

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2015



CITY OFFICIALS

June 30, 2015

MAYOR

Paul Aziz 312 E. Sherman Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

CITY COUNCIL

Wayne Rieskamp 87 West Cedar Drive Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Bob Elliott, Council President 795 Binshadler Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Floyd Fisher 170 S. 2nd Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Jason Bolen 3426 Duck Place Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Rebecca Grizzle 333 E. Ash Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Robert Furlow (appointed July 23, 2014) 785 Wassom Street Lebanon, OR 97355

CITY MANAGER

Gary Marks

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Paul Aziz, Mayor And Members of the City Council City of Lebanon Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Lebanon, Linn County, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud of error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Lebanon, Linn County, Oregon as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

The City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions, as well as the provisions of GASB Statement No. 71, Pensions Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, for the year ended June 30, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress and employer contributions and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 11 and 56 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lebanon's basic financial statements. The individual fund schedules and schedule of property tax transactions are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The aforementioned information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other

records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2015 on our tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Accuity, LLC

Ву: __

Kori L. Sarrett, CPA

Albany, Oregon December 28, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

INTRODUCTION

As management of the City of Lebanon, Linn County, Oregon, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2015, total net position of the City of Lebanon amounted to \$48,319,523. Of this amount, \$30,742,794 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The remaining balance included \$9,679,144 restricted for various purposes and \$7,897,585 of unrestricted net position.
- The City's total net position increased by \$8,012,825 during the current fiscal year.
- Overall revenues were \$26,428,279, which exceeded total expenses of \$18,415,454 by \$8,012,825.
- The city completed a refinancing of two debt issues with a net savings on the 2007 GO Bond of \$1,155,310 and \$85,617 on the 2007 Siemens Wastewater Loan.
- The City adopted GASB 68 which required the City to recognize the long-term obligation for pension benefits. GASB 68 enhanced the accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information. The net effect of GASB 68 is a reduction in the beginning net position on the government wide statements of \$4,289,326.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Lebanon's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and community planning and development.

The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer and storm drainage services. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements overseeing the use of fund accounting. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City of Lebanon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

□ Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Special Revenue, Northwest Urban Renewal District, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

The City of Lebanon adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund individually to demonstrate compliance with their respective budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report.

□ Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains one enterprise fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water, sewer and storm drain utility operations.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

☐ Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is the same as that used for governmental funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 23 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 55 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, which includes budgetary comparison information for the General, Special Revenue, Northwest Urban Renewal, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal, and North Gateway Urban Renewal Funds. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 56 through 62 of this report.

Individual fund schedules can be found immediately following the required supplementary information on pages 63 through 67 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$48,319,523, at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This was an increase in net assets of 19%. The City adopted GASB 68 which required the City to recognize the long-term obligation for pension benefits. GASB 68 enhanced the accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information. The net effect of GASB 68 is a reduction in the beginning net position balance on the government wide statements of \$4,289,326.

A large portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City's Net position

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City was able to report positive balances in all categories of net position. The City's net position increased by \$8,012,825 during the current fiscal year.

Condensed statement of net position information is shown below.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-T	ype Activities	Totals			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Assets								
Current assets	\$ 3,294,919	\$ 2,395,906	\$ 6,175,401	\$ 4,108,828	\$ 9,470,320	\$ 6,504,734		
Restricted assets	10,502,154	10,196,486	-	-	10,502,154	10,196,486		
Noncurrent assets	2,295,850	2,414,407	99,324	154,777	2,395,174	2,569,184		
Net capital assets	33,545,085	34,800,641	44,052,454	42,662,018	77,597,539	77,462,659		
Total assets	49,638,008	49,807,440	50,327,179	46,925,623	99,965,187	96,733,063		
Deferred Outflows	426,730	509,970	31,135	37,208	457,865	547,178		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	3,701,678	3,616,021	1,229,535	1,049,491	4,931,213	4,665,512		
Noncurrent liabilities	36,298,614	43,149,565	8,020,228	9,158,466	44,318,842	52,308,031		
Total liabilities	40,000,292	46,765,586	9,249,763	10,207,957	49,250,055	56,973,543		
Deferred Inflows	2,659,438		194,036		2,853,474			
Net position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	(4,571,488)	(5,561,848)	35,314,282	33,176,772	30,742,794	27,614,924		
Restricted	9,307,133	9,077,679	372,011	372,011	9,679,144	9,449,690		
Unrestricted	2,669,363	35,993	5,228,222	3,206,091	7,897,585	3,242,084		
Total net position	\$ 7,405,008	\$ 3,551,824	\$ 40,914,515	\$ 36,754,874	\$ 48,319,523	\$ 40,306,698		

City's Changes in Net position

The condensed statement of activities information shown on the following page explains changes in net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	e Activities Tot		
	2015	2014		2015 2014		2014	
Program revenues					2015		
Charges for services	\$ 961,410	\$ 833,670	\$ 9,938,954	\$ 9,428,022	\$ 10,900,364	\$ 10,261,692	
Operating grants and contributions	310,046	291,697	4,207	-	314,253	291,697	
Capital grants and contributions	219,070		<u>-</u>		219,070	<u>-</u>	
Total program revenues	1,490,526	1,125,367	9,943,161	9,428,022	11,433,687	10,553,389	
General revenues							
Property taxes - general	6,618,292	5,968,262	-	-	6,618,292	5,968,262	
Property taxes - debt service	2,080,147	2,348,076	-	-	2,080,147	2,348,076	
Franchise taxes	2,099,554	2,000,707	-	-	2,099,554	2,000,707	
Motor fuel taxes	907,817	895,783	_	-	907,817	895,783	
Alcohol/cigarette taxes	247,478	240,676	-	-	247,478	240,676	
Transient room taxes	69,872	53,412	-	-	69,872	53,412	
Intergovernmental	174,866	168,922	_	-	174,866	168,922	
Unrestricted grants							
and contributions	397,395	81,801	-	-	397,395	81,801	
Investment income	154,932	151,205	34,778	15,447	189,710	166,652	
Pension credit	1,256,759	-	91,695	-	1,348,454	-	
Miscellaneous revenue	757,083	1,007,001	103,924	107,341	861,007	1,114,342	
Total general revenues	14,764,195	12,915,845	230,397	122,788	14,994,592	13,038,633	
Total revenues	16,254,721	14,041,212	10,173,558	9,550,810	26,428,279	23,592,022	
Program expenses							
General Government	3,838,417	16,032,243	-	-	3,838,417	16,032,243	
Public Safety	4,371,024	4,492,848	_	-	4,371,024	4,492,848	
Highways and streets	924,469	735,708	-	-	924,469	735,708	
Culture and recreation	1,463,996	1,562,044	-	-	1,463,996	1,562,044	
Community planning and dev.	1,313,438	1,604,091	_	-	1,313,438	1,604,091	
Interest on long-term debt	1,465,963	974,686	-	-	1,465,963	974,686	
Water	-	-	1,712,057	1,403,335	1,712,057	1,403,335	
Wastewater	-	-	3,093,617	1,962,983	3,093,617	1,962,983	
Storm Drainage			232,473	174,433	232,473	174,433	
Total program expenses	13,377,307	25,401,620	5,038,147	3,540,751	18,415,454	28,942,371	
Transfers	975,770	(3,583,491)	(975,770)	3,583,491			
Change in net position	3,853,184	(14,943,899)	4,159,641	9,593,550	8,012,825	(5,350,349)	
Net position -							
beginning of year, as restated	3,551,824	18,495,723	36,754,874	27,161,324	40,306,698	45,657,047	
Net position - end of year	\$ 7,405,008	\$ 3,551,824	\$ 40,914,515	\$ 36,754,874	\$ 48,319,523	\$ 40,306,698	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measurement of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,084,750, an increase of \$1,074,850 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund amounted to \$1,836,626, an increase of \$847,769 over the prior year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of the proprietary fund amounted to \$40,914,515 at year-end. Of this amount, \$35,314,282 was invested in capital assets net of related debt, \$372,011 restricted for debt service, and the remaining balance of \$5,228,222 was unrestricted.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts; four approved supplemental budgets and two approved appropriation changes.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Lebanon's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$33,545,085 and \$44,052,454 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Total depreciation expense related to the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$1,471,734 and \$1,177,820, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Major capital assets activities during the year included completion of the following projects:

- Vine Street sewer replacement
- Sewer lateral program replaced 10 property owners sewer laterals
- Cascade Road improvements
- River Road property purchase for water treatment plant upgrades

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note III-D on pages 37 through 40 of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$46,854,745. This amount is comprised of debt backed by general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, notes and loans payable, and related premiums. The City's total debt decreased by \$2,992,990 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note III-G on pages 41 through 47 of this report.

KEY ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGET INFORMATION FOR THE FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the City was aware of the following circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

- PERS rate increases are expected. Rates for the 7/1/17 6/30/19 period were announced. Tier 1 & 2 18.65% up 28%, OPSRP general 9.2%, and OPSRP police 14% up 23.1%.
- Property tax revenue increased over last year. It is hoped for and anticipated that with economic growth this trend will continue.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Finance Manager, City of Lebanon, 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LEBANON

Linn County, Oregon

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,164,030	\$ 4,752,121	\$ 6,916,151
Receivables, net - current portion	639,152	1,343,600	1,982,752
Property taxes receivable	406,603	-	406,603
Due from other funds	-	77,388	77,388
Special assessments receivable	29,929	-	29,929
Prepaid expenses	55,205	2,292	57,497
Total current assets	3,294,919	6,175,401	9,470,320
Restricted assets			
Cash and investments	9,364,758		9,364,758
Receivables, net	310,404	-	310,404
Special assessments receivable	360,574	-	360,574
Property taxes receivable	466,418		466,418
Total restricted assets	10,502,154		10,502,154
Receivables, net - less current portion	934,514	-	934,514
Net pension asset	1,361,336	99,324	1,460,660
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,511,591	9,176,514	11,688,105
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	31,033,494	34,875,940	65,909,434
Total assets	49,638,008	50,327,179	99,965,187
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	426,730	31,135	457,865
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	398,073	94,016	492,089
Payroll liabilities	639,134	-	639,134
Due to other funds	77,388	-	77,388
Accrued interest payable	238,726	78,010	316,736
Compensated absences payable, current portion	64,957	5,134	70,091
Deposits payable	-	294,970	294,970
Long-term liabilities, current portion	2,283,400	757,405	3,040,805
Total current liabilities	3,701,678	1,229,535	4,931,213
			(Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

(Continued)

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	35,833,173	7,980,767	43,813,940
Compensated absences payable, less current portion	465,441	39,461	504,902
Total noncurrent liabilities	36,298,614	8,020,228	44,318,842
Total liabilities	40,000,292	9,249,763	49,250,055
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 2,659,438	\$ 194,036	\$ 2,853,474
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	(4,571,488)	35,314,282	30,742,794
Restricted for:			
Debt service	394,633	372,011	766,644
Capital improvements	6,010,586	-	6,010,586
Urban renewal	1,833,600	-	1,833,600
Grant projects	1,068,314	-	1,068,314
Unrestricted	2,669,363	5,228,222	7,897,585
Total net position	\$ 7,405,008	\$ 40,914,515	\$ 48,319,523

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Capital Operating Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Functions/Programs Contributions Contributions Expenses Services Activities Activities Total Governmental activities General Government \$ 3,838,417 425,842 \$ 198,976 \$ (3,213,599) (3,213,599) Public Safety 4,371,024 471,251 11,879 (3,887,894) (3,887,894) 924,469 14,150 219,005 (691,314)(691,314) Highways and streets Culture and recreation 1,463,996 64,317 85,041 65 (1,314,573)(1,314,573) Community planning and development 1,313,438 (1,313,438)(1,313,438)Interest on long-term debt 1,465,963 (1,465,963)(1,465,963)Total governmental activities 13,377,307 961,410 310,046 219,070 (11,886,781)(11,886,781) Business-type activities Water 1,712,057 4,533,296 4,207 \$ 2,825,446 2,825,446 Wastewater 3,093,617 4,980,435 1,886,818 1,886,818 Storm Drainage 232,473 425,223 192,750 192,750 Total business-type activities 5,038,147 9,938,954 4,207 4,905,014 4,905,014 General revenues Property taxes levied for general purposes 6,618,292 6,618,292 Property taxes levied for debt service 2,080,147 2,080,147 Franchise taxes 2,099,554 2,099,554 Motor fuel taxes 907,817 907,817 Alcohol/cigarette taxes 247,478 247,478 Transient room taxes 69,872 69,872 Intergovernmental 174,866 174,866 Unrestricted grants and contributions 397,395 397,395 Investment income 154,932 34,778 189,710 757,083 Miscellaneous revenue 103,924 861,007 1,348,454 Pension credit 1,256,759 91,695 230,397 Total general revenues 14,764,195 14,994,592 Transfers 975,770 (975,770)Change in net position 8,012,825 3,853,184 4,159,641 Net position - beginning, as restated 3,551,824 36,754,874 40,306,698

