 021 022	\$ 2	403,900 401,900 403,775 401,900 401,700 2,013,175	\$	350,000 355,000 365,000 375,000 390,000 1,835,000	\$	53,900 46,900 38,775 26,900 11,700 178,175			1,485,000 1,130,000 765,000 390,000
Note payable to Depart \$900,000. Interest rate			-	•	SPF for was	stewa	ter improven	nent _j	orojects. (Original balance
			63,871		43,283	\$	17,633	\$	2,955	569,287
2	019		63,652		44,560		16,356		2,736	524,727
2	020		63,426		45,875		15,041		2,510	478,852
2	021		63,193		47,229		13,687		2,277	431,623
2	022		62,953		48,623		12,293		2,037	383,000
2	023		62,707		50,058		10,858		1,791	332,942
2	024		62,453		51,535		9,381		1,537	281,407
2	025		62,191		53,056		7,860		1,275	228,351
2	026		61,922		54,623		6,293		1,006	173,728
2	027		61,645		56,235		4,681		729	117,493
	028		61,360		57,895		3,021		444	59,598
	029		61,061		59,598		1,313		150	, -
Totals	_	\$	750,434	\$	612,570	\$	118,417	\$	19,447	

Continued

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT (CONT.)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Payment	Principal	Interest	Fees	Fiscal Year-end Balance					
		Timeipai	Interest	Tees -	Dalance					
BUSINESS -TYPE ACTIVITIES: (CONT.)										
Revenue Bonds held by Bank of Nev				ewater system	. Original					
balance \$7,010,000. Interest rate 2.4		•								
2018	\$ 613,850	\$ 435,000	\$ 178,850		4,075,000					
2019	606,450	445,000	161,450		3,630,000					
2020	603,650	460,000	143,650		3,170,000					
2021	360,250	235,000	125,250		2,935,000					
2022	360,263	245,000	115,263		2,690,000					
2023	359,850	255,000	104,850		2,435,000					
2024	359,013	265,000	94,013		2,170,000					
2025	357,750	275,000	82,750		1,895,000					
2026	356,063	285,000	71,063		1,610,000					
2027	360,375	300,000	60,375		1,310,000					
2028	359,125	310,000	49,125		1,000,000					
2029	357,500	320,000	37,500		680,000					
2030	360,500	335,000	25,500		345,000					
2031	357,938	345,000	12,938		-					
Totals	\$ 5,772,575	\$ 4,510,000	\$ 1,262,575							
Total Business-Type Activities	10,581,034	8,817,570	1,744,017	19,447	0					

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

As of June 30, 2017

To the Governing Body of the City of Lebanon Lebanon, Oregon

I have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued my report thereon dated February 1, 2018. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lebanon' financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

I performed procedures to the extent I considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways and roads (ORS Chapters 294, 368 & 373).
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with my testing nothing came to my attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, with the following exceptions:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, over-expenditure of appropriations occurred in four funds, as noted on page 56 of the audit report.

Appropriation Resolutions and Supplemental Appropriation Resolutions adopted during the year did not comply with Oregon Budget Law requirements.

The City has adopted new procedures to review budget vs. actual amounts regularly to avoid over-expenditures in the future.

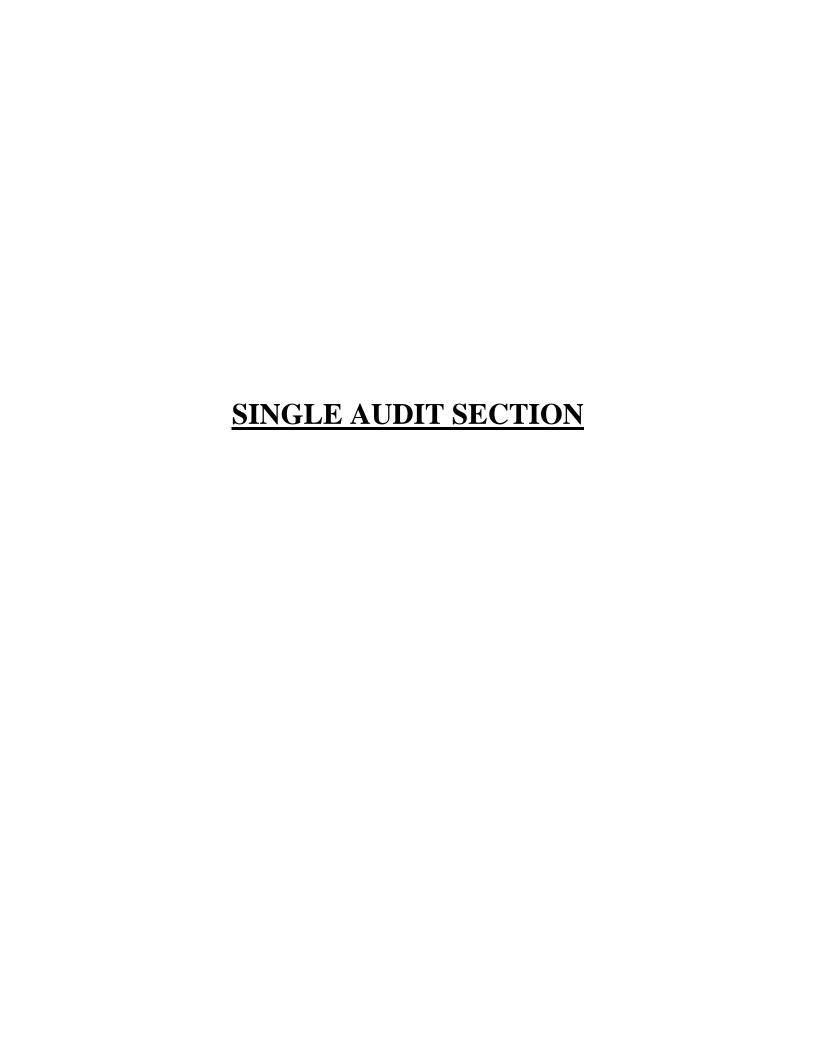
OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of City of Lebanon and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA, PC

Roseburg, Oregon February 1, 2018





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lebanon, Oregon

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lebanon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Lebanon's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated February 1, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Lebanon's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Lebanon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA February 1, 2018



INĎEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors City of Lebanon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the City of Lebanon's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Lebanon's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City of Lebanon's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Lebanon's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Lebanon's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Lebanon's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, the City of Lebanon complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the City of Lebanon is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City of Lebanon's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA

February 1, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal	
CFDA	
Number	Expenditures
20.509	\$ 82,545
20.513	3,014
* 66.468	1,077,005
	\$ 1,162,564
	CFDA Number 20.509 20.513

This schedule has been prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

^{*} Major Programs

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of City of Lebanon under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Lebanon, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of City of Lebanon.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COSTS RATE

City of Lebanon has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2017

Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of City of Lebanon in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control related to the financial statement audit were identified which are required to be reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of Lebanon were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 5. The audit did not disclose any findings that are required to be reported.
- 6. The program tested as a major program was Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds CFDA No. 66.468.
- 7. The threshold for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 8. The District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

Section II—Financial Statements Findings

No findings related to the financial statements are reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Section III—Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards.

No matters were reported relating to significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with paragraphs 5.18 through 5.20 of *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section IV—Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CHEADLE LAKE URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
LEBANON, OREGON

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

STEVE TUCHSCHERER Certified Public Accountant A Professional Corporation

CHEADLE LAKE URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

925 S Main Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355 (541) 258-4900

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PAUL AZIZ									٠	Chairman
BOB ELLIOTT		•	•				•			Member
WAYNE RIESKAMP										Member
FLOYD FISHER										Member
JASON BOLEN									•	Member
REBECCA GRIZZLE					•					Member
ROBERT FURLOW		•	•		•		•		٠	Member
DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION										
GARY MARKS									Di	strict Director

CHEADLE LAKE URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District Board

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, (the District), a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual on pages 2 - 6 and 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

I have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual described above on pages 22 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and schedules on pages 23-24 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District.

The other supplementary information and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the other supplementary information and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, I have issued my report dated February 1, 2018, on my consideration of the Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the District's compliance.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA

February 1, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

The management of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, City of Lebanon, Oregon, a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both a short and a long-term analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

- The District's total assets at June 30, 2017 were \$3,736,766, an increase of \$3,375,061 from the prior year due to an increase in cash from \$4,232,723 in bond proceeds.
- The District's total liabilities at June 30, 2017 were \$4,232,722, an increase of \$4,228,435 from the prior year due to the addition of long term debt of \$4,232,722.
- The District's net position at June 30, 2017 was \$(495,956), a decrease of \$677,451 from the prior year, which is due to the addition of long term debt of \$4,232,722.
- At June 30, 2017 the District reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,703,184. The entire balance is restricted for Urban Renewal Projects.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes additional supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors such as the condition of buildings, and water and sewer systems facilities.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the *Statement of Activities* is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions of the District that are principally supported by user fee revenues, intergovernmental revenues from grants, and property tax revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, Fund Financial Statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements in a later section of this report. The District has one fund which is considered a governmental type fund.

Governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, these statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund. This statement and schedule demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund. The required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The District's net position at fiscal year-end is \$(495,956) this is a decrease of \$677,451.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for the current and prior year.

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
		2017		2016			
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$	3,736,766	\$	185,782			
Total Assets		3,736,766		185,782			
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities		225,541		4,287			
Long-Term Liabilities		4,007,181					
Total Liabilities		4,232,722		4,287			
Net Position							
Restricted		-		181,495			
Unrestricted		(495,956)		_			
Total Net Position	\$	(495,956)	\$	181,495			

Changes in net position - The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$392,764. The total cost of all programs and services was \$56,800. The following table shows a comparative analysis of government-wide revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2016-17	2015-16			
Revenues					
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 384,540	\$ 355,102			
Interest & Investment Earnings	8,224	3,392			
Total Revenues	392,764	358,494			
Program Expenses					
Urban Renewal Projects	-	140,888			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	56,800				
Total Expenses	56,800	140,888			
Transfers	(99,689)	-			
Equity Transfers	(913,726)				
Change in Net Position	\$ (677,451)	\$ 217,606			

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,703,184, an increase of \$3,553,264. The fund balance constitutes restricted amounts. Of the current fund balance the entire amount is restricted for urban renewal projects.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund resources were budgeted and anticipated to be collected in the amount of \$4,372,500 including \$4,232,723 in bond proceeds during the fiscal year. Actual resources of \$4,623,478 were available, \$250,978 more than budgeted. General Fund expenditures budget was under-spent by \$3,297,979 largely due to capital outlay expenditures budgeted and not expended during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District does not have any capital assets or infrastructure due to all capital outlay expenditures being reported as part of the City of Lebanon's capitalized assets.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017 the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$4,232,723. The long-term debt obligations include a loan with Opus Bank for urban renewal projects. The debt was incurred by the District as of 5/18/2017 and no interest or principal payments were made during the fiscal year 2016-2017. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the long-term impacts of the local economy were examined in conjunction with business decisions made by the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District. The following are the major considerations used in developing the 2017-18 budget:

 Capital Outlay expense has been increased from the prior year in the Cheadle Lake URD associated with the Airport Road extension, Russell Drive rebuild, construction of Porter Park project and water treatment plant construction.

The objective of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District (URD) is to provide an accounting for funds collected from URD, make payments on all authorized debt issues and accomplish projects as listed in the URD master plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lebanon Redevelopment District's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lebanon. The office is located inside City Hall at 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government - Wide Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	
SSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	3,525,009
Property Taxes Receivable		35,834
Restricted Cash - Debt Service		175,923
Total Assets		3,736,760
ABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable		225,54
Total Current Liabilities		225,54
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable		4,007,18
Total Long-Term Liabilities		4,007,18
Total Liabilities		4,232,722
ET POSITION:		
Unrestricted		(495,950
Total Net Position	\$	(495,950

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues					Net
Functions / Programs	Charges Grants for and (Expenses) Services Contributions		for		Grants and		and Chang	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	56,800	\$		\$		\$	(56,800)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	56,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(56,800)
<u>G</u>	GENERAL REVENUES: Taxes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Interest and Investment Earnings							384,540 8,224
		Subtotal - (General	Revenu	es			392,764
	Transfer to Primary Government Equity Transfers							(99,689) (913,726)
	Change in Net Position						(677,451)	
	Net Position, July 1, 2016							181,495
	Ne	t Position,		\$	(495,956)			

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	Urban Renewal General Fund		
ASSETS:			
Cash and Investments	\$	3,525,009	
Property Taxes Receivable		35,834	
Restricted Cash - Debt Service		175,923	
Total Assets	\$	3,736,766	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Property Tax Revenue	_	33,582	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:	_	33,582	
Urban Renewal Projects		3,703,184	
Total Fund Balances			
Total Fund Dalances		3,703,184	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,736,766	

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 3,703,184

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Property taxes receivables not collected within 60 days of the current period ending date are deferred in the governmental funds.

33,582

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

(4,232,722)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (495,956)

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Urban Renewal General Fund
REVENUES:	
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 382,532
Interest and Investment Earnings	8,224
Total Revenues	390,756
EXPENDITURES:	
Debt Service	56,800
Capital Outlay	913,726
Total Expenditures	970,526
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(579,770)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(99,689)
Bond Proceeds	4,232,723
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,133,034
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,553,264
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	149,920
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$3,703,184

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 3,553,264

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end and are therefore not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds, instead these funds are shown as deferred revenue.

However, these funds are recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities.

The changes in amounts deferred are as follows:

Property Taxes

2,008

Long term debt proceeds are included as revenue in governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term debt balances in the Statement of Net Position

(4,232,723)

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (677,451)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:</u>

A. Reporting Entity

The Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon (District) was established in 2000. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve a blighted area of Lebanon generally north of Cheadle Lake. The District is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the State of Oregon. The governing body is comprised of the Mayor and the Councilors of the City of Lebanon.

The District is a separate legal entity, governed by the City of Lebanon. The District Board has the ability to impose its will over the District as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority and funding for the District. Therefore, under the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District is considered a component unit of the City of Lebanon and the District's financial activities are included as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon as a special revenue fund.