Net position - ending

7,405,008

40,914,515

48,319,523

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Northwest Urban Renewal District		Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,164,030	\$	786,357	\$	2,932,344	\$	224,725
Accounts receivable		219,152		275,690		-		-
Property taxes receivable		406,603		-		249,975		30,942
Loans receivable		29,929		3,078		1,044		-
Court fines receivable		1,354,514		_		-		-
Due from other funds		-		134,099		-		=
Prepaid and other expenses		55,205		2,319				
Total assets	\$	4,229,433	\$	1,201,543	\$	3,183,363	\$	255,667
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	19,063	\$	42,075	\$	323,526	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		136,517		-
Payroll liabilities		637,674		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities		656,737		42,075		460,043		<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		385,141		3,078		233,853		28,982
Unavailable revenue - court fines		1,350,929		-		-		, -
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,736,070		3,078		233,853		28,982
Fund balances								
Nonspendable - prepaid items Restricted for:		55,205		2,319		-		-
Grant projects		_		1,068,314		_		_
Capital improvements		_		-		-		-
Urban renewal		_		_		2,489,467		-
Debt service		_		_		-		_
Committed for insurance costs		24,931		85,757		-		=
Assigned for petty cash		1,800		-		-		=
Unassigned		1,754,690						226,685
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,836,626		1,156,390		2,489,467		226,685
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	4,229,433	\$	1,201,543	\$	3,183,363	\$	255,667
The accompanying notes are an integral part of	thes	o financial st		an ka				

	rth Gateway an Renewal District	De	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total overnmental Funds
\$	205,672	\$	237,761	\$	4,977,899 34,714	\$	11,528,788 529,556
	28,629		156,872		-		873,021
	-		-		356,452		390,503
	-		-		-		1,354,514
	-		-		1,015,161		1,149,260
							57,524
\$	234,301	\$	394,633	\$	6,384,226	\$	15,883,166
\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,188	\$	401,852
·	1,090,131	·	-	·	-		1,226,648
	-		=		=		637,674
	1,090,131		<u>-</u>		17,188	_	2,266,174
	26,722 -		147,085 -		356,452 -		1,181,313 1,350,929
	26,722		147,085		356,452		2,532,242
	-		-		-		57,524
	_		_		-		1,068,314
	-		-		6,010,586		6,010,586
	-		-		-		2,489,467
	-		247,548		-		247,548
	-		-		-		110,688
	-		-		-		1,800
	(882,552)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,098,823
	(882,552)		247,548		6,010,586		11,084,750
\$	234,301	\$	394,633	\$	6,384,226	\$	15,883,166

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total fund balances		\$ 11,084,750
Capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds: Cost Accumulated depreciation	91,190,423 (57,645,338)	33,545,085
Property tax revenue is recognized in the net position of governmental activities when the taxes are levied; however, in the governmental fund statements, it is recognized when available to be used for current year operations. Taxes not collected within 30 days of the end of the year are not considered available to pay for current year operations and are therefore not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		1,181,313
Court fines and fees are recognized as revenue in the net position of governmental activities when the fines are assessed; however, in the governmental fund statements, they are recognized when available to be used for current year operations		1,350,929
The net pension asset is not available to pay current period expenditures and is therefore deferred in the governmental funds		1,361,336
Current year PERS contirbutions are deferred outflows of resources that will be recognized as expenditures in the subsequent year.		426,730
The proportionate share of net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments will be amortized over the next five years.		(2,659,438)
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather, is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of:		
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences payable	(238,726) (530,398)	
Bonds payable, including premiums Notes payable	(32,761,389) (5,355,184)	(38,885,697)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,405,008

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Northwest Urban Renewal District		Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	4,038,625	\$	-	\$	2,500,987	\$	341,886	
Liquor taxes		226,500		-		-		-	
Cigarette taxes		20,978		-		-		-	
Franchise taxes		2,098,383		1,171		-		-	
Transient room taxes		-		70,152		-		-	
Fees and charges		-		490,857		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		991,846		-		-	
State revenue sharing		174,586		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		4,520		-		-		-	
Forfeiture revenue		338,432		52,771		-		-	
Fines		133,607		-		-		-	
Grants and contributions		-		477,023		-		-	
Investment earnings		45,895		7,335		46,579		4,338	
Miscellaneous		164,546		55,108		<u>-</u>			
Total revenues		7,246,072	_	2,146,263		2,547,566		346,224	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		1,426,453		667,350		107,140		-	
Public Safety		4,311,642		51,628		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		620,745		-		-	
Culture and recreation		1,001,681		335,005		-		320	
Community planning		1,193,993		119,445		-		-	
Debt service		139,608		-		630,942		63,403	
Capital outlay		14,096		431,431		1,019,179		<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures		8,087,473	_	2,225,604		1,757,261		63,723	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(841,401)		(79,341)		790,305		282,501	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		2,189,789		858,393		_		-	
Transfers out		(500,619)		(962,557)		(1,017,516)		(58,142)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,689,170		(104,164)		(1,017,516)		(58,142)	
Net change in fund balances		847,769		(183,505)		(227,211)		224,359	
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning, as restated		988,857	_	1,339,895		2,716,678	-	2,326	
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	1,836,626	\$	1,156,390	\$	2,489,467	\$	226,685	

North Gateway							Total	
Urban Renewal		D	ebt Service		Capital	Governmental		
	District		Fund	Proj	ects Fund		Funds	
\$	385,566	\$	1,436,755	\$	-	\$	8,703,819	
	-		-		-		226,500	
	-		-		-		20,978	
	-		-		-		2,099,554	
	-		-		-		70,152	
	-		-		369,833		860,690	
	-		-		-		991,846	
	-		-		-		174,586	
	-		-		-		4,520	
	-		-		-		391,203	
	-		-		-		133,607	
	-		-		365,394		842,417	
	1,329		9,498		38,247		153,221	
	<u> </u>		-		14,413		234,067	
	386,895		1,446,253		787,887		14,907,160	
	66,243		-		-		2,267,186	
	-		-		8,504		4,371,774	
	-		-		26,750		647,495	
	-		-		69,341		1,406,347	
	_		-		-		1,313,438	
	93,855		2,935,620		-		3,863,428	
			_		766,893		2,231,599	
	160,098		2,935,620		871,488		16,101,267	
	226,797		(1,489,367)		(83,601)		(1,194,107)	
-								
			1 510 550		220.045		4.007.700	
	- (E7 022)		1,519,573		338,965		4,906,720	
	(57,033)				(41,896)		(2,637,763)	
	(57,033)		1,519,573		297,069		2,268,957	
	169,764		30,206		213,468		1,074,850	
	(1,052,316)		217,342		5,797,118	_	10,009,900	
\$	(882,552)	\$	247,548	\$	6,010,586	\$	11,084,750	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances		\$ 1,074,850
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and are reported as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense recorded in current year	216,178 (1,471,734)	(1,255,556)
Changes in net pension assets and liabilities, as well as the related changes in deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are not recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds.		1,683,489
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. In the statement of net position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Debt principal paid		2,215,366
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are therefore not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Accrued interest Amortization of debt premium	(39,298) 50,131 30,550	41,383
Property taxes and court fines that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. On the statement of activities, property taxes are recognized as revenue when levied, and court fines are recognized when assessed.		 93,652
Change in net position		\$ 3,853,184

CITY OF LEBANON

Linn County, Oregon

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities
	Enterprise
ACCETC	Fund
ASSETS Current assets	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,752,121
Accounts receivable	1,343,600
Due from other funds	77,388
Prepaid expenses	2,292
Total current assets	6,175,401
Net pension asset	99,324
Capital assets not being depreciated	9,176,514
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	34,875,940
Total assets	50,327,179
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	31,135
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	94,016
Accrued interest	78,010
Compensated absences, current portion	5,134
Deposit liability	294,970
Long-term liabilities, current portion	757,405
Total current liabilities	1,229,535
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences, less current portion	39,461
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	7,980,767
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,020,228
Total liabilities	9,249,763
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	194,036
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	35,314,282
Restricted for debt service	372,011
Unrestricted	5,228,222
Total net position	\$ 40,914,515

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	
Water charges	\$ 4,533,296
Wastewater charges	4,980,435
Storm drain charges	425,223
Miscellaneous	103,924
Total operating revenues	10,042,878
Operating expenses	
Water utility	1,303,148
Water utility capital improvement program	402,678
Storm drain utility	35,283
Wastewater utility	1,766,639
Wastewater utility capital improvement program	11,325
Depreciation	1,177,824
Total operating expenses	4,696,897
Operating income (loss)	5,345,981
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Investment earnings	34,778
Grant revenue	4,207
Pension credit	91,695
Interest expense	(341,250)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(210,570)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	5,135,411
Transfers in	(975,770)
Change in net position	4,159,641
Net position - beginning, as restated	36,754,874
Net position - ending	\$ 40,914,515

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to employees	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund \$ 9,952,287 (569,787)
Payments to suppliers Other receipts	(2,984,138) 103,924
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	6,502,286
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from other funds	411 770
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	411,773 411,773
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	411,773
Acquisition of capital assets Capital grants Principal paid on long term debt Interest paid on long term debt	(3,875,594) 4,207 (733,682) (341,250)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(4,946,319)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments	34,778
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	34,778
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,002,518
Cash and investments - beginning	2,749,603
Cash and investments - ending	\$ 4,752,121
	(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Continued)

	Business-Type	
	Activities	
	Enterprise	
		Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,345,981
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		1,177,824
Amortization of bond premium		(13,392)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Receivables		(13,333)
Increase (decrease)		
Accounts payable		(10,561)
Deposit liability		15,080
Compensated absences		6,760
Deferred outflows of resources		(6,073)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,502,286

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_Agency Fund
	Bail
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,091
Accounts receivable	4,479
Total assets	<u>\$ 19,570</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to other agencies	13,755
Bail payable	5,815
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 19,570</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Lebanon, Oregon is governed by an elected mayor and six council members who comprise the City Council. The City Council exercises supervisory responsibilities over the City operations, but day-to-day management control is the responsibility of the city manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government.

1. Blended component units - Northwest Urban Renewal District, Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District, North Gateway Urban Renewal District

The aforementioned urban renewal districts serve areas either within the existing city limits of the City of Lebanon or under delayed annexation agreements requiring annexation to the City at the option of the Lebanon City Council. Board members for each agency consist of all of the members of the Lebanon City Council. Each component unit issues separate financial statements. The financial statements can be obtained from the agencies at 925 Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355 or at the City's website at www.ci.lebanon.or.us.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities incorporate data from governmental funds, while the business-type activities incorporate data from enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for all governmental and proprietary funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate financial statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenues with specific purpose restrictions including state highway tax, and grants. The primary sources of revenue are state highway tax revenues and grants.

Northwest Urban Renewal District – In 1989, the City established the Northwest Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve industrially zoned property within the District boundaries. The area is located west of Highway 20 and north of Highway 34. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District - In 2000, the City established the Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for development of infrastructure to serve a blighted area of Lebanon generally located north of Cheadle Lake. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

North Gateway Urban Renewal District – The North Gateway Urban Renewal District was approved in September 2008. The District was established to serve the area where a new medical campus was to be developed. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the repayment of the City's long-term general obligation and pension obligation debt. The primary sources of revenue are property taxes and pension charges to City funds. The primary use of funds is principal and interest due on long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the purchase, construction, and major repair of governmental capital assets. The primary sources of revenue are system development charges, donations and grants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> – The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water, sewer and storm drain utility services. The primary source of revenue is user charges.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Trust & Agency Fund</u> - The Trust & Agency Fund is used for holding funds in trust that are received from clients of the Municipal Court.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activity column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount received during the period or within the availability period for this revenues source (within 30 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City budgets all funds in accordance with the requirements of state law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, capital projects, debt service and enterprise funds. The City begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members. The budget officer prepares a budget, which is reviewed by the budget committee. The budget is then published in proposed form and is presented at public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and approval from the budget committee. The budget is legally adopted by the City Council by resolution prior to the beginning of the City's fiscal year. The council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total personnel services, materials and services, debt service, capital outlay, interfund transfers, and operating contingencies are the levels of control established by the resolution. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories and management may revise the detailed line item budgets within appropriation categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets of less than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

approval by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. During the year, there were four supplemental budgets.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts and two approved appropriation changes.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with remaining maturities of one year or less at the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in legally issued obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, or California, certain interest-bearing bonds, time deposit open accounts, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts in banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations that maintain a head office or a branch in this state in the capacity of a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association, and share accounts and savings accounts in credit unions in the name of, or for the benefit of, a member of the credit union pursuant to a plan of deferred compensation.

2. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable represent assessment for property improvements. Assessment are recognized at the time the property owners are assessed, interest is accrued when due. Management has determined that no allowance is necessary.

3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to good and services type tansactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and paybles." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Intefund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the statement of net position.

4. Accounts Receivable

Receivables are recorded as revenue when earned. Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is calculated by management based on prior collection experience.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance or repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend its life are charged to expenditures as incurred and are not capitalized. Major capital outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Equipment	5-40
Water and sewer systems	40
Licensed vehicles	5-10
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	50

6. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures when paid. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (non-pension related)

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement elements, deferred

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned, fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The city council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The city council (council) has by resolution authorized the City Administrator to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The City has adopted a minimum fund balance policy that requires undesignated reserves of 17% of the next year's budgeted expenditures (exclusive of transfers and contingency).

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes and other intentionally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of July 1st. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed on July 1) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed on January 1) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due 15 days after the respective billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

remittances of collection to entities levying taxes. Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 on property values assessed as of June 30. Property taxes are payable in three installments, which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15.

Uncollected property taxes are shown as assets in the governmental funds. Property taxes collected within approximately 30 days of fiscal year-end are recognized as revenue, while the remaining are recorded as deferred inflows of resources because they are not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

3. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including erfunds of employee contirbutions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The City expended funds in excess of the amounts appropriated, which is in violation or ORS 294.100. The following appropriation was over-expended for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Fund	Department	Appropriations		Appropriations		Expe	nditures	 Excess
						 _		
General Fund	Human Resources	\$	93,763	\$	98,715	\$ 4,952		

B. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2015, the N. Gateway Urban Renewal District had a deficit fund balance of \$882,552 due to interfund payables. The deficit will be corrected as property tax revenue is received.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The City of Lebanon maintains a cash and cash equivalents pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Because the pool operates as a demand deposit account, each fund's portion of this pool is classified on the combined balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents; however, Oregon Short-Term Fund investments are disclosed below and classified by custodial credit risk for investments.

The Treasurer makes short-term and long-term investments, which are held separately by several of the State's funds. Other investments are made directly by state agencies rather than by the Treasurer, although only a few agencies are authorized to make such investments and then only for specific programs. The State Treasury's direct investments in short-term securities are limited by portfolio rules established by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and the Oregon Investment Council.

A separate financial report for the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board is prepared by the Treasurer in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External* Investment *Pools*. Copies of the report can be obtained from the Oregon State Treasury, Finance Division, 350 Winter Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, Oregon 97301-3896.

Participants' account balances in the Oregon Short-Term Fund are determined by the amount of participants' deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed interest. Interest is calculated and accrued daily on each participant's account based on the ending account balance and a variable interest rate determined periodically by the Oregon State Treasury. The interest rate approximates the actual yield of the Oregon Short-Term Fund, exclusive of unrealized gains and losses.

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Government Investment

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Pool. The City's policy, which adheres to state law, is to limit its investments to the following: issuers within Oregon must be rated "A" (bonds) or A-2/P-2 (commercial paper) or better by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service or any other national recognized statistical rating organization. Issuers not in Oregon must be rated AA/Aa (bonds) or A-1/P-1 (commercial paper) or better.

At June 30, 2015, the City's investments were rated as follows:

Credit Quality Rating	Federal Agency Obligations	Municipal Bonds	Corporate Bonds	LGIP	Total
Unrated	\$ 3,486,859	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,960,537	\$ 11,447,396
Moody Aa1	-	300,132	197,963	-	498,095
Moody Aa2	-	199,496	1,608,734	-	1,808,230
Moody Aa3	-	332,565	804,901	-	1,137,466
Moody A1	-	-	204,807	-	204,807
Moody Aaa	-	-	805,251	-	805,251
Moody Aa	-	-	203,581	-	203,581
S&P AA		130,066			130,066
Total investments	\$ 3,486,859	\$ 962,259	\$ 3,825,237	\$ 7,960,537	\$ 16,234,892

<u>Investments</u>

As of June 30, 2015, the City had the following investments:

	Percent of		
	Investment Portfolio	Maturities	Fair Value
		- Triatalities	Tail value
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	49%	-	\$ 7,960,537
Federal Agency Obligations	21%	1 - 3 years	3,486,859
Municipal Bonds	6%	1 - 3 years	962,260
Corporate Bonds	24%	1 - 3 years	3,825,236
Total investments			\$ 16,234,892

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investments policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting investment maturity. All the investments above, except for the investment in the Local Government Investment Pool which is not evidenced by securities, are held in an independent third-party safekeeping institution in the City of Lebanon's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's policy for investing in individual issuers varies depending on the type of investments. U.S. Treasury and agency securities do not have restrictions regarding concentration with any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All City deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon, organized in accordance with ORS 295. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at a minimum of 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities.

The City holds accounts at Wells Fargo and Key Bank, for which deposits are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2015, the City had deposits of \$289,900 insured by the FDIC and \$220,891 collateralized under the PFCP.

Deposits

The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,700
Checking account	44,317
Total investments	 16,234,892
Total deposits and investments	\$ 16,280,909

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Cash and investments by fund:

Governmental activities - unrestricted	
General Fund	\$ 2,164,030
Pusings type activities unwestricted	
Business-type activities - unrestricted	4.770.404
Enterprise Fund	4,752,121
Total unrestricted cash and investments	6,916,151
Governmental activities - restricted	
Special Revenue Fund	786,357
Northwest Urban Renewal District	2,932,344
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District	224,725
North Gateway Urban Renewal District	205,672
Debt Service Fund	237,761
Capital Projects Fund	4,977,899
Total governmental-activities - restricted	9,364,758
Total cash and investments	\$ 16,280,909

B. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are held for debt service, grant projects, urban renewal, and capital improvements. Restricted assets at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Go	Governmental	
		Activities	
Restricted assets			
Cash and investments	\$	9,364,758	
Receivables, net		310,404	
Special assessments (loans) receivable		360,574	
Property taxes receivable		466,418	
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	10,502,154	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

C. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2015, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities
Short-term receivables			
Franchise fees	\$	162,762	\$ -
Court fines		420,000	-
Intergovernmental		281,535	-
Grants		43,592	-
Utilities		-	1,343,600
Other		41,667	
Total short-term receivables (including \$633,919 of unrestricted			
receivables, and \$110,482 of restricted receivables)		949,556	1,343,600
Long-term receivables			
Court fines		1,005,804	-
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(71,290)	 <u>-</u> _
Total long-term receivables		934,514	
Total receivables	\$	1,884,070	\$ 1,343,600

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported on the statement of net position as follows:

	Capital Assets	-		1	
Governmental activities					
Land	\$ 2,403,825	\$ -	\$ 2,403,825		
Construction in progress	107,766	-	107,766		
Buildings	18,419,585	(3,789,258)	14,630,327		
Vehicles	2,173,120	(1,777,961)	395,159		
Machinery and equipment	3,794,413	(2,665,191)	1,129,222		
Infrastructure	64,291,714	(49,412,928)	14,878,786		
Total governmental capital assets	\$ 91,190,423	\$ (57,645,338)	\$ 33,545,085		
			(Continued)		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Capital assets are reported on the statement of net position as follows:

	Capital Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Capital Assets
(Continued)			
Business-type activities			
Land	\$ 1,278,826	\$ -	\$ 1,278,826
Construction in progress	7,897,688	-	7,897,688
Buildings	8,424,953	(4,265,670)	4,159,283
Vehicles	1,020,549	(919,497)	101,052
Machinery and equipment	4,352,202	(2,785,985)	1,566,217
Infrastructure	1,485,870	(84,998)	1,400,872
Water/sewer assets	37,226,576	(9,578,060)	27,648,516
Total business-type capital assets	\$ 61,686,664	\$ (17,634,210)	\$ 44,052,454

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental activities]	Beginning Balance	In	creases	Decre	eases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	2,361,657 68,281	\$	42,168 39,485	\$	- -	\$	2,403,825 107,766
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,429,938		81,653				2,511,591
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		18,419,585		-		-		18,419,585
Vehicles		2,131,949		41,171		-		2,173,120
Machinery and equipment		3,701,059		93,354		-		3,794,413
Infrastructure		64,291,714				<u>-</u>		64,291,714
Total capital assets being depreciated		88,544,307		134,525			_	88,678,832
							(Continued)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Governmental activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
	Datatice	Increases	Decreases	Datatice
(Continued) Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(3,392,032)	(397,226)	_	(3,789,258)
Vehicles	(1,646,176)	(131,785)	_	(1,777,961)
Machinery and equipment	(2,466,016)	(199,175)	-	(2,665,191)
Infrastructure	(48,669,380)	(743,548)	-	(49,412,928)
Total accumulated depreciation	(56,173,604)	(1,471,734)		(57,645,338)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,370,703	(1,337,209)		31,033,494
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,800,641	\$ (1,255,556)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 33,545,085
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,158,402	\$ 120,424	\$ -	\$ 1,278,826
Construction in progress	6,953,431	1,090,157	(145,900)	7,897,688
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,111,833	1,210,581	(145,900)	9,176,514
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	8,424,953	-	-	8,424,953
Vehicles	1,010,549	10,000	-	1,020,549
Machinery and equipment	4,352,202	-	-	4,352,202
Infrastructure	533,272	952,598	-	1,485,870
Water/sewer assets	36,685,599	540,977		37,226,576
Total capital assets being depreciated	51,006,575	1,503,575		52,510,150
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(4,147,365)	(118,305)	-	(4,265,670)
Vehicles	(866,947)	(52,550)	-	(919,497)
Machinery and equipment	(2,711,868)	(74,117)	-	(2,785,985)
Infrastructure	(60,776)	(24,222)	_	(84,998)
Water/sewer assets	(8,669,434)	(908,626)	<u>-</u>	(9,578,060)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,456,390)	(1,177,820)		(17,634,210)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,550,185	325,755		34,875,940
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 42,662,018	\$ 446,179	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 44,052,454
Total capital assets, net	\$ 77,462,659	\$ (809,377)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 77,597,539

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 1,471,734
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 309,006
Sewer	866,227
Storm drain	 2,587
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,177,820

E. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year consisted of:

	Transfer in:											
		General Special			Debt Capital			Enterprise			<u> </u>	
		Fund	F	Revenue		Service		Projects		Fund		Total
Transfers out:		_		_		_						_
Governmental activities												
General Fund	\$	-	\$	342,420	\$	110,799	\$	47,400	\$	-	\$	500,619
Special Revenue Fund		384,664		158,781		23,422		123,000		272,690		962,557
Northwest Urban Renewal District		143,969		17,632		826,350		29,565		-		1,017,516
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District		52,526		5,616		-		-		-		58,142
North Gateway Urban Renewal District		50,770		6,263		-		-		-		57,033
Capital Projects Fund	_	30,908		10,988							_	41,896
Total governmental activities	\$	662,837	\$	541,700	\$	960,571	\$	199,965	\$	272,690	\$	2,637,763
Business-type activities												
Enterprise Fund	\$	1,526,952	\$	316,693	\$	559,002	\$	139,000	\$		\$	2,541,647

Interfund transfers in balance with interfund transfers out. Transfers are made to cover salary and benefits costs as well as for future capital improvements and debt service requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

F. Intefund Balances

At June 30, 2015, interfund balances consisted of the following:

	Payable Fund							
	N	NW Urban Cheadle Lake N. Gateway						
	Renewal		Urban R	enewal	Urban Renewal			Total
Receivable Fund:								_
Governmental activities								
Special Revenue Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,099	\$	134,099
Capital Projects Fund		59,129				956,032		1,015,161
Total governmental activities		59,129				1,090,131		1,149,260
Business-type activities								
Enterprise Fund		77,388						77,388
Total	\$	136,517	\$		\$	1,090,131	\$	1,226,648

Interfund balances represent charges for system development charges.

G. Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of compensated absences transactions for the year:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities Compensated absences	\$ 422,708	\$ 107,690	<u>\$</u>	\$ 530,398	
Business-type activities Compensated absences	\$ 65,997	\$	\$ 21,402	\$ 44,595	

The General and Enterprise Funds have traditionally been used to liquidate compensated absence liabilities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

H. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year:

	Interest		Original	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
	Rate		Amount	Balance	Addit	tions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities									
<u>Bonds</u>									
General Obligation Bonds									
2007 Refunding	4-5%	\$	19,970,000	\$ 15,935,000	\$	-	\$ 690,000	\$ 15,245,000	\$ 760,000
NW Urban Renewal District									
2010 Refunding	2-3.5%		3,310,000	2,100,000		-	320,000	1,780,000	330,000
2013 Full Faith & Credit	2-4%		15,235,000	14,565,000		-	805,000	13,760,000	855,000
2002 Pension Obligation Bonds	2-7.36%		2,081,188	1,610,941		-	31,704	1,579,237	32,796
Bond premiums	-		458,252	427,702			30,550	397,152	
Total bonds			41,054,440	34,638,643		-	1,877,254	32,761,389	1,977,796
Notes Payable									
N. Gateway Urban Renewal District									
Samaritan Health Services Oregon Department of Veteran's	6%		1,025,239	832,305		-	52,019	780,286	52,019
Affairs	6%		140,947	65,947		-	65,947	-	-
Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District									
McKinney Apartments	12%		355,000	355,000		-	63,403	291,597	60,000
General Fund									
Special Public Works Fund	3-5.25%		1,779,833	1,462,756		-	72,571	1,390,185	73,074
NW Urban Renewal District									
Special Public Works Fund	4-4.375%	_	3,677,462	3,007,838			114,722	2,893,116	120,511
Total notes			6,978,481	5,723,846		-	368,662	5,355,184	305,604
Total governmental activities		\$	48,032,921	\$ 40,362,489	\$		\$ 2,245,916	\$ 38,116,573	\$ 2,283,400
Business-type activities									
Revenue Bonds									
2010 Wastewater Refunding	2-3.75%	\$	7,010,000	\$ 5,715,000	\$	-	\$ 390,000	\$ 5,325,000	400,000
Bond premiums	-	_	267,850	220,976			13,392	207,584	
Total bonds			7,277,850	5,935,976		-	403,392	5,532,584	400,000
2007 Cannibal Project note	4%		4,311,575	2,814,155		-	304,016	2,510,139	316,568
2009 Wastewater DEQ loan	2.93%		900,000	735,115			39,666	695,449	40,837
Total business-type activities		\$	12,489,425	\$ 9,485,246	\$		\$ 747,074	\$ 8,738,172	\$ 757,405

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

2. Governmental Activity 2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations that pledge the full faith and credit of the City and are payable from ad valorem debt service levy proceeds. The 2007 Refunding Bonds were issued to prepay or partially prepay three outstanding general obligation bond issues. The bonds are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The City's outstanding general obligation bonds represent funding primarily for capital projects. The Debt Service Fund has been used to liquidate the general obligation debt. Loan #LEBGO2007, final maturity in 2027, interest 4%-5%, original issue amount \$19,970,000.

3. Governmental Activity NW Urban Renewal District 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On November 2, 2010, the City issued general obligation bonds of \$3,310,000 (par value) with interest rates of 2% to 3.5% to advance refund the portion of the Series 2000 general obligation bonds maturing December 1, 2010, with interest rates of 5.75% to 6%, and a par value of \$3,420,000. All defeased bonds have been paid in full. As a result of the advance refunding, the City reduced its total debt service requirements by \$658,966, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$431,283. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The bonds are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The NW Urban Renewal District Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #LebanonUR10, final maturity 2020.