Although a component unit of the City of Lebanon, the District exists and operates separately from the City of Lebanon. Accordingly, the District's financial statements will also be included in the financial statements of the City of Lebanon.

The District has no potential component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District (District) of the City of Lebanon have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. The District's activities are governmental and are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are off-set by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The District has only governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

B. Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

The financial transactions of the District are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District has elected to report its only fund, the General Fund, as a major fund in order to assist in compiling a complete and accurate picture of the financial position of the District.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all the financial resources. The principal sources of revenue are property tax revenues and interest on investments. Primary expenditures of the General Fund were for capital outlay.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Property taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Cont.)

Similar to the way revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any short-term, highly liquid investments with initial maturity dates of three months or less.

The District has adopted an investment policy requiring compliance with Oregon statutes, which authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the State of Oregon, and numerous other investment instruments.

The District's investments may consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government District securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The District's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. The LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value of the LGIP is the same as the District's value in the pool shares.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, non-load diversified portfolio offered to any District, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is included in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF) which was established by the State Treasurer. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

E. Property Taxes

The assessment date for the tax year is July 1. Personal and real property taxes are a lien on July 1. Total personal property tax becomes due and is delinquent when any installment is not paid by its due date. Real property tax is due and payable on November 15. However, a taxpayer may pay real property taxes in three equal installments, due the 15th day of November, February and May. Real property taxes become delinquent if not paid by May 15.

F. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources:

In the governmental funds, property taxes which have not been collected within sixty days subsequent to year-end are not considered measurable and available and are therefore not recognized as revenue, but rather as deferred inflows of resources.

H. Capital Assets

All capital assets which include property and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.) become City of Lebanon (primary government) capital assets and therefore are not reported on the District's Statement of Net Position.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

Government-Wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position, which represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in two components:

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted".

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

J. Equity Classifications (Cont).

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District did not have any nonspendable resources.
- Restricted: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has restricted funds for urban renewal projects.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purpose that are internally imposed by the government through resolution of the highest level of decision making authority, the District Board, and does not lapse at year-end. The District does not have committed resources.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the District Board or through the District Board delegating this responsibility to selected staff members or through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories, and negative fund balances of other governmental funds.

The District's policy is to use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of the constrained fund balances.

K. Use of Estimates

In preparing the District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 -Local Budget Law). The District is required to budget all funds. The budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual receipts and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document. The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

In early spring a preliminary budget calendar, budget preparation manual and budget worksheets are distributed to appropriate department directors. The City Administrator (District Director) and the Finance Director develop a proposed budget, after which the District Director publishes two notices of Budget Committee meetings. No less than five days, or more than thirty days after the notices are published, the Budget Committee (consisting of the District Board and an equal number of citizens of the City of Lebanon) meets to consider the proposed budget. The Budget Message is delivered, explaining the proposed budget and any significant changes in the District's financial position.

The Budget Committee conducts public meetings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, deliberates on, and subsequently approves the proposed budget, which includes any additions or deletions from the one presented by the District Director originally. The Budget Committee then submits the approved budget to the District Board for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by the board without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the board adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, as approved by the budget committee, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The District Board legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution for each fund is the object group level (i.e. personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, and other expenditures). Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

The District Board may change the budget throughout the year by resolution and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the board. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

For discussion of deposit and investment policies and other related information, see Note 1.D.

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized at Note 1.D.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Investments, including amounts held in pool cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market prices, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash is deposited in compliance with Oregon statutes. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's website.

Qualifying depository banks must pledge securities with a particular value based on the bank's level of capitalization. The balances in excess of the FDIC insurance are considered exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the District's deposits was none and there was no ending bank balance. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities with the qualifying depository banks.

<u>Investments</u> - Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Governmental Investment Pool. The District has no credit risk policy or investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2017, the District's investment in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) was unrated.

At June 30, 2017, the District's investments in financial institutions are as follows:

<u>Type of Investment</u>	Fair Value	Credit Rating
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government		
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 3,525,009	N/A
Total Investments	\$ 3,525,009	

Investments in the LGIP and federal agency notes do not require disclosure credit rating quality.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Concentration of Credit Risk - An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer. This results in a concentration of credit risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). This investment is 100% of the District's total investments.

4. **LONG TERM DEBT**:

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The table below presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue.

CHEADLE LAKE URD - Loan with Opus Bank Original balance \$4,232,722.85 Interest rate of 2.88% dated 05/18/2017

Principal	\$ -	\$4,232,723	\$ -	\$4,232,723	\$ 225,541
Interest	 		 		126,304
Totals	\$ _	\$4,232,723	\$ _	\$4,232,723	\$ 351,846

The debt service requirements on the above debt is as follows:

Due Fiscal Year

Ending	Principa		oal Interest		 Total
2018	\$	225,541	\$	126,304	\$ 351,846
2019		236,439		115,407	351,846
2020		243,248		108,597	351,846
2021		250,254		101,592	351,846
2022		257,461		94,385	351,846
2023-2027		1,402,893		356,335	1,759,228
2028-2032		1,616,886		142,342	 1,759,228
Total	\$	4,232,723	\$	1,044,963	\$ 5,277,685

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior years and the District has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. The District's insurance is provided in combination with the City of Lebanon.

6. TRANSFERS:

Assets purchased by the District are given to the primary government, the City of Lebanon. This is recorded as an equity transfer on the statement of activities. The amount of equity transferred to the City at the end of the fiscal year was \$913,726.

7. OVER-EXPENDITURE OF APPROPRIATIONS:

Expenditures in excess of appropriation in individual funds for the year ended June 30, 2017 occurred as follows:

Fund / Category	App	ropriation	Exp	penditure	Variance	
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District / Debt Service	\$	51,068	\$	56,800	\$	5,732

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual URBAN RENEWAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
REVENUES:				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 372,000	\$ 372,000	\$ 382,532	\$ 10,532
Investment Revenue	500	500	8,223	7,723
Total Revenues	372,500	372,500	390,755	18,255
EXPENDITURES:				
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	88,261	88,261	8,954	(79,307)
Debt Service	51,068	51,068	56,800	5,732
Capital Outlay	200,000	4,200,000	904,771	(3,295,229)
Contingency	8,482	8,482		(8,482)
Total Expenditures	347,811	4,347,811	970,525	(3,297,979)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	24,689	(3,975,311)	(579,770)	3,316,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Operating Transfer (Out)	(99,689)	(99,689)	(99,689)	-
Bond Proceeds		4,000,000	4,232,723	232,723
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(99,689)	3,900,311	4,133,034	232,723
Net Change In Fund Balance	(75,000)	(75,000)	3,553,264	3,083,511
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	75,000	75,000	149,920	74,920
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,703,184	\$ 3,158,431

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Outsta Bala July 1,	nce	New Issues and Interest Matured	Princ and In Reti	terest	Balance June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
CHEADLE LAKE URD - Loan wi 05/18/2017	th Opus Bar	nk Origi	nal balance \$4,2	32,722.8	5 Intere	st rate of 2.88%	dated
Principal Interest	\$	-	\$4,232,723	\$	-	\$4,232,723	\$ 225,541 126,304
Totals	\$	-	\$4,232,723	\$	-	\$4,232,723	\$ 351,846

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,2017

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Payment		P	rincipal		Interest	Fiscal Year-end Balance	
CHEADLE LAKE URD - Loan with O	pus	Bank Origina	l bala	nce \$4,232,	,722.8	5 Interest rate	e of 2.8	8% dated
05/18/2017		221 215				125201		
2018	\$	351,846	\$	225,541	\$	126,304	\$	4,007,182
2019		351,846		236,439		115,407		3,770,743
2020		351,846		243,248		108,597		3,527,495
2021		351,846		250,254		101,592		3,277,241
2022		351,846		257,461		94,385		3,019,780
2023		351,846		264,876		86,970		2,754,904
2024		351,846		272,504		79,341		2,482,399
2025		351,846		280,353		71,493		2,202,046
2026		351,846		288,427		63,419		1,913,620
2027		351,846		296,733		55,112		1,616,886
2028		351,846		305,279		46,566		1,311,607
2029		351,846		314,071		37,774		997,535
2030		351,846		323,117		28,729		674,419
2031		351,846		332,422		19,423		341,996
2032		351,846		341,996		9,850		-
Total	\$	5,277,685	\$	4,232,723	\$	1,044,963		

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

As of June 30, 2017

To the Governing Body of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District Lebanon, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District internal control over financial reporting. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA, PC

Roseburg, Oregon February 1, 2018

NORTH GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
LEBANON, OREGON

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

STEVE TUCHSCHERER Certified Public Accountant A Professional Corporation

NORTH GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

925 S Main Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355 (541) 258-4900

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PAUL AZIZ									٠	Chairman
BOB ELLIOTT							•			Member
WAYNE RIESKAMP										Member
FLOYD FISHER										Member
JASON BOLEN									•	Member
REBECCA GRIZZLE										Member
ROBERT FURLOW		•					•		٠	Member
<u>DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION</u>										
GARY MARKS									Di	strict Director

NORTH GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District Board

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, (the District), a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual on pages 2 - 6 and 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

I have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual described above on pages 22 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and schedules on pages 23-24 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District.

The other supplementary information and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the other supplementary information and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, I have issued my report dated February 1, 2018, on my consideration of the Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the District's compliance.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA

February 1, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

The management of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, a component unit of the City of Lebanon, presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both a short and a long-term analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

- The District's total assets at June 30, 2017 were \$709,469, an increase of \$214,918 or 43.46 percent from the prior year due to an increase in cash.
- The District's total liabilities at June 30, 2017 were \$3,986,105, an increase of \$227,958 or 6.07 percent from the prior year.
- The District's net position at June 30, 2017 was \$(3,276,636), a decrease of \$13,040 from the prior year, which is largely due to an increase in long term liabilities.
- At June 30, 2017 the District reported a combined ending fund balance of \$(1,444,664). The entire balance is Unassigned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes additional supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors such as the condition of buildings, and water and sewer systems facilities.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the *Statement of Activities* is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions of the District that are principally supported by user fee revenues, intergovernmental revenues from grants, and property tax revenues.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, Fund Financial Statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements in a later section of this report. The District has one fund which is considered a governmental type fund.

Governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, these statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund. This statement and schedule demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund. The required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The District's net position at fiscal year-end is \$(3,276,636) this is a decrease of \$13,040.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for the current and prior year.

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2017	2016			
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$ 709,469	\$ 494,551			
Total Assets	709,469	494,551			
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	2,275,140	2,246,775			
Long-Term Liabilities	1,710,965	1,511,372			
Total Liabilities	3,986,105	3,758,147			
Net Position					
Unrestricted	(3,276,636)	(3,263,596)			
Total Net Position	\$ (3,276,636)	\$ (3,263,596)			

Changes in net position - The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$812,659. The total cost of all programs and services was \$80,156. The following table shows a comparative analysis of government-wide revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2016-17	2015-16		
Revenues				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 807,538	\$ 573,275		
Interest & Investment Earnings	5,121	4,372		
Total Revenues	812,659 577,6			
Program Expenses				
Urban Renewal Projects	-	2,086,760		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	80,156	54,566		
Total Expenses	80,156	2,141,326		
Transfers	(384,535)	-		
Equity Transfer	(361,008)			
Change in Net Position	\$ (13,040)	\$(1,563,679)		

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$(1,444,664), an increase of \$200,080. The fund balance constitutes unassigned amounts. Of the current fund balance the entire amount is unassigned.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund resources were budgeted and anticipated to be collected in the amount of \$563,300 during the fiscal year. Actual resources of \$797,821 were available, \$234,521 more than budgeted. General Fund expenditures budget was under-spent by \$258,765 largely due to capital outlay expenditures budgeted and not expended during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District does not have any capital assets or infrastructure due to all capital outlay expenditures being reported as part of the City of Lebanon's capitalized assets.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017 the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$1,853,550. The long-term debt obligations include a note payable for urban renewal projects. Existing debt was reduced by \$133,050. Interest paid on the debt amounted to \$80,156. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the long-term impacts of the local economy were examined in conjunction with business decisions made by the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The following are the major considerations used in developing the 2017-18 budget:

Virtually all of the budgeted debt payments relate to the Samaritan Health Services (SHS) Campus
 Project. SHS will loan to the Urban Renewal District the funds necessary to complete the public infrastructure
 projects associated with the new medical college campus. Final debt service payment January 2030.

The objective of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District (URD) is to provide an accounting for funds collected from URD, make payments on all authorized debt issues and accomplish projects as listed in the URD master plan.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lebanon Redevelopment District's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lebanon. The office is located inside City Hall at 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government - Wide Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

	 Governmental Activities	
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$ 653,756	
Property Taxes Receivable	 55,713	
Total Assets	 709,469	
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Interest Payable	30,567	
Due To City	2,101,992	
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable	 142,581	
Total Current Liabilities	2,275,140	
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable	 1,710,965	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 1,710,965	
Total Liabilities	3,986,105	
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted	 (3,276,636)	
Total Net Position	\$ (3,276,636)	

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Progran	Net				
Functions / Programs	(Expenses)	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	(Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Interest on Long-Term Debt	80,156			(80,156)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 80,156	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (80,156)			
<u>G</u>	Taxes Property Ta Interest and In	xes, Levied for		807,538 5,121			
	Subtotal - C	General Revenu	es	812,659			
	Transfer to Pri Equity Transfe	(384,535) (361,008)					
	Change in Net	Position		(13,040)			
	Net Position, J	(3,263,596)					
	Net Position,	Net Position, June 30, 2017					

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	Urban Renewal General Fund
ASSETS:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 653,756
Property Taxes Receivable	55,713
Total Assets	\$ 709,469
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, A LIABILITIES: Interest Payable Due To City	AND FUND BALANCES: \$ 2,101,992
Total Liabilities	2,101,992
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	52,141
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,141
FUND BALANCES:	
Restricted for:	
Urban Renewal Projects	
Unassigned	(1,444,664)
Total Fund Balances	(1,444,664)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	
and Fund Balances	\$ 709,469

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total Fund	Ralances -	Governmenta	l Funds
TOTAL PUHU	DAIAIICES -	t tover mmema	

\$ (1,444,664)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Property taxes receivables not collected within 60 days of the current period ending date are deferred in the governmental funds.