4. Governmental Activity Pension Obligation Bonds

The City issued the 2002 pension obligation bonds for the purpose of funding the City's portion of the PERS Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL). Interest is fixed and ranges between 2% and 7.36%. Interest rates increase in accordance with the original bond agreements. Interest is due semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The Debt Service Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #PERS, final maturity 2028, original issue amount \$2,081,188.

5. Governmental Activity Note Payable - Samaritan Health Services

The City signed the note payable in 2009 to finance the purchase of infrastructure additions in the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The note calls for annual payments on February 14. The North Gateway Urban Renewal District Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Final maturity 2030, interest at 6%, original issue amount \$1,025,239.

6. Governmental Activity Note Payable - General Fund Special Public Works

The City signed the note payable in 2009 to complete various capital projects. The note calls for annual payments on December 1. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Loan #B07002, final maturity 2028, interest 3%-5.25%, original issue amount \$1,779,833.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

7. Governmental Activity Note Payable - NW Urban Renewal District Special Public Works Fund

The City signed the note payable on May 1, 2007. The funds were used for urban renewal projects. Interest rates increase in accordance with the original debt agreements. Interest is due annually on December 1. The NW Urban Renewal District Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Loan #B05003, final maturity 2031, interest 4%-4.375%, original issue amount \$3,677,462.

8. Governmental Activity 2013 Full Faith & Credit Bonds Payable

On July 31, 2013, the City issued full faith and credit bonds of \$15,235,000 (par value) with interest rates of 2% to 4% to pay contractual obligations related to urban renewal projects, and to advance refund the 2003 wastewater bonds maturing August 30, 2013, with interest rates of 3.625% to 4.125%, and a par value of \$1,770,000. The 2013 bonds were also used to advance refund the 2004 special water revenue refunding bonds maturing October 1, 2013, with interest rates of 3.6% to 4.2%, and a part value of \$1,730,000. All defeased bonds have been paid in full.

9. Governmental Activity 2013 Full Faith & Credit Bonds Payable (Continued)

As a result of the advance refunding, the City reduced its total debt service requirements by \$218,573, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$215,086. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The bonds are payable on June 30 and December 31 of each year. The Debt Service Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #LebanonFFC2013, final maturity 2028.

10. Governmental Activity Future Maturities of Bonds Payable

Year Ending		Bonds	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,977,796	\$ 1,432,614	\$ 3,410,410
2017	2,078,687	1,375,773	3,454,460
2018	2,192,872	1,307,214	3,500,086
2019	2,353,233	1,233,647	3,586,880
2020	2,501,649	1,135,021	3,636,670
2021-2025	13,215,000	3,665,438	16,880,438
2026-2028	8,045,000	652,189	8,697,189
Total	\$ 32,364,237	\$ 10,801,896	\$ 43,166,133

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

11. Governmental Activity Future Maturities of Notes Payable

Year Ending	Notes						
June 30	Princi	pal	Iı	nterest	Total		
2016	\$ 30	5,604	\$	238,674	\$	544,278	
2017	27	9,136		228,739		507,875	
2018	28	7,856		218,219		506,075	
2019	29	6,772		207,305		504,077	
2020	30	5,928		195,773		501,701	
2021-2025	1,65	3,692		779,625		2,433,317	
2026-2030	1,76	8,217		359,937		2,128,154	
2031-2032	45	7,979		30,311		488,290	
Total	\$ 5,35	5,184	\$ 2	2,258,583	\$	7,613,767	

12. Business-Type Activity 2003 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

On October 3, 2003, the City issued revenue refunding bonds of \$3,775,000 (par value) with interest rates of 2% to 4.125% to advance refund the portion of the Series 2000 revenue bonds maturing December 1, 2003 and June 1, 2004, with a par value of \$3,840,000. All defeased bonds have been paid in full. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The bonds are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The Enterprise Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. The bonds were defeased by the 2013 full faith and credit bonds, and paid in full on August 30, 2013. Loan #Lebwaste03.

13. Business-Type Activity 2010 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

On October 13, 2010, the City issued wastewater revenue refunding bonds of \$7,010,000 (par value) with interest rates of 2% to 3.75% to advance refund the portion of the Series 2000 wastewater revenue bonds maturing November 12, 2010, with interest rates of 5.25% to 5.7%, and a par value of \$2,140,000. All defeased bonds have been paid in full. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The bonds are payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The Enterprise Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #LebanonWW10, final maturity 2031.

14. Business-Type Activity Note Payable - Cannibal Project

The note payable was signed in 2007 to finance wastewater system projects. The note calls for semiannual payments on June 27 and December 27. The Enterprise Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #Siemens, final maturity 2022, interest 4.087%, original issue amount \$4,311,575. For fiscal year 2015, ended June 30, 2015, based on the Financing Agreement dated December 27, 2007, between the City of Lebanon, OR and Siemens Financial Services, Inc. net revenue was \$4,753,223 and annual debt service was \$1,423,053. The ratio of net revenue to

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

annual debt service for fiscal year 2015 is 3.34, and is therefore in compliance with the provisions of section 12.5 of the Financing Agreement.

15. Business-Type Activity Loan Payable - DEQ

The loan payable was signed in 2009 to pay the cost of wastewater improvement projects. The loan is backed by utility revenues. The loan calls for semiannual payments on April 1 and October 1. The Enterprise Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #R56200, final maturity 2029, interest 2.93%, original issue amount \$900,000.

16. Business-Type Activity Future Maturities of Bonds Payable

Year Ending	Bonds						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$	400,000	\$	207,450	\$	607,450	
2017		415,000		195,450		610,450	
2018		435,000		178,850		613,850	
2019		445,000		161,450		606,450	
2020		460,000		143,650		603,650	
2021-2025		1,275,000		522,124		1,797,124	
2026-2030		1,550,000		243,564		1,793,564	
2031		345,000		12,938		357,938	
Total	\$	5,325,000	\$	1,665,476	\$	6,990,476	

17. Business-Type Activity Future Maturities of Note Payable

Year Ending	Cannibal Project Note					
June 30		Principal		nterest		Total
2016	\$	316,568	\$	99,388	\$	415,956
2017		329,638		86,318		415,956
2018		343,248		72,708		415,956
2019		357,421		58,535		415,956
2020		372,177		43,779		415,956
2021-2022		791,087		40,825		831,912
Total	\$	2,510,139	\$	401,553	\$	2,911,692

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

18. Business-Type Activity Future Maturities of Loan Payable

2016	\$	40,837	\$ 20,079	\$ 60,916
2017		42,042	18,874	60,916
2018		43,283	17,633	60,916
2019		44,560	16,356	60,916
2020		45,875	15,041	60,916
2021-2025		250,501	54,079	304,580
2026-2029		228,351	 15,308	 243,659
Total	<u>\$</u>	695,449	\$ 157,370	\$ 852,819
	\$	695,449		

19. Legal Debt Limit

The City's legal annual debt service limit related to general obligation bonds (as defined by Oregon Revised Statute 478.410) as of June 30, 2015 was approximately \$35,379,912. The City's legal debt service limit is 3% of the real market value of property within the City.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Commitments

The City has entered into an agreement with Samaritan Health Services under which the City will repay amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services to improve or add infrastructure within the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The total costs allowed to be repaid under the agreement are \$5,105,900. Improvements must be in place no later than 2029. Amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services are added to an existing loan agreement as described in Note III-G. As of June 30, 2015, \$1,025,239 had been invested under the agreement.

At June 30, 2015, the City had outstanding construction contracts for various capital improvement projects. The remaining contract commitments were \$1,506,318.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

C. Retirement Plans

1. Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Name of Pension Plan

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Description of Benefit Terms

Plan Benefits - PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

Plan benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A

PERS Pension

The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- Member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death
- Member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment
- Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered
- Member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for a either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes after Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: police and fire – 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary.

Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General Service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which the termination becomes effective.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2013. The State of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made unfunded actuarial liability payments, and their rates have been reduced.

Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$457,865.

Pension Plan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx

Actuarial Valuations

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll: Tier One/Tier Two UAL (20 year) and OPSRP pension UAL (16 year) amortization periods are closed
Equivalent Single Amortization Period	20 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability or asset.

Pension Liabilities or Assets, Pension Expense or Credit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset of \$1,460,660 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured at June 30, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014 the City's proportion was 0.06443958%.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension credits of \$81,609. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		\$	2,818,485
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions made after measurement		\$	34,990
date	\$ 457,865		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense (credit) as follows:

	Deferred			
	Outflo	w/(Inflow) of		
	Resource	es (prior to post-		
	measi	urement date		
Year ended June 30:	contributions)			
2016	\$	(712,227)		
2017	\$	(712,227)		
2018	\$	(712,227)		
2019	\$	(712,227)		
2020	\$	(4,566)		

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a higher discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset):

1'	% Decrease	Ι	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
(6.75%)			(7.75%)	(8.75%)					
\$	30,931,535	\$	(1,460,661)	\$	(5,312,121)				

Plan Changes Reflected

Two legislative changes that occurred after the December 31, 2012 Actuarial Valuation Date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 822, signed into law May 2013, introduces a graded schedule to determine a retiree's post-retirement COLA and eliminated the Senate Bill 656 and House Bill 3349 tax remedy benefits for retirees and payees not subject to Oregon income tax. Senate Bill 861, signed into law October 2013, reduced the COLA further beginning 2014.

For GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability or Asset are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year end for the PERS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

system. Due to the timing of the benefit changes, the combined effects of Senate Bills 822 and 861 are reflected in the June 30, 2014 Measurement Date Total Pension Liability or Asset.

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 68 requires the Total Pension Liability or Asset to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability or Asset, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

Because the *Moro (Moro v. State of Oregon, April 2015)* decision occurred after the Measurement Date of June 30, 2014, it is treated as a subsequent event. The effect of the decision was to restrict the COLA changes made by Senate Bills 822 and 861 such that they only apply to benefits earned after the legislation was enacted. As a result, the majority of benefits currently accrued will receive a full 2% COLA. Reflecting the larger COLA will increase the PERS system's Total Pension Liability or Asset and Net Pension Liability or Asset.

Certain aspects of how the *Moro* decision will be implemented administratively are not yet finalized at the time of this letter's publication, including the methodology for determining COLAs payable to members with service both before and after the relevant dates. However it is estimated that the change in the City's share of the Net Pension Liability will be approximately \$3,170,427.

2. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City has authorized a deferred compensation plan to be made available to its employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them, not to be paid until a future date when they are terminated by reason of death, permanent disability, retirement, or separation. The deferred compensation plan is authorized under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 and has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service. Under the plan document, the City has a fiduciary responsibility to administer the plan in accordance with the requirements of IRC Section 457. The City has no liability for any losses that may be incurred under the plan.

D. Bargaining Unit

At June 30, 2015, the City had a total of approximately 82.893 FTE employees. Of this total, approximately 75% are represented by unions. The union agreement with AFSCME was ratified on March 20, 2013 and extends through June 30, 2016. The union agreement with Teamsters was ratified on July 16, 2015 and extends through June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

E. Contingent Liability

The City is currently in a dispute with the City of Albany over fees due related to maintenance of the Santiam-Albany Canal. The agencies are working cooperatively to come to a resolution at this point and no amounts have been recorded into the financial statements related to the dispute.

F. Restatements

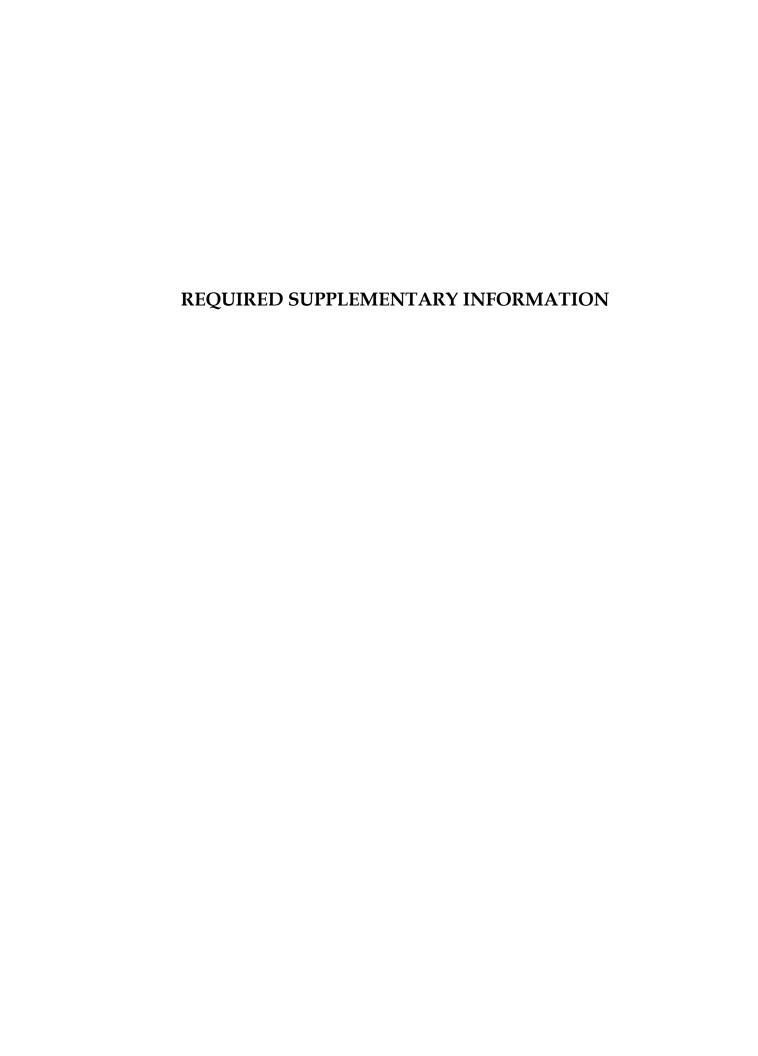
Beginning net position of the City was restated as follows:

	Go	siness-Type Activities	
Net position - beginning, as originally reported	\$	7,651,031	\$ 37,148,037
Implementation of GASB No. 68 and 71		(4,102,919)	(186,407)
Removal of bond issuance costs		<u>-</u>	 (207,972)
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$	3,548,112	\$ 36,753,658

G. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the City issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$15,185,000.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 28, 2015, which was the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULES OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

OREGON PERS SYSTEM

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.06443958%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,460,660)
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,261,418
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	-28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	103.59%
Schedule of City Contributions	
	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 457,865
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(457,865)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,261,418
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9%

CITY OF LEBANON

Linn County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Variance with			Actual					
	Original Final		Final Budget	Budget		GAAP				
	Budget	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis				
REVENUES						·				
Property taxes	\$ 3,810,021	\$ 3,810,021	\$ 260,267	\$ 4,070,288	\$ -	\$ 4,070,288				
Licenses and permits	2,029,850	2,029,850	73,053	2,102,903	-	2,102,903				
Fines and forfeits	432,500	432,500	39,539	472,039	-	472,039				
Intergovernmental	373,487	413,745	8,319	422,064	-	422,064				
Charges for services	4,520	4,520	(2,419)	2,101	-	2,101				
Miscellaneous	117,000	117,000	59,677	176,677		176,677				
Total revenues	6,767,378	6,807,636	438,436	7,246,072		7,246,072				
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Administration and economic dev.	251,119	312,119	(21,852)	290,267	(6,497)	283,770				
Human resources	93,763	93,763	4,952	98,715	(1,461)	97,254				
City attorney	175,050	175,050	(38,816)	136,234	-	136,234				
Planning	204,516	204,516	(7,309)	197,207	(7,895)	189,312				
Engineering	977,897	1,044,533	(39,852)	1,004,681	-	1,004,681				
Parks	496,066	496,066	(40,029)	456,037	(28,108)	427,929				
Finance	484,978	484,978	(25,126)	459,852	(8,822)	451,030				
Legislative	156,386	156,386	(12,467)	143,919	(4,409)	139,510				
Library	473,986	473,986	(1,006)	472,980	(58,180)	414,800				
Municipal court	271,477	271,477	(2,454)	269,023	(23,847)	245,176				
Police	4,603,088	4,603,088	(284,785)	4,318,303	(251,837)	4,066,466				
Senior and disabled services	191,091	191,091	(1,202)	189,889	(30,937)	158,952				
Non-departmental	1,002,857	1,014,534	(463,549)	550,985	(232,330)	318,655				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	14,096	14,096				
Debt service			<u>-</u>		139,608	139,608				
Total expenditures	9,382,274	9,521,587	(933,495)	8,588,092	(500,619)	8,087,473				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(2,614,896)	(2,713,951)	1,371,931	(1,342,020)	500,619	(841,401)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	2,141,690	2,192,859	(3,070)	2,189,789	-	2,189,789				
Transfers out			<u>-</u>		(500,619)	(500,619)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,141,690	2,192,859	(3,070)	2,189,789	(500,619)	1,689,170				
Net change in fund balance	(473,206)	(521,092)	1,368,861	847,769	-	847,769				
Fund balance - beginning	473,206	521,092	467,765	988,857	- <u>-</u>	988,857				
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 1,836,626	\$ 1,836,626	\$ -	\$ 1,836,626				

CITY OF LEBANON

Linn County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Variance with		iance with	Actual						
	Original	ginal Final		Fin	Final Budget		Budget				GAAP
	Budget		Budget	Ove	Over (Under)		Basis		ustments	Basis	
REVENUES			_								
Taxes and assessments	\$ 45,10	0 :	\$ 55,100	\$	15,750	\$	70,850	\$	-	\$	70,850
Licenses and permits	162,80	0	162,800		264,213		427,013		-		427,013
Intergovernmental	2,175,31	7	2,178,174		(705,288)		1,472,886		-		1,472,886
Charges for services	10,50	0	10,500		(2,625)		7,875		-		7,875
Miscellaneous	157,90	0	166,900		739		167,639		<u>-</u>		167,639
Total revenues	2,551,61	7	2,573,474		(427,211)		2,146,263		-		2,146,263
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
City facilities repair	35,31	4	35,314		-		35,314		(35,314)		-
Motel tax	45,00	0	60,536		(580)		59,956		(6,085)		53,871
Youth court	5,00	0	5,000		(5,000)		-		-		-
Police reserves	12,87	4	-		-		-		-		-
Gazebo donations	40,00	0	40,000		(25,850)		14,150		-		14,150
Building inspection	230,00	0	246,500		(19)		246,481		(127,423)		119,058
Park enterprise	78,50	0	87,500		(38,568)		48,932		-		48,932
Parks grant	397,59	2	397,592		(326,592)		71,000		(71,000)		-
Operations and environmental	272,69	0	272,690		-		272,690		(272,690)		-
Geographic information services	200,00	0	200,000		(82,964)		117,036		(85,165)		31,871
Information systems service	731,71	6	737,816		(37,276)		700,540		(166,607)		533,933
Custodial and maintenance services	130,68	9	130,689		(11,443)		119,246		(17,700)		101,546
Foot and Bike path	39,11	0	39,110		(39,110)		-		-		-
Engineering improvements permits	53,16	3	53,163		(8,386)		44,777		(44,390)		387
Streets	1,010,22	4	1,022,620		(125,760)		896,860		(290,265)		606,595
School resource officer	36,06	5	59,771		(8,143)		51,628		-		51,628
Dial-A-Bus	254,03	3	254,033		(15,012)		239,021		(33,826)		205,195
STP streets	654,95	0	654,950		(423,891)		231,059		(231,059)		-
Byrne justice asst grant		-	26,053		(14,174)		11,879		(11,879)		-
LSTA library grant	16,78	4	19,641		-		19,641		(585)		19,056
Gills landing	7,40	0	7,400		551		7,951		-		7,951
Capital outlay		<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		431,431		431,431
Total expenditures (1)	4,251,10	4	4,350,378		(1,162,217)		3,188,161		(962,557)		2,225,604

(1) appropriation level

(Continued)

CITY OF LEBANON

Linn County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Continued)

			Variance with			
	Original	Final	Final Budget	Budget		GAAP
	Budget	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,699,487)	(1,776,904)	735,006	(1,041,898)	962,557	(79,341)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	858,393	858,393	-	858,393	-	858,393
Transfers out			<u> </u>		(962,557)	(962,557)
Total other financing sources (uses)	858,393	858,393		858,393	(962,557)	(104,164)
Net change in fund balance	(841,094)	(918,511)	735,006	(183,505)	-	(183,505)
Fund balance - beginning	841,094	918,511	421,384	1,339,895		1,339,895
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,156,390	\$ 1,156,390	\$ -	\$ 1,156,390

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

NORTHWEST URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and		Variance with							
		Final	Fir	nal Budget	Budget					GAAP
		Budget		er (Under)	Basis		Α	djustments		Basis
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	2,417,889	\$	103,740	\$	2,521,629	\$	-	\$	2,521,629
Miscellaneous	_	4,200		21,737	-	25,937	_	<u>-</u>	_	25,937
Total revenues		2,422,089		125,477		2,547,566		-		2,547,566
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
NW Lebanon urban renewal district		3,664,008		(1,520,173)		2,143,835		(2,036,695)		107,140
NW Lebanon urban renewal bonds		1,922,573		(1,291,631)		630,942		(630,942)		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		1,019,179		1,019,179
Debt service				<u>-</u>				630,942		630,942
Total expenditures		5,586,581		(2,811,804)		2,774,777		(1,017,516)		1,757,261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(3,164,492)		2,937,281		(227,211)		1,017,516		790,305
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	_			<u>-</u>				(1,017,516)		(1,017,516)
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(1,017,516)		(1,017,516)
Net change in fund balance		(3,164,492)		2,937,281		(227,211)		-		(227,211)
Fund balance - beginning		3,164,492		(447,814)		2,716,678				2,716,678
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	2,489,467	\$	2,489,467	\$		\$	2,489,467

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CHEADLE LAKE URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and		Vari	ance with	Actual							
		Final	Final Budget			Budget				GAAP		
		Budget	Ove	er (Under)	Basis		Adjustments		Basis			
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	265,600	\$	78,411	\$	344,011	\$	-	\$	344,011		
Miscellaneous		300		1,913		2,213				2,213		
Total revenues		265,900		80,324		346,224		-		346,224		
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
Cheadle Lake urban renewal district		535,900		(414,035)		121,865		(121,545)		320		
Debt service		<u> </u>						63,403		63,403		
Total expenditures		535,900		(414,035)		121,865		(58,142)		63,723		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		(270,000)		494,359		224,359		58,142		282,501		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out		-		<u>-</u>				(58,142)		(58,142)		
Net change in fund balance		(270,000)		494,359		224,359		-		224,359		
Fund balance - beginning		270,000		(267,674)		2,326				2,326		
Fund balance - ending	\$	_	\$	226,685	\$	226,685	\$		\$	226,685		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

NORTH GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT

	Original and	Variance with	Actual						
	Final	Final Budget	Budget		GAAP				
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis				
REVENUES		_							
Property taxes	\$ 234,919	\$ 150,647	\$ 385,566	\$ -	\$ 385,566				
Miscellaneous	200	1,129	1,329		1,329				
Total revenues	235,119	151,776	386,895	-	386,895				
EXPENDITURES									
North gateway urban renewal district	255,119	(37,988)	217,131	(150,888)	66,243				
Debt service				93,855	93,855				
Total expenditures	255,119	(37,988)	217,131	(57,033)	160,098				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(20,000)	189,764	169,764	57,033	226,797				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out				(57,033)	(57,033)				
Net change in fund balance	(20,000)	189,764	169,764	-	169,764				
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning	20,000	(1,072,316)	(1,052,316)	<u>-</u>	(1,052,316)				
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ (882,552)	\$ (882,552)	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (882,552)				

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original and		Vari	ance with	Actual					
		Final	Fina	al Budget		Budget				GAAP
		Budget	Ove	r (Under)		Basis	Adjustments			Basis
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	1,417,000	\$	19,755	\$	1,436,755	\$	-	\$	1,436,755
Miscellaneous	_	800		8,698		9,498		<u>-</u>		9,498
Total revenues		1,417,800		28,453		1,446,253		-		1,446,253
EXPENDITURES										
Debt service	_	2,975,620		(40,000)		2,935,620		<u>-</u>		2,935,620
Total expenditures		2,975,620		(40,000)		2,935,620		<u>-</u>		2,935,620
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(1,557,820)		68,453		(1,489,367)		-		(1,489,367)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	_	1,519,573				1,519,573				1,519,573
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,519,573		-		1,519,573		-		1,519,573
Net change in fund balance		(38,247)		68,453		30,206		-		30,206
Fund balance - beginning,		38,247		179,095	_	217,342				217,342
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	247,548	\$	247,548	\$	_	\$	247,548

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	0	riginal and	Var	iance with		Actual		
		Final	Fin	al Budget	Budget			GAAP
		Budget	Ove	er (Under)	 Basis	Adjustments		Basis
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$	161,600	\$	208,163	\$ 369,763	\$ -	\$	369,763
Intergovernmental		500,000		(174,021)	325,979	-		325,979
Miscellaneous		90,215		1,930	 92,145		_	92,145
Total revenues		751,815		36,072	787,887	-		787,887
EXPENDITURES								
Grant street bridge		-		-	-	-		-
State highway signal maintenance		63,950		(52,962)	10,988	(10,988)		-
Equipment acquisition and replacement		1,044,416		(763,096)	281,320	(281,320)		-
Historic resource commission trust		80		(80)	-	-		-
Pioneer cemetery		9,130		(9,130)	-	-		-
Police trust		23,462		(13,958)	9,504	(1,000)		8,504
Library trust		220,400		(165,561)	54,839	-		54,839
Library building trust		34,211		(33,742)	469	-		469
Senior services building trust		-		-	-	-		-
Senior services trust		179,598		(166,297)	13,301	(725)		12,576
Snedaker trust		26,380		(24,923)	1,457	-		1,457
Streets capital improvement projects		878,304		(557,289)	321,015	(294,265)		26,750
Infrastructure deferral		55,568		(55,568)	-	-		-
Drainage SDC		35,591		(29,409)	6,182	(6,182)		-
Drainage reimbursement		4,380		(4,380)	-	-		-
Parks SDC		461,640		(455,458)	6,182	(6,182)		-
Parks reimbursement		4,050		(4,050)	-	-		-
Sewer SDC		571,408		(565,226)	6,182	(6,182)		-
Sewer SDC reimbursement		226,700		(226,700)	-	-		-
Streets SDC		1,258,769		(1,063,005)	195,764	(195,764)		-
Streets SDC reimbursement		10,000		(10,000)	-	-		-
Water SDC		233,285		(227,104)	6,181	(6,181)		-
Water SDC reimbursement		24,475		(24,475)	-	-		-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	766,893		766,893
Total expenditures (1)		5,365,797		(4,452,413)	 913,384	(41,896)		871,488
(1) appropriation level							(C	ontinued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PRJOECTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Continued)

		Variance with		Actual		
	Final	Final Budget	Budget		GAAP	
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			_			
over (under) expenditures	(4,613,982)	4,488,485	(125,497)	41,896	(83,601)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	638,643	(299,678)	338,965	-	338,965	
Transfers out				(41,896)	(41,896)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	638,643	(299,678)	338,965	(41,896)	297,069	
Net change in fund balance	(3,975,339)	4,188,807	213,468	-	213,468	
Fund balance - beginning	3,975,339	1,821,779	5,797,118		5,797,118	
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,010,586	\$ 6,010,586	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 6,010,586	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