52,141

Interest payable that is not recognized in the governmental fund is accrued in the Statement of Net Position.

(30,567)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

(1,853,546)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (3,276,636)

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Urban Renewal General Fund
REVENUES:	
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 792,700
Interest and Investment Earnings	5,121
Total Revenues	797,821
EXPENDITURES:	
Debt Service	213,206
Total Expenditures	213,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	584,615
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(384,535)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(384,535)
Net Change in Fund Balance	200,080
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	(1,644,744)
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$(1,444,664)

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 200,080

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end and are therefore not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds, instead these funds are shown as deferred revenue.

However, these funds are recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities.

The changes in amounts deferred are as follows:

Property Taxes

14,838

Repayment of long-term debt principal amounts are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

> Debt Principal Paid 133,050 Debt Additions (361,008)

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (13,040)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>:

A. Reporting Entity

The North Gateway Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon (District) was established in 2008. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve the area where a new medical campus was to be developed. The District is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the State of Oregon. The governing body is comprised of the Mayor and the Councilors of the City of Lebanon.

The District is a separate legal entity, governed by the City of Lebanon. The District Board has the ability to impose its will over the District as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority and funding for the District. Therefore, under the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District is considered a component unit of the City of Lebanon and the District's financial activities are included as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon as a special revenue fund.

Although a component unit of the City of Lebanon, the District exists and operates separately from the City of Lebanon. Accordingly, the District's financial statements will also be included in the financial statements of the City of Lebanon.

The District has no potential component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District (District) of the City of Lebanon have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. The District's activities are governmental and are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are off-set by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The District has only governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

B. Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

The financial transactions of the District are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District has elected to report its only fund, the General Fund, as a major fund in order to assist in compiling a complete and accurate picture of the financial position of the District.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all the financial resources. The principal sources of revenue are property tax revenues and interest on investments. Primary expenditures of the General Fund were for debt service.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the city receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the city funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the city's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The city considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Property taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Cont.)

Similar to the way revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any short-term, highly liquid investments with initial maturity dates of three months or less.

The District has adopted an investment policy requiring compliance with Oregon statutes, which authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the State of Oregon, and numerous other investment instruments.

The District's investments may consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government District securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The District's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. The LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value of the LGIP is the same as the District's value in the pool shares.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, non-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is included in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF) which was established by the State Treasurer. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

E. Property Taxes

The assessment date for the tax year is July 1. Personal and real property taxes are a lien on July 1. Total personal property tax becomes due and is delinquent when any installment is not paid by its due date. Real property tax is due and payable on November 15. However, a taxpayer may pay real property taxes in three equal installments, due the 15th day of November, February and May. Real property taxes become delinquent if not paid by May 15.

F. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources:

In the governmental funds, property taxes which have not been collected within sixty days subsequent to year-end are not considered measurable and available and are therefore not recognized as revenue, but rather as deferred inflows of resources.

H. Capital Assets

All capital assets which include property and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.) become City of Lebanon (primary government) capital assets and therefore are not reported on the District's Statement of Net Position.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

Government-Wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position, which represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in two components:

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted".

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

J. Equity Classifications (Cont).

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District did not have any nonspendable resources.
- Restricted: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has restricted funds for urban renewal projects.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purpose that are internally imposed by the government through resolution of the highest level of decision making authority, the District Board, and does not lapse at year-end. The District does not have committed resources.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the District Board or through the District Board delegating this responsibility to selected staff members or through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories, and negative fund balances of other governmental funds.

The District's policy is to use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of the constrained fund balances.

K. Use of Estimates

In preparing the District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 -Local Budget Law). The District is required to budget all funds. The budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual receipts and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document. The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

In early spring a preliminary budget calendar, budget preparation manual and budget worksheets are distributed to appropriate department directors. The City Administrator (District Director) and the Finance Director develop a proposed budget, after which the District Director publishes two notices of Budget Committee meetings. No less than five days, or more than thirty days after the notices are published, the Budget Committee (consisting of the District Board and an equal number of citizens of the City of Lebanon) meets to consider the proposed budget. The Budget Message is delivered, explaining the proposed budget and any significant changes in the District's financial position.

The Budget Committee conducts public meetings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, deliberates on, and subsequently approves the proposed budget, which includes any additions or deletions from the one presented by the District Director originally. The Budget Committee then submits the approved budget to the District Board for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by the board without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the board adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, as approved by the budget committee, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The District Board legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution for each fund is the object group level (i.e. personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, and other expenditures). Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

The District Board may change the budget throughout the year by resolution and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the board. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

For discussion of deposit and investment policies and other related information, see Note 1.D.

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized at Note 1.D.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Investments, including amounts held in pool cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market prices, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash is deposited in compliance with Oregon statutes. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's website.

Qualifying depository banks must pledge securities with a particular value based on the bank's level of capitalization. The balances in excess of the FDIC insurance are considered exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the District's deposits was none and there was no ending bank balance. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities with the qualifying depository banks.

<u>Investments</u> - Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Governmental Investment Pool. The District has no credit risk policy or investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2017, the District's investment in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) was unrated.

At June 30, 2017, the District's investments in financial institutions are as follows:

<u>Type of Investment</u>	Fair Value	Credit Rating		
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government				
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 653,756	N/A		
Total Investments	\$ 653,756			

Investments in the LGIP and federal agency notes do not require disclosure credit rating quality.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Concentration of Credit Risk - An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer. This results in a concentration of credit risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). This investment is 100% of the District's total investments.

4. **LONG TERM DEBT**:

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The table below presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue.

		E	tstanding Balance y 1, 2016	and	v Issues Interest atured	and	rincipal Interest Letired	Е	tstanding Balance e 30, 2017	 within e Year
N Gateway U	N Gateway URD - Note Payable with Samaritan Health Services Original Balance \$2,283,572 Interest rate 6%									
	Principal Interest	\$	1,625,589	\$	361,011 80,156	\$	133,050 80,156	\$	1,853,550	\$ 142,581 78,776
	Totals	\$	1,625,589	\$	441,167	\$	213,206	\$	1,853,550	\$ 221,357

The debt service requirements on the above debt is as follows:

Due Fiscal Year Ending June	Principal	Interest	Total		
2018	\$ 142,581	\$ 78,776	\$ 221,357		
2019	142,581	72,716	215,297		
2020	142,581	66,656	209,237		
2021	142,581	60,597	203,178		
2022	142,581	54,537	197,118		
2023-2027	712,905	181,790	894,695		
2028-2032	427,740	36,358	464,098		
Total	\$ 1,853,550	\$ 551,430	\$ 2,404,980		

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. **RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior years and the District has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. The District's insurance is provided in combination with the City of Lebanon.