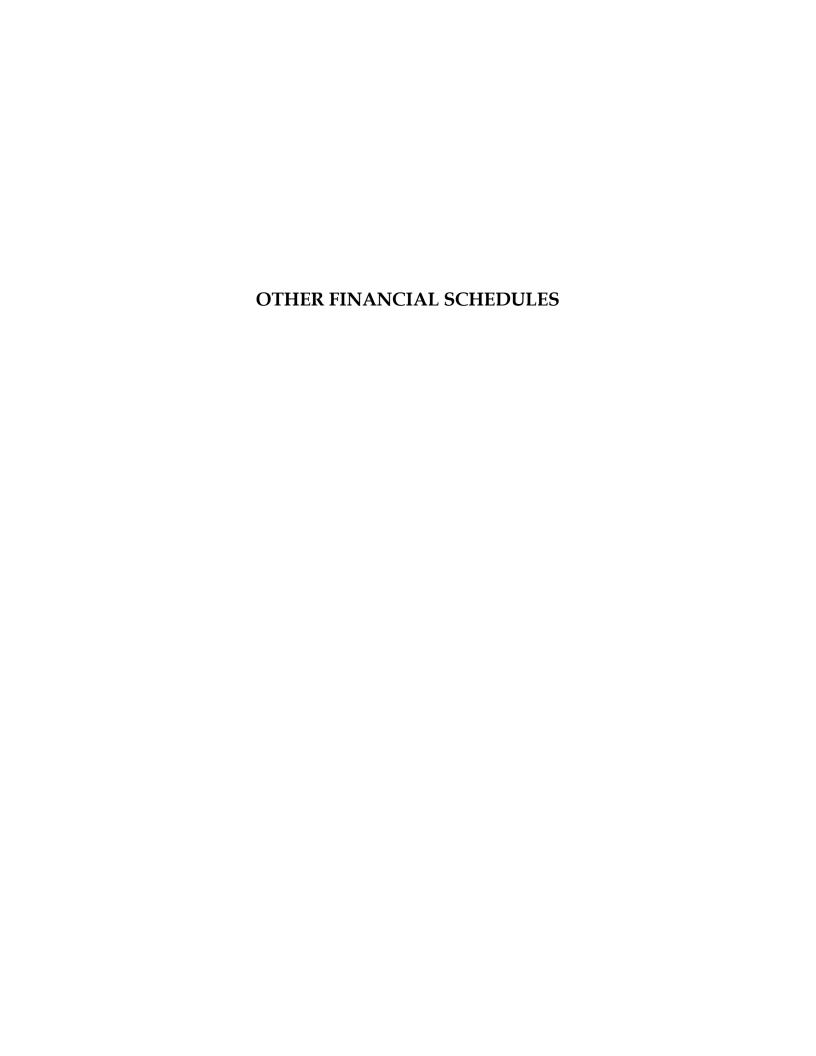
ENTERPRISE FUND

	Variance with		Actual					
	Original	Final	Final Budget	Budget		GAAP		
	Budget	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis		
REVENUES								
Charges for services, net	\$ 9,605,000	\$ 9,605,000	\$ 333,954	\$ 9,938,954	\$ -	\$ 9,938,954		
Taxes and assessments	-	-	297	297	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	30,000	(25,793)	4,207	-	4,207		
Miscellaneous	113,800	113,800	24,605	138,405	_	138,702		
Total revenues	9,718,800	9,748,800	333,063	10,081,863	<u>-</u>	10,081,863		
EXPENSES								
Current								
Water	8,856,917	8,899,313	(2,592,603)	6,306,710	(4,918,907)	1,387,803		
Storm drainage	810,000	810,000	(395,095)	414,905	(379,622)	35,283		
Wastewater	8,351,156	8,424,552	(2,012,487)	6,412,065	(4,634,101)	1,777,964		
Wastewater bond debt service	1,158,324	1,158,324	(70,000)	1,088,324	(1,088,324)	-		
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	1,177,824	1,177,824		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	318,023	318,023		
Debt service					341,250	341,250		
Total expenses	19,176,397	19,292,189	(5,070,185)	14,222,004	(9,183,857)	5,038,147		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenses	(9,457,597)	(9,543,389)	5,403,248	(4,140,141)	9,183,857	5,043,716		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Pension credit	-	-	_	-	91,695	91,695		
Transfers in	6,123,597	6,123,597	(77,389)	6,046,208	1,323,851	7,370,059		
Transfers out	-	-	-		(8,345,829)	(8,345,829)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,123,597	6,123,597	(77,389)	6,046,208	(6,930,283)	(884,075)		
Change in net position	(3,334,000)	(3,419,792)	5,325,859	1,906,067	2,253,574	4,159,641		
Net position - beginning, as restated	3,334,000	3,419,792	(607,548)	2,812,244	33,942,630	36,754,874		
Net position - ending	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 4,718,311	\$ 4,718,311	\$ 36,196,204	\$ 40,914,515		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TRUST AND AGENCY FUND

	Original and Variance with			ance with			ctual			
		Final	Fina	al Budget]	Budget			(GAAP
		Budget		Over (Under)		Basis	Adjustments			Basis
REVENUES										
Fines and forfeits	\$	147,092	\$	(18,251)	\$	128,841	\$		\$	128,841
EXPENDITURES										
Bail and trust	_	147,092		(19,525)	_	127,567		<u>-</u>		127,567
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		-		1,274		1,274		-		1,274
Fund balance - beginning				(1,499)		(1,499)				(1,499)
Fund deficit - ending	\$		\$	(225)	\$	(225)	\$		\$	(225)



SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF BONDED DEBT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year Ending	 2010 Northwest Urban Renewal Refunding Bonds					2002 Pension Obligation Bonds						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$ 330,000	\$	58,490	\$	388,490	\$	32,796	\$	154,474	\$	187,2	
2017	345,000		48,590		393,590		33,687		163,583		197,2	
2018	355,000		36,516		391,516		32,872		169,398		202,2	
2019	370,000		25,510		395,510		33,233		179,037		212,2	
2020	380,000		13,300		393,300		51,649		170,621		222,2	
2021	-		-		-		140,000		95,558		235,5	
2022	-		-		-		160,000		85,968		245,9	
2023	-		-		-		185,000		75,008		260,0	
2024	-		-		-		205,000		62,335		267,3	
2025	-		-		-		-		48,293		48,2	
2026	-		-		-		260,000		48,293		308,2	
2027	-		-		-		295,000		30,483		325,4	
2028	 				<u>-</u>	_	150,000		10,275		160,2	
	\$ 1,780,000	\$	182,406	\$	1,962,406	\$	1,579,237	\$	1,293,326	\$	2,872,5	
Fiscal Year	North	west U1	rban Renewal	Distric	t			Ge	neral Fund			
Ending	Sp	ecial Pı	ublic Works Fu	ınd			Sp	ecial P	ublic Works Fu	ınd		
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$ 120,511	\$	123,541	\$	244,052	\$	73,074	\$	64,134	\$	137,2	
2017	126,331		118,720		245,051		78,597		61,211		139,8	
2018	132,184		113,667		245,851		79,141		58,067		137,2	
2019	133,072		108,380		241,452		84,707		54,902		139,6	
2020	138,994		103,057		242,051		85,332		51,302		136,6	
2021	144,984		97,323		242,307		91,022		47,462		138,4	
2022	151,034		91,234		242,268		91,663		43,821		135,4	
2023	157,140		84,815		241,955		97,496		39,238		136,7	
2024	168,293		78,137		246,430		103,371		34,363		137,7	
2024			70,900		245,410		109,105				139,3	
2025	174,510				·				30,228		-	
	180,801		63,265		244,066		115,061		24,773		139,8	
2027	187,149		55,355		242,504		121,114		18,732		139,8	
2028	198,555		47,167		245,722		127,169		12,676		139,8	
2029	205,023		38,481		243,504		133,333		6,000		139,3	
2030	216,556		29,511		246,067		-		-			
2031	223,155		20,037		243,192		-		-			
2032	 234,824		10,274		245,098							

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF BONDED DEBT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year		Northwest Urban Renewal District						Cheadle Lake Urban Renewal District						
Ending		2013 Full Faith & Credit Bonds						McKinney Apartment Note						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Inte	erest		Total		
2016	\$	855,000	\$	521,450	\$	1,376,450	\$	35,500	\$	-	\$	35,50		
2017		870,000		495,800		1,365,800		35,500		-		35,50		
2018		900,000		469,700		1,369,700		35,500		-		35,50		
2019		950,000		433,700		1,383,700		35,500		-		35,50		
2020		990,000		395,700		1,385,700		35,500		-		35,50		
2021		1,155,000		356,100		1,511,100		35,500		-		35,50		
2022		1,210,000		309,900		1,519,900		35,500		-		35,50		
2023		1,010,000		273,600		1,283,600		35,500		-		35,50		
2024		1,050,000		243,300		1,293,300		7,597		-		7,59		
2025		1,110,000		190,800		1,300,800		-		-				
2026		1,165,000		146,400		1,311,400		-		-				
2027		1,220,000		99,800		1,319,800		-		-				
2028		1,275,000		51,000		1,326,000		-		-				
	\$	13,760,000	\$	3,987,250	\$	17,747,250	\$	291,597	\$		\$	291,59		

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF BONDED DEBT BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year										
Ending	2010 Wa	stewater Refundi	ng Bonds	2009	Wastewater DEQ	Q Loan	2007	Cannibal Project	Note	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2016	\$ 400,000	\$ 207,450	\$ 607,450	\$ 40,837	\$ 20,079	\$ 60,916	\$ 316,568	\$ 99,388	\$ 415,956	
2017	415,000	195,450	610,450	42,042	18,874	60,916	329,638	86,318	415,956	
2018	435,000	178,850	613,850	43,283	17,633	60,916	343,248	72,708	415,956	
2019	445,000	161,450	606,450	44,560	16,356	60,916	357,421	58,535	415,956	
2020	460,000	143,650	603,650	45,875	15,041	60,916	372,177	43,779	415,956	
2021	235,000	125,250	360,250	47,229	13,687	60,916	387,544	28,412	415,956	
2022	245,000	115,262	360,262	48,623	12,293	60,916	403,543	12,413	415,956	
2023	255,000	104,850	359,850	50,058	10,858	60,916	-	-	-	
2024	265,000	94,012	359,012	51,535	9,381	60,916	-	-	-	
2025	275,000	82,750	357,750	53,056	7,860	60,916	-	-	-	
2026	285,000	71,062	356,062	54,623	6,293	60,916	-	-	-	
2027	300,000	60,376	360,376	56,235	4,681	60,916	-	-	-	
2028	310,000	49,126	359,126	57,895	3,021	60,916	-	-	-	
2029	320,000	37,500	357,500	59,598	1,313	60,911	-	-	-	
2030	335,000	25,500	360,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2031	345,000	12,938	357,938							
	\$ 5,325,000	\$ 1,665,476	\$ 6,990,476	\$ 695,449	\$ 157,370	\$ 852,819	\$ 2,510,139	\$ 401,553	\$ 2,911,692	

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - BY ACTIVITY

ENTERPRISE FUND

June 30, 2015

		Water Operations		Storm Drain Operations		Sewer Operations		Total Enterprise Fund
ASSETS								
Current assets	_				_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,636,857	\$	330,877	\$	1,784,387	\$	4,752,121
Accounts receivable		585,823		69,714		688,063		1,343,600
Due from other funds		39,692		-		37,696		77,388 2,292
Prepaid expenses		1,146		-		1,146		2,292
Total current assets		3,263,518		400,591		2,511,292		6,175,401
Net pension asset		56,819		-		42,505		99,324
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		13,409,436		119,230		30,523,788		44,052,454
Total assets		16,729,773		519,821	_	33,077,585	_	50,327,179
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		17,811				13,324		31,135
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		72,667		800		20,549		94,016
Accrued interest		-		_		78,010		78,010
Compensated absences, current portion		3,465		-		1,669		5,134
Deposit liability		294,970		-		-		294,970
Long-term liabilities, current portion						757,405		757,405
Total current liabilities		371,102		800		857,633		1,229,535
Noncurrent liabilities								
Compensated absences, less current portion		32,105		_		7,356		39,461
Long-term liabilities, less current portion		, -		_		7,980,767		7,980,767
Total noncurrent liabilities		32,105		_		7,988,123		8,020,228
Total liabilities		403,207		800		8,845,756		9,249,763
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		111,000		<u>-</u>		83,036		194,036
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		13,409,436		119,230		21,785,616		35,314,282
Restricted for debt service		-		-		372,011		372,011
Unrestricted		2,823,941		399,791		2,004,490		5,228,222
Total net position	\$	16,233,377	\$	519,021	\$	24,162,117	\$	40,914,515

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPRIETARY FUND NET POSITION - BY ACTIVITY

ENTERPRISE FUND

				Total
	Water	Storm Drain	Sewer	Enterprise
	Operations	Operations	Operations	Fund
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	4,533,296	425,223	4,980,435	9,938,954
Miscellaneous	98,010		5,914	103,924
Total operating revenues	4,631,306	425,223	4,986,349	10,042,878
Operating expenses				
Water utility	1,303,148	-	-	1,303,148
Water utility capital improvement program	99,903	-	-	99,903
Storm drain utility	-	35,283	-	35,283
Storm drain utility capital improvement program	-	194,599	=	194,599
Wastewater utility	-	-	1,766,639	1,766,639
Wastewater utility capital improvement program	-	-	119,501	119,501
Depreciation	309,006	2,591	866,227	1,177,824
Total operating expenses	1,712,057	232,473	2,752,367	4,696,897
Operating income (loss)	2,919,249	192,750	2,233,982	5,345,981
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings	19,034	2,273	13,471	34,778
Grant revenue	4,207	-	-	4,207
Pension credit	52,455	-	39,240	91,695
Interest expense			(341,250)	(341,250)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	75,696	2,273	(288,539)	(210,570)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,994,945	195,023	1,945,443	5,135,411
Transfers in	3,989,123	=	3,458,325	7,447,448
Transfers out	(4,038,055)	(185,024)	(4,122,750)	(8,345,829)
Change in net position	2,946,013	9,999	1,281,018	4,237,030
Net position - beginning, as restated	13,287,364	509,022	22,881,099	36,677,485
Net position - ending	\$ 16,233,377	\$ 519,021	\$ 24,162,117	\$ 40,914,515

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS

Tax Year	Taxes Receivabl July 1, 201		2014-2015 Levy	Ac	ljustments	 Collections	Re	Taxes eceivable e 30, 2015
2014-2015	\$	<u>-</u> \$	8,912,598	\$	(246,423)	\$ 8,331,252	\$	334,923
2013-2014 2012-2013	352,9 211,3	78	- -		28,270 28,211	174,293 95,797		206,903 143,792
2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010	165,0 89,4 38,4	84	- - -		(2,997) (2,275) (1,188)	66,189 38,300 2,715		95,842 48,909 34,530
2008-2009 Prior	3,6 		- 		(444) (209)	 1,705 888		1,536 6,586
Subtotal - Prior	868,6	<u> 17</u>	-		49,368	 379,887		538,098
Total	\$ 868,6	<u>17</u> <u>\$</u>	8,912,598	\$	(197,055)	8,711,139	\$	873,021
Add: Other taxes and intered Undistributed taxes w		y 1, 2014				 88,762 		
Total available						8,799,901		
Less: Turnovers to Distri	ict					 8,799,901		
Undistributed taxes with	n county, June	30, 2015				\$ 		

AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

City Council City of Lebanon Lebanon, Oregon 97355

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lebanon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lebanon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures, which included, but were not limited to, the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law

Programs funded from outside sources

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as noted below:

1. The City expended funds in excess of appropriations in the following category:

Fund	Department	Appro	priations	Expe	nditures	Excess	
					00 = 1 =		4.0==
General Fund	Human Resources	\$	93,763	\$	98,715	\$	4,952

OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated December 28, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the city council and management of the City of Lebanon and the Oregon Secretary of State, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Accuity, LLC

December 28, 2015

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2015



DISTRICT OFFICIALS

June 30, 2015

MAYOR

Paul Aziz 312 E. Sherman Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

CITY COUNCIL

Wayne Rieskamp 87 West Cedar Drive Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Bob Elliott, Council President 795 Binshadler Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Floyd Fisher 170 S. 2nd Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Jason Bolen 3426 Duck Place Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Rebecca Grizzle 333 E. Ash Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Robert Furlow (appointed July 23, 2014) 333 E. Ash Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

CITY MANAGER

Gary Marks

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June 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Northwest Urban Renewal District Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund of the Northwest Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and the each major fund of the Northwest Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Northwest Urban Renewal District's basic financial statements. The schedule of property tax transactions is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The aforementioned information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2015 on our tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Accuity, LLC

By:

Kori L. Sarrett, CPA

Albany, Oregon December 28, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

INTRODUCTION

As management of the Northwest Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2015, total net position of the Northwest Urban Renewal District amounted to (\$2,026,736). The total amount represents unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$220,535 during the current fiscal year.
- Overall revenues were \$2,557,113, which exceeded total expenditures of \$2,336,578 by \$220,535.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Northwest Urban Renewal District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government, specifically urban renewal.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements overseeing the use of fund accounting. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the Northwest Urban Renewal District are governmental funds.

□ Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major governmental fund.

The Northwest Urban Renewal District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 14 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 24 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, which includes budgetary comparison information for the General Fund. This required supplementary information can be found on page 25 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$2,026,736 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

District's Net position

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported negative balances in all categories of net position. The District's net position increased by \$220,535 during the current fiscal year.

Condensed statement of net position information is shown below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014		
Assets	,			
Current assets	\$ 3,183,363	\$ 3,453,143		
Total assets	3,183,363	3,453,143		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	987,494	1,027,298		
Noncurrent liabilities	4,222,605	4,673,116		
Total liabilities	5,210,099	5,700,414		
Net position				
Unrestricted	<u>\$ (2,026,736)</u>	\$ (2,247,271)		

District's Changes in Net position

The condensed statement of activities information shown on the following page explains changes in net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		
	2015	2014		
Program revenues	\$ -	\$ 12,066,631		
General revenues				
Property taxes - general	1,871,831	1,611,309		
Property taxes - debt service	638,703	888,003		
Investment income	46,579	43,234		
Miscellaneous revenue	<u> </u>	31,653		
Total general revenues	2,557,113	2,574,199		
Total revenues	2,557,113	14,640,830		
Program expenses				
General Government	2,336,578	15,577,309		
Total program expenses	2,336,578	15,577,309		
Change in net position	220,535	(936,479)		
Net position beginning of year	(2,247,271)	(1,310,792)		
Net position - end of year	\$ (2,026,736)	\$ (2,247,271)		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund

The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measurement of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported fund balance of \$2,489,467, a decrease of \$227,209 from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts and one approved appropriation change.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$4,673,116. This amount is comprised of general obligation bonds, and a note payable. The District's total debt decreased by \$434,722 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note III-B on pages 23 through 24 of this report.

KEY ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGET INFORMATION FOR THE FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

• Property tax revenue has increased over the prior year. It is hoped for and anticipated that with economic growth this trend will continue.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Finance Manager, City of Lebanon, 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,932,344
Property taxes receivable	249,975
Special assessments receivable	1,044
Total assets	3,183,363
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	323,526
Accrued interest	76,940
System developmet charge payable	136,517
Long-term liabilities, current portion	450,511
Total current liabilities	987,494
Noncurrent liabilities	
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	4,222,605
Total liabilities	5,210,099
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ (2,026,736)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
F	F	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs Governmental activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
General Government	\$ 2,336,578	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	(2,336,578)
	General revenue	s			
	Property taxes	levied for general	purposes		1,871,831
		levied for debt se	rvice		638,703
	Investment inc				46,579
	Miscellaneous	revenue			
	Total general revenues				2,557,113
	Change in net	Change in net position			
	Net position - be	ginning			(2,247,271)
	Net position - en	ding			\$ (2,026,736)

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

		General Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	2,932,344		
Property taxes receivable		249,975		
Loans receivable		1,044		
Total assets	\$	3,183,363		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	323,526		
System development charges payable		136,517		
Total liabilities		460,043		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		233,853		
Fund balances				
Unrestricted		2,489,467		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	3,183,363		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total fund balances	\$ 2,489,467
Property tax revenue is recognized in the net position of governmental activities when the taxes are levied; however, in the governmental fund statements, it is recognized when available to be used for current year operations. Taxes not collected within 30 days of the end of the year are not considered available to pay for current year operations and are therefore not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	233,853
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather, is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of: Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Notes payable (76,940) (1,780,000) (2,893,116)	 (4,750,056)

\$ (2,026,736)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	(General Fund	
REVENUES	•		
Property taxes	\$	2,519,687	
Intergovernmental - City of Lebanon		_	
Investment earnings		46,579	
Miscellaneous revenue		(18,698)	
Total revenues		2,547,568	
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government - urban renewal		1,124,656	
Debt service		630,942	
Capital outlay		1,019,179	
Total expenditures		2,774,777	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(227,209)	
Fund balances - beginning		2,716,676	
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,489,467	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances		\$ (227,209)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. In the statement of net position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Debt principal paid	434,722	
Accrued interest payable	3,477	438,199
Property taxes that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. On the		
statement of activities, property taxes are recognized as revenue when levied.		 9,545
Change in net position		\$ 220,535

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District.

B. Reporting Entity

In 1989, the City of Lebanon established the Northwest Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve industrially zoned property within the District boundaries. The area is located west of Highway 20 and north of Highway 34. The Northwest Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon is governed by a seven member board of directors that are the City's mayor and six city council members. The District is included as a blended component unit in the City of Lebanon's financial statements as a special revenue fund.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental fuds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the government.

F. Budgetary Information

The District budgets all funds in accordance with the requirements of state law. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund. All funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members. The budget officer prepares a budget, which is reviewed by the budget committee. The budget is then published in proposed form and is presented at public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and approval from the budget committee. The budget is legally adopted by the board of directors by resolution prior to the beginning of the District's fiscal year. The council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations are made at the department/functional level. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories and management may revise the detailed line item budgets

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

within appropriation categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the board at a regular council meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and approval by the board of directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the board of directors. During the year, there were no supplemental budgets. The District does not use encumbrances and appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts and one approved appropriation change.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in legally issued general obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, or California, certain interest-bearing bonds, time deposit open accounts, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts in banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations that maintain a head office or a branch in this state in the capacity of a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association, and share accounts and savings accounts in credit unions in the name of, or for the benefit of, a member of the credit union pursuant to a plan of deferred compensation.

3. Accounts and Loans Receivable

Accounts receivable represent balances due from the Enterprise Fund of the City of Lebanon for debt amounts paid on their behalf. Loans receivable represent assessment for property improvements. Assessment are recognized at the time the property owners are assessed, interest is accrued when due. Management has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental fund reports unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which does not differ significantly from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of directors is the highest level of decisionmaking authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for the specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic remittances of collection to entities levying taxes. Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 on property values assessed as of June 30. Property taxes are payable in three installments, which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Uncollected property taxes are shown as assets in the governmental funds. Property taxes collected within approximately 60 days of fiscal year-end are recognized as revenue, while the remaining are recorded as deferred inflows of resources because they are not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Northwest Urban Renewal District maintains its cash balance as a part of the City of Lebanon's pooled cash. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the District's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Because the pool operates as a demand deposit account, each fund's portion of this pool is classified on the combined balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents; however, Oregon Short-Term Fund investments are disclosed below and classified by custodial credit risk for investments.

The Treasurer makes short-term and long-term investments, which are held separately by several of the State's funds. Other investments are made directly by state agencies rather than by the Treasurer, although only a few agencies are authorized to make such investments and then only for specific programs. The State Treasury's direct investments in short-term securities are limited by portfolio rules established by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and the Oregon Investment Council.

A separate financial report for the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board is prepared by the Treasurer in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External* Investment *Pools.* Copies of the report can be obtained from the Oregon State Treasury, Finance Division, 350 Winter Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, Oregon 97301-3896.

Participants' account balances in the Oregon Short-Term Fund are determined by the amount of participants' deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed interest. Interest is calculated and accrued daily on each participant's account based on the ending account balance and a variable interest rate determined periodically by the Oregon State Treasury. The interest rate approximates the actual yield of the Oregon Short-Term Fund, exclusive of unrealized gains and losses.

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Government

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Investment Pool. The District's policy, which adheres to state law, is to limit its investments to the following: issuers within Oregon must be rated "A" (bonds) or A-2/P-2 (commercial paper) or better by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service or any other national recognized statistical rating organization. Issuers not in Oregon must be rated AA/Aa (bonds) or A-1/P-1 (commercial paper) or better.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments:

	Percent of				
	Investment				Credit Quality
	Portfolio	Maturities	F	air Value	Rating
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	100%	-	\$	2,932,344	Unrated

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investments policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting investment maturity.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's policy for investing in individual issuers varies depending on the type of investments. U.S. Treasury and agency securities do not have restrictions regarding concentration with any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

B. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year:

	Interest		Original	I	Beginning						Ending	Dι	ıe Within
	Rate	Amount Balance		A	Additions Reductions		Balance		One Year				
2010 Refunding Bonds Special Public Works Fund	2-3.5% 4-4.375%	\$	3,310,000 3,677,462	\$	2,100,000 3,007,838	_	- -	\$	320,000 114,722	\$	1,780,000 2,893,116	\$	330,000 120,511
Total long-term liabilities		\$	6,987,462	\$	5,107,838	\$	_	\$	434,722	\$	4,673,116	\$	450,511

1. Northwest Urban Renewal District 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On November 2, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds of \$3,310,000 (par value) with interest rates of 2% to 3.5% to advance refund the portion of the Series 2000 general obligation bonds maturing December 1, 2010, with interest rates of 5.75% to 6%, and a par value of \$3,420,000. All defeased bonds have been paid in full. As a result of the advance refunding, the District reduced its total debt service requirements by \$658,966, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$431,283. Interest is variable over a fixed schedule, set out at the issuance date. The bonds are payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The NW Urban Renewal District Fund has been used to liquidate the debt. Loan #LebanonUR10, final maturity 2020.