6. TRANSFERS:

Assets purchased by the District are given to the primary government, the City of Lebanon. This is recorded as an equity transfer on the statement of activities. The amount of equity transferred to the City at the end of the fiscal year was \$361,008.

7. **FUND BALANCE:**

The General Fund ended the fiscal year with a deficit ending fund balance of \$ (1,444,664).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual URBAN RENEWAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 563,000	\$ 563,000	\$ 792,700	\$ 229,700
Investment Revenue	300	300	5,121	4,821
Total Revenues	563,300	563,300	797,821	234,521
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service	290,000	290,000	213,206	(76,794)
Capital Outlay	250,066	250,066	-	(250,066)
Contingency	8,699	8,699		(8,699)
Total Expenditures	548,765	548,765	213,206	(258,765)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	14,535	14,535	584,615	493,286
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Operating Transfer (Out)	(384,535)	(384,535)	(384,535)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(384,535)	(384,535)	(384,535)	-
Net Change In Fund Balance	(370,000)	(370,000)	200,080	493,286
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	370,000	370,000	(1,644,744)	(2,014,744)
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,444,664)	\$ (1,521,458)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Outstanding Balance July 1, 2016	New Issues and Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017		ue within one Year
N Gatewarate 6%	ay URD - Note	e Payable with S	amaritan Health	Services Origi	nal Balance \$2,28	3,572	! Interest
	Principal Interest	\$ 1,625,589	\$ 361,011 80,156	\$ 133,050 80,156	\$ 1,853,550	\$	142,581 78,776
	Totals	\$1,625,589	\$ 441,167	\$ 213,206	\$ 1,853,550	\$	221,357

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tot	al Payment		Principal		Interest	Fiscal Year-end Balance		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:										
N Gateway URD - Note Payable with Samaritan Health Services Original Balance \$2,283,572										
Interest rate 6%										
	2018	\$	221,357	\$	142,581	\$	78,776	\$	1,710,969	
	2019		215,297		142,581		72,716		1,568,388	
	2020		209,237		142,581		66,656		1,425,807	
	2021		203,178		142,581		60,597		1,283,226	
	2022		197,118		142,581		54,537		1,140,645	
	2023		191,058		142,581		48,477		998,064	
	2024		184,999		142,581		42,418		855,483	
	2025		178,939		142,581		36,358		712,902	
	2026		172,879		142,581		30,298		570,321	
	2027		166,820		142,581		24,239		427,740	
	2028		160,760		142,581		18,179		285,159	
	2029		154,700		142,581		12,119		142,578	
	2030		148,638		142,578		6,060		, -	
Totals		\$	2,404,980	\$	1,853,550	\$	551,430			

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

As of June 30, 2017

To the Governing Body of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon Lebanon, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District internal control over financial reporting. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA, PC

Roseburg, Oregon February 1, 2018

NORTHWEST LEBANON URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
LEBANON, OREGON

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

STEVE TUCHSCHERER
Certified Public Accountant

A Professional Corporation

NORTHWEST LEBANON URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

925 S Main Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355 (541) 258-4900

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PAUL AZIZ										Chairman
BOB ELLIOTT								٠	•	Member
WAYNE RIESKAMP								٠	•	Member
FLOYD FISHER								•		Member
JASON BOLEN	•									Member
REBECCA GRIZZLE								٠	•	Member
ROBERT FURLOW					•	•				Member
DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION										
GARY MARKS		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	District Director

NORTHWEST LEBANON URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District Board

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, (the District), a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual on pages 2 - 6 and 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

I have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual described above on pages 22 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and schedules on pages 23-24 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District.

The other supplementary information and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the other supplementary information and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, I have issued my report dated February 1, 2018, on my consideration of the Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the District's compliance.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA

February 1, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

The management of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both a short and a long-term analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

- The District's total assets at June 30, 2017 were \$1,932,267, an increase of \$837,322 or 76.47 percent from the prior year due to an increase in cash.
- The District's total liabilities at June 30, 2017 were \$3,824,576, a decrease of \$471,331 or 10.97 percent from the prior year.
- The District's net position at June 30, 2017 was \$(1,892,309), an increase of \$1,308,653 from the prior year, which is largely due to a reduction of \$487,184 in long term liabilities.
- At June 30, 2017 the District reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,691,539. The entire balance is restricted for Urban Renewal Projects.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes additional supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors such as the condition of buildings, and water and sewer systems facilities.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the *Statement of Activities* is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions of the District that are principally supported by user fee revenues, intergovernmental revenues from grants, and property tax revenues.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, Fund Financial Statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements in a later section of this report. The District has one fund which is considered a governmental type fund.

Governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, these statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund. This statement and schedule demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund. The required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The District's net position at fiscal year-end is \$(1,892,309) this is an increase of \$1,308,653.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for the current and prior year.

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2017	2016		
Assets	_			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,932,267	\$ 1,094,945		
Total Assets	1,932,267	1,094,945		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	560,486	544,633		
Long-Term Liabilities	3,264,090	3,751,274		
Total Liabilities	3,824,576	4,295,907		
Net Position				
Unrestricted	(1,892,309)	(3,200,962)		
Total Net Position	\$ (1,892,309)	\$ (3,200,962)		

Changes in net position - The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$2,555,039. The total cost of all programs and services was \$167,310. The following table shows a comparative analysis of government-wide revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2016-17	2015-16	
Revenues			
Taxes and Assessments	\$2,540,426	\$ 2,499,981	
Interest & Investment Earnings	14,613	26,129	
Total Revenues	2,555,039	2,526,110	
Program Expenses			
Urban Renewal Projects	-	3,700,336	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	167,310		
Total Expenses	167,310	3,700,336	
Transfers	(1,076,342)	-	
Equity Transfers	(2,734)		
Change in Net Position	\$1,308,653	\$(1,174,226)	

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,691,539, an increase of \$841,182. The fund balance constitutes restricted amounts. Of the current fund balance the entire amount is restricted for urban renewal projects.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund resources were budgeted and anticipated to be collected in the amount of \$2,441,000 during the fiscal year. Actual resources of \$2,558,900 were available, \$117,900 more than budgeted. General Fund expenditures budget was under-spent by \$1,153,450 largely due to capital outlay expenditures budgeted and not expended during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District does not have any capital assets or infrastructure due to all capital outlay expenditures being reported as part of the City of Lebanon's capitalized assets.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017 the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$3,751,274. The long-term debt obligations include a loan with Bank of New York Mellon / Zion Bank and Business Oregon IFA for urban renewal projects. Existing debt was reduced by \$471,331. Interest paid on the debt amounted to \$167,310. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017
Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the long-term impacts of the local economy were examined in conjunction with business decisions made by the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District. The following are the major considerations used in developing the 2017-18 budget:

- In August 2000, the District issued \$5,435,000 (Lebanon2020) in construction bonds. The agreement with the bondholders requires that a separate account be set up for debt reserve and debt repayment expenses. For the 2000 issue, interest rates range from 4.75% to 6.00%. These bonds were refinanced in 2010 with over \$200,000 in savings over the remaining life of the bond. The interest rates on the refinanced bonds range from 2.5% to 3.5%. Final maturity for the reissued bonds is in June 2020. (LebanonURD10)
- To acquire funding in support of the Lowes Project, the City arranged with the State for SPWF (Special Public Works Funds) funding through the Economic and Community Development Department. The amount borrowed in 2007 was \$3,677,462 with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 4.375%. Final maturity is in December 2031. (B05003).

The objective of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District (URD) is to provide an accounting for funds collected from URD, make the bond payments on all authorized debt issues and accomplish projects as listed in the URD master plan. The proposed budget estimates underfunding the property tax collections to provide funding back to the other taxing districts.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lebanon Redevelopment District's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lebanon. The office is located inside City Hall at 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government - Wide Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	1,674,075
Property Taxes Receivable		257,148
Special Assessments Receivable		1,044
Total Assets		1,932,267
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Interest Payable		73,302
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable		487,184
Total Current Liabilities		560,486
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:		
Note Payable		3,264,090
Total Long-Term Liabilities		3,264,090
Total Liabilities		3,824,570
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted		(1,892,309
Total Net Position	\$	(1,892,309

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues		Net
Functions / Programs	(Expenses)	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	(Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 167,310	\$	\$	\$ (167,310)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 167,310	\$	\$	\$ (167,310)
<u>G</u>	Interest and In	ixes, Levied f vestment Ear		2,540,426 14,613
	Subtotal - C	General Rever	nues	2,555,039
	Transfer to Pri Equity Transfe	•	ment	(1,076,342) (2,734)
	Change in Net	Position		1,308,653
	Net Position, J	uly 1, 2016		(3,200,962)
	Net Position ,	June 30, 201	7	\$(1,892,309)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

		Urban Renewal General Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and Investments	\$	1,674,075
Property Taxes Receivable		257,148
Special Assessments Receivable		1,044
Total Assets	\$	1,932,267
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	240,728
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:		240,720
Urban Renewal Projects		1,691,539
Total Fund Balances		1,691,539
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,932,267

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total Fr	und Baland	es - Cover	mental	Funds
I OTAL E		ES - CTOVEL	шиеши	1, 1111112

\$ 1,691,539

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Property taxes receivables not collected within 60 days of the current period ending date are deferred in the governmental funds. 240,728

Interest payable that is not recognized in the governmental fund is accrued in the Statement of Net Position. (73,302)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

(3,751,274)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (1,892,309)

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Urban Renewal General Fund
REVENUES:	
Taxes and Assessments	\$2,544,286
Interest and Investment Earnings	14,613
Total Revenues	2,558,899
EXPENDITURES:	
Debt Service	638,641
Capital Outlay	2,734
Total Expenditures	641,375
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,917,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Interfund Transfers (Out)	(1,076,342)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,076,342)
Net Change in Fund Balance	841,182
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	850,357
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$1,691,539

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 841,182

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end and are therefore not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds, instead these funds are shown as deferred revenue.

However, these funds are recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities.

The changes in amounts deferred are as follows:

Property Taxes

(3,860)

Repayment of long-term debt principal amounts are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Retirement of debt principal is as follows:

General Obligations Bonds

471,331

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,308,653

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>:

A. Reporting Entity

The Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon, Oregon (District) was established in 1989. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve industrially zoned property within the District boundaries. The District is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the State of Oregon. The governing body is comprised of the Mayor and the District Board of the City of Lebanon.

The District is a separate legal entity, governed by the City of Lebanon. The District Board has the ability to impose its will over the District as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority and funding for the District. Therefore, under the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District is considered a component unit of the City of Lebanon and the District's financial activities are included as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon as a special revenue fund.

Although a component unit of the City of Lebanon, the District exists and operates separately from the City of Lebanon. Accordingly, the District's financial statements will also be included in the financial statements of the City of Lebanon.

The District has no potential component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District (District) of the City of Lebanon have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. The District's activities are governmental and are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are off-set by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The District has only governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT)</u>:

B. Basis of Presentation (Cont.)

The financial transactions of the District are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District has elected to report its only fund, the General Fund, as a major fund in order to assist in compiling a complete and accurate picture of the financial position of the District.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all the financial resources. The principal sources of revenue are property tax revenues and interest on investments. Primary expenditures of the General Fund were for debt service.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the city receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the city funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the city's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The city considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Property taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Cont.)

Similar to the way revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any short-term, highly liquid investments with initial maturity dates of three months or less.

The District has adopted an investment policy requiring compliance with Oregon statutes, which authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the State of Oregon, and numerous other investment instruments.

The District's investments may consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government District securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The District's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. The LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value of the LGIP is the same as the District's value in the pool shares.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, non-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is included in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF) which was established by the State Treasurer. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

E. Property Taxes

The assessment date for the tax year is July 1. Personal and real property taxes are a lien on July 1. Total personal property tax becomes due and is delinquent when any installment is not paid by its due date. Real property tax is due and payable on November 15. However, a taxpayer may pay real property taxes in three equal installments, due the 15th day of November, February and May. Real property taxes become delinquent if not paid by May 15.

F. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources:

In the governmental funds, property taxes which have not been collected within sixty days subsequent to year-end are not considered measurable and available and are therefore not recognized as revenue, but rather as deferred inflows of resources.

H. <u>Capital Assets</u>

All capital assets which include property and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.) become City of Lebanon (primary government) capital assets and therefore are not reported on the District's Statement of Net Position.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

Government-Wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position, which represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in two components:

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted".

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT):

J. Equity Classifications (Cont).

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District did not have any nonspendable resources.
- Restricted: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has restricted funds for urban renewal projects.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purpose that are internally imposed by the government through resolution of the highest level of decision making authority, the District Board, and does not lapse at year-end. The District does not have committed resources.
- <u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the District Board or through the District Board delegating this responsibility to selected staff members or through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories, and negative fund balances of other governmental funds.

The District's policy is to use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of the constrained fund balances.

K. Use of Estimates

In preparing the District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 -Local Budget Law). The District is required to budget all funds. The budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual receipts and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document. The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

In early spring a preliminary budget calendar, budget preparation manual and budget worksheets are distributed to appropriate department directors. The City Administrator (District Director) and the Finance Director develop a proposed budget, after which the District Director publishes two notices of Budget Committee meetings. No less than five days, or more than thirty days after the notices are published, the Budget Committee (consisting of the District Board and an equal number of citizens of the City of Lebanon) meets to consider the proposed budget. The Budget Message is delivered, explaining the proposed budget and any significant changes in the District's financial position.

The Budget Committee conducts public meetings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, deliberates on, and subsequently approves the proposed budget, which includes any additions or deletions from the one presented by the District Director originally. The Budget Committee then submits the approved budget to the District Board for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by the board without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the board adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, as approved by the budget committee, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The District Board legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution for each fund is the object group level (i.e. personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, and other expenditures). Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

The District Board may change the budget throughout the year by resolution and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the board. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

For discussion of deposit and investment policies and other related information, see Note 1.D.

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized at Note 1.D.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Investments, including amounts held in pool cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market prices, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash is deposited in compliance with Oregon statutes. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's website.

Qualifying depository banks must pledge securities with a particular value based on the bank's level of capitalization. The balances in excess of the FDIC insurance are considered exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2017, the reported amount of the District's deposits was none and there was no ending bank balance. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities with the qualifying depository banks.

<u>Investments</u> - Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Governmental Investment Pool. The District has no credit risk policy or investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Credit Risk - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2017, the District's investment in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) was unrated.

At June 30, 2017, the District's investments in financial institutions are as follows:

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Credit Rating
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government		
Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 1,674,075	N/A
Total Investments	\$ 1,674,075	

Investments in the LGIP and federal agency notes do not require disclosure credit rating quality.

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.):

Concentration of Credit Risk - An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer. This results in a concentration of credit risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). This investment is 100% of the District's total investments.

4. **LONG TERM DEBT**:

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The table below presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue.

GOVERNMENTAL A NW URD - Loan with Bus Interest rate of 4.0 - 4.375%	iness Oregon (IFA		Principal and Interest Retired Trban Renewal Dis	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017 trict. Original balance	Due within One Year ce \$3,611,222.
Principal	\$ 2,772,605	\$ -	\$ 126,331	\$ 2,646,274	\$ 132,184
Interest		118,720	118,720		113,667
Totals	\$ 2,772,605	\$ 118,720	\$ 245,051	\$ 2,646,274	\$ 245,851
NW URD - General Obliga rate 2 - 3.5% Lebanon UR1		nk of New York M	Iellon / Zion Bank	Original Balance \$	3,310,000 Interest
Principal	\$ 1,450,000	\$ -	\$ 345,000	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 355,000
Interest		48,590	48,590		36,515
Totals	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 48,590	\$ 393,590	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 391,515
TOTAL GOVERNM	ENTAL ACTI	VITIES DEBT	AGREEMEN'	ΓS:	
Principal	\$ 4,222,605	\$ -	\$ 471,331	\$ 3,751,274	\$ 487,184
Interest		167,310	167,310	<u>-</u>	150,182
Totals	\$ 4,222,605	\$ 167,310	\$ 638,641	\$ 3,751,274	\$ 637,366

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

The debt service requirements on the above debt is as follows:

Due Fiscal Year			
Ending June	Principal	Interest	Total
Governmental Activities:			
2018	\$ 487,184	\$ 150,182	\$ 637,366
2019	503,072	133,890	636,962
2020	518,994	116,357	635,351
2021	144,984	97,323	242,307
2022	151,034	91,234	242,268
2023-2027	867,893	352,472	1,220,365
2028-2032	1,078,113	145,468	1,223,581
Total	\$ 3,751,274	\$ 1,086,927	\$ 4,838,201

5. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior years and the District has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. The District's insurance is provided in combination with the City of Lebanon.

6. TRANSFERS:

Assets purchased by the District are given to the primary government, the City of Lebanon. This is recorded as an equity transfer on the statement of activities. The amount of equity transferred to the City at the end of the fiscal year was \$2,734.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual URBAN RENEWAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
REVENUES:				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 2,436,000	\$ 2,436,000	\$ 2,544,286	\$ 108,286
Investment Revenue	5,000	5,000	14,614	9,614
Total Revenues	2,441,000	2,441,000	2,558,900	117,900
EXPENDITURES:				
Northwest Gateway Urban Renewal District	18,450	18,450	2,618	(15,832)
Debt Service	638,641	638,641	638,641	-
Capital Outlay	811,936	811,936	117	(811,819)
Contingency	341,631	341,631		(341,631)
Total Expenditures	1,810,658	1,810,658	641,376	(1,153,450)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	630,342	630,342	1,917,524	1,271,350
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES):				
Operating Transfer (Out)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	(1,076,342)	-
Net Change In Fund Balance	(446,000)	(446,000)	841,182	1,271,350
Fund Balance - July 1, 2016	446,000	446,000	850,357	404,357
Fund Balance - June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,691,539	\$ 1,675,707

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND SCHEDULES

NORTHWEST URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

GOVERNMENTAL	Outstanding Balance July 1, 2016 ACTIVITIES:	New Issues and Interest Matured	Principal and Interest Retired	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
NW URD - Loan with E Interest rate of 4.0 - 4.37	• ,	*	Urban Renewal I	District. Original bal	ance \$3,611,222.
Principal Interest	\$ 2,772,605	\$ - 118,720	\$ 126,331 118,720	\$ 2,646,274	\$ 132,184 113,667
Totals	\$ 2,772,605	\$ 118,720	\$ 245,051	\$ 2,646,274	\$ 245,851
NW URD - General Obl Interest rate 2 - 3.5% Le	•	Bank of New York	x Mellon / Zion B	ank Original Balan	ice \$3,310,000
Principal Interest	\$ 1,450,000 -	\$ - 48,590	\$ 345,000 48,590	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 355,000 36,515
Totals	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 48,590	\$ 393,590	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 391,515
TOTAL GOVERNM	ENTAL ACTIV	ITIES DEBT A	GREEMENT	S:	
Principal	\$ 4,222,605	\$ -	\$ 471,331	\$ 3,751,274	\$ 487,184
Interest		167,310	167,310		150,182
Totals	\$ 4,222,605	\$ 167,310	\$ 638,641	\$ 3,751,274	\$ 637,366

NORTHWEST URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tot	cal Payment		Principal]	Interest	Fiscal Year-end Balance
GOVERNMENT	AL ACT	IVIT	IES:				·	
NW URD - Loan	with Busin	ness (Oregon (IFA)	for l	Northwest Url	ban F	Renewal Dist	rict. Original
balance \$3,611,22	2. Interest	rate	of 4.0 - 4.375	5%.	Loan # B0500)3		
	2018	\$	245,851	\$	132,184	\$	113,667	2,514,090
	2019		241,452		133,072		108,380	2,381,018
	2020		242,051		138,994		103,057	2,242,024
	2021		242,307		144,984		97,323	2,097,040
	2022		242,268		151,034		91,234	1,946,006
	2023		241,955		157,140		84,815	1,788,866
	2024		246,430		168,293		78,137	1,620,573
	2025		245,410		174,510		70,900	1,446,063
	2026		244,066		180,801		63,265	1,265,262
	2027		242,504		187,149		55,355	1,078,113
	2028		245,722		198,555		47,167	879,558
	2029		243,504		205,023		38,481	674,535
	2030		246,066		216,556		29,510	457,979
	2031		243,192		223,155		20,037	234,824
	2032		245,098		234,824		10,274	-
Totals		\$	3,657,876	\$	2,646,274	\$ 1	,011,602	
NW URD - Gener Balance \$3,310,00	_					Ielloi	n / Zion Bank	c Original
	2018	\$	391,515	\$	355,000	\$	36,515	750,000
	2019	•	395,510		370,000		25,510	380,000
	2020		393,300		380,000		13,300	-

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Lebanon)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

As of June 30, 2017

To the Governing Body of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon Lebanon, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Northwest Lebanon Urban Renewal District of the City of Lebanon (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District internal control over financial reporting. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Steve Tuchscherer, CPA, PC

Roseburg, Oregon February 1, 2018