2. Governmental Activity Note Payable - NW Urban Renewal District Special Public Works Fund

The District signed the note payable on May 1, 2007. The funds were used for urban renewal projects. Interest rates increase in accordance with the original debt agreements. Interest is due annually on December 1. The NW Urban Renewal District Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Loan #B05003, final maturity 2031, interest 4%-4.375%, original issue amount \$3,677,462.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

3. Governmental Activity Future Maturities of Bonds Payable

Year Ending							
June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2016	\$	330,000	\$	58,490	\$	388,490	
2017		345,000		48,590		393,590	
2018		355,000		36,516		391,516	
2019		370,000		25,510		395,510	
2020		380,000		13,300	_	393,300	
Total	\$	1,780,000	\$	182,406	\$	1,962,406	

4. Governmental Activity Future Maturities of Notes Payable

Year Ending		Notes	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 120,511	\$ 123,541	\$ 244,052
2017	126,331	118,720	245,051
2018	132,184	113,667	245,851
2019	133,072	108,380	241,452
2020	138,994	103,057	242,051
2021-2025	795,961	422,409	1,218,370
2026-2030	988,084	233,779	1,221,863
2031-2032	 457,979	 30,311	 488,290
Total	\$ 2,893,116	\$ 1,253,864	\$ 4,146,980

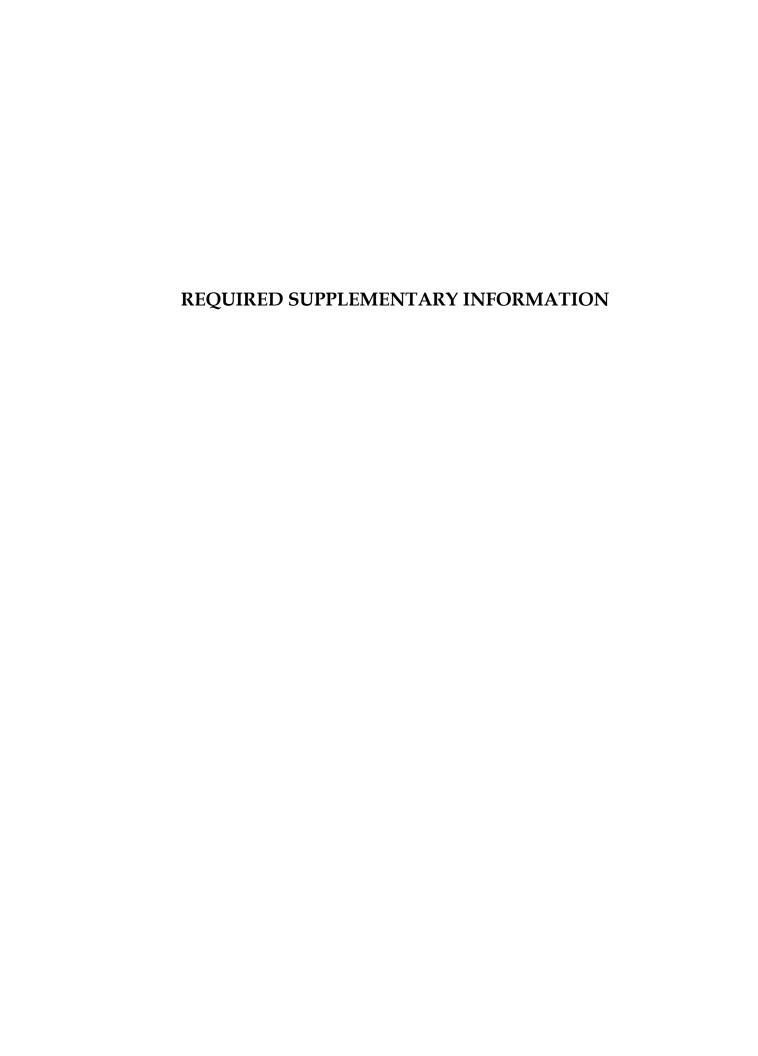
IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 28, 2015, which was the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

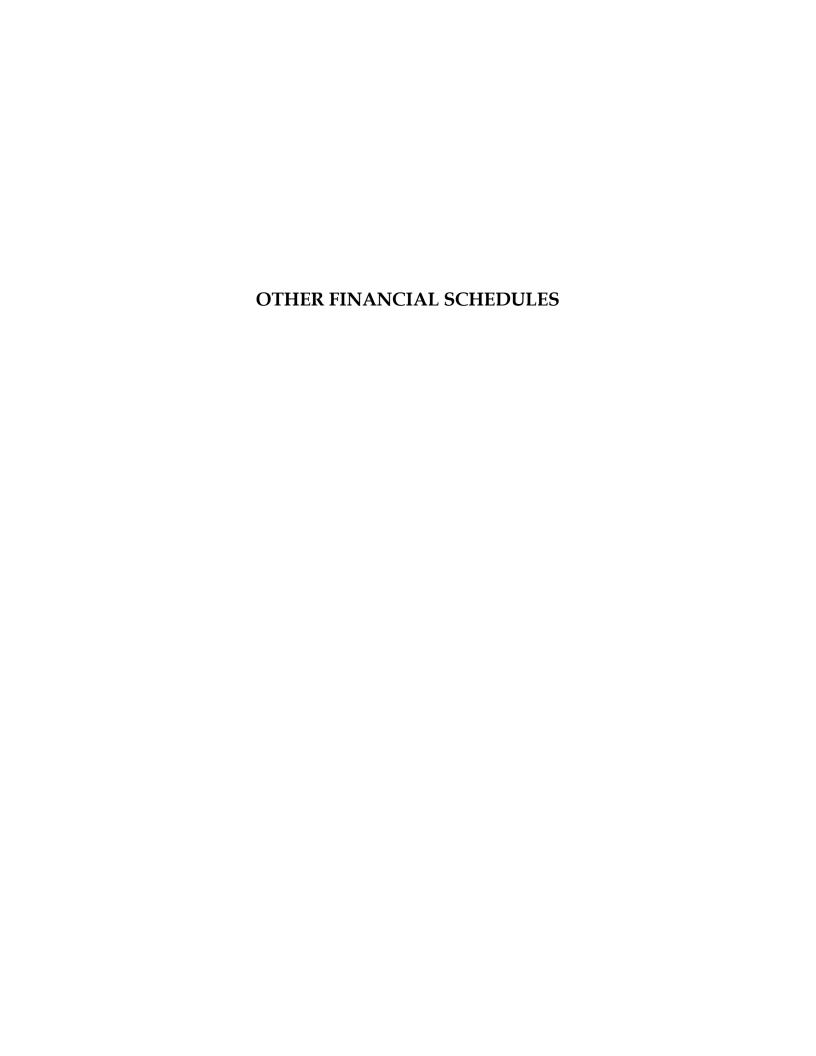


SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final		nd Variance with _ Final Budget			Budget	Actual	GAAP	
		Budget		Over (Under)		Basis	Adjustments	Basis	
REVENUES				()					
Property taxes	\$	2,417,889	\$	103,742	\$	2,521,631	\$ -	\$	2,521,631
Intergovernmental		-		-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		4,200		21,737		25,937			25,937
Total revenues		2,422,089		125,479		2,547,568	-		2,547,568
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
NW Lebanon urban renewal district		3,664,008		(1,520,173)		2,143,835	(1,019,179)		1,124,656
NW Lebanon urban renewal bonds		1,922,573		(1,291,631)		630,942	(630,942)		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-	1,019,179		1,019,179
Debt service	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	630,942		630,942
Total expenditures		5,586,581		(2,811,804)		2,774,777	<u> </u>		2,774,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(3,164,492)		2,937,283		(227,209)	-		(227,209)
Fund balance - beginning		3,164,492		(447,816)		2,716,676			2,716,676
Fund balance - ending	\$	_	\$	2,489,467	\$	2,489,467	<u>\$</u>	\$	2,489,467



SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Tax Year	Re	Γaxes ceivable y 1, 2014		2014-2015 Levy	Ad	justments	 ollections	Re	Taxes eceivable e 30, 2015
2014-2015	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,556,645	\$	(70,689)	\$ 2,389,881	\$	96,075
2013-2014 2012-2013		106,113 45,752		-		8,500 6,106	52,404 20,735		62,209
2012-2013		45,732 66,703		- -		(1,211)	26,753		31,123 38,739
2010-2011		22,766		-		(579)	9,744		12,443
2009-2010		7,886		-		(244)	557		7,085
2008-2009		1,029		-		(125)	476		428
Prior		2,185		<u>-</u>		(59)	 253		1,873
Subtotal - Prior		252,434				12,388	 110,922		153,900
Total	\$	252,434	\$	2,556,645	\$	(58,301)	2,500,803	\$	249,975
Add: Other taxes and interes Undistributed taxes wi		nty, July 1,	2014				 20,642		
Total available							2,521,445		
Less: Turnovers to Distric	ct						 2,521,445		
Undistributed taxes with	count	y, June 30,	2015				\$ _		

AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Northwest Urban Renewal District Lebanon, Oregon 97355

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Northwest Urban Renewal District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Northwest Urban Renewal District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures, which included, but were not limited to, the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law

Programs funded from outside sources

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Northwest Urban Renewal District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Northwest Urban Renewal District's internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 28, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of the Northwest Urban Renewal District and the Oregon Secretary of State, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Accuity, LLC

December 28, 2015

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2015



DISTRICT OFFICIALS

June 30, 2015

MAYOR

Paul Aziz 312 E. Sherman Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

CITY COUNCIL

Wayne Rieskamp 87 West Cedar Drive Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Bob Elliott 795 Binshadler Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Floyd Fisher 170 S. 2nd Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Jason Bolen 3426 Duck Place Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Rebecca Grizzle 333 E. Ash Street Lebanon, Oregon 97355

Robert Furlow (appointed July 23, 2014 785 Wassom Street Lebanon, OR 97355

CITY MANAGER

Gary Marks

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June 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

Board of Directors North Gateway Urban Renewal District Lebanon, Oregon 97355

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and the major fund of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, a component unit of the City of Lebanon, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of the management of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The management of North Gateway Urban Renewal District is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements.

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our report.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the management's discussion and analysis and do not express an opinion or provide assurance on it. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The schedule of property tax transactions is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The aforementioned information is the responsibility of management, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in the review of the financial statements and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made in order for the schedule of property tax transactions to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accuity, LLC

By:

Kori L. Sarrett, CPA

Albany, Oregon December 28, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

INTRODUCTION

As management of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2015, total net position of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District amounted to (\$1,699,917). The total amount represents unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$295,123 during the current fiscal year.
- Overall revenues were \$394,288, which exceeded total expenditures of \$99,165 by \$295,123.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the North Gateway Urban Renewal District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government, specifically urban renewal.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements overseeing the use of fund accounting. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District are governmental funds.

□ Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major governmental fund.

The North Gateway Urban Renewal District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 13 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, which includes budgetary comparison information for the General Fund. This required supplementary information can be found on page 24 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,699,917 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

District's Net position

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported negative balances in all categories of net position. The District's net position increased by \$295,123 during the current fiscal year.

Condensed statement of net position information is shown below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Government	Governmental Activities					
	2015	2014					
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 234,301	\$ 57,144					
Total assets	234,301	57,144					
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	1,145,212	1,177,838					
Noncurrent liabilities	789,006	874,346					
Total liabilities	1,934,218	2,052,184					
Net position							
Unrestricted	<u>\$ (1,699,917)</u>	\$ (1,995,040)					

District's Changes in Net position

The condensed statement of activities information shown on the following page explains changes in net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2015		2014	
General revenues					
Property taxes - general	\$	391,322	\$	263,333	
Investment income	_	2,966		1,762	
Total general revenues		394,288		265,095	
Total revenues		394,288		265,095	
Program expenses					
General Government - Urban Renewal	_	99,165		154,708	
Total program expenses		99,165		154,708	
Change in net position		295,123		110,387	
Net position - beginning of year		(1,995,040)	((2,105,427)	
Net position - end of year	\$	(1,699,917)	\$ ((1,995,040)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund

The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measurement of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$882,552, an increase of \$169,764 from the prior year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$823,456. This amount is comprised of two notes payable. The District's total debt decreased by \$117,966 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note III-B on pages 21 through 22 of this report.

KEY ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGET INFORMATION FOR THE FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and reviewed, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

• Property tax revenue has increased. It is hoped for and anticipated that with economic growth this trend will continue.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Finance Manager, City of Lebanon, 925 S. Main Street, Lebanon, Oregon 97355.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 205,672
Property taxes receivable	28,629
Total assets	234,301
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accrued interest	20,631
System development charges payable	1,090,131
Long-term liabilities, current portion	34,450
Total current liabilities	1,145,212
Noncurrent liabilities	
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	789,006
Total liabilities	1,934,218
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	<u>\$ (1,699,917)</u>

See accompanying notes and independent accountant's review report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Net (Expense Revenue and Changes in Net Position	ĺ						
	_						Opei	ating	Сар	oital		
			Charg	ges for	Grants and		Grants and		Governmenta	al		
Functions/Programs	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}_{1}$	penses	Serv	Services		Contributions		butions	Activities			
Governmental activities				_		_						
General Government - urban renewal	\$	57,329	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	(57,32	9)		
Interest on long-term debt		41,836						<u>-</u>	(41,83	<u>5</u>)		
Total governmental activities	\$	99,165	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		(99,16	<u>5</u>)		
	Gener	al revenue	es									
	Pro	erty taxes	levied	for gene	eral purp	oses			391,32	2		
	_	estment inc		0	1 1				2,96			
	То	otal genera	l reven	ues					394,28	8		
	Cha	nge in net	position	n					295,123	3		
	Net p	osition - be	eginning	g					(1,995,04)	<u>J</u>)		
	Net p	osition - er	nding						\$ (1,699,91)	<i>7</i>)		

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

		General Fund	
ASSETS	•		
Cash and investments	\$	205,672	
Property taxes receivable		28,629	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	234,301	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)			
Liabilities			
System development charges payable	\$	1,090,131	
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		26,722	
Fund balance (deficit)			
Unassigned		(882,552)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and fund balance (deficit)	\$	234,301	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total fund balance (deficit)		\$ (882,552)
Property tax revenue is recognized in the net position of governmental activities when the taxes are levied; however, in the governmental fund statements, it is recognized when available to be used for current year operations. Taxes not collected within 30 days of the end of the year are not considered available to pay for current year operations and are therefore not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		26,722
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather, is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of: Accrued interest payable Notes payable	(20,631) (823,456)	(844,087)
Notes payable	(023,430)	 (044,007)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,699,917)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	
REVENUES	 	
Property taxes	\$ 383,929	
Investment earnings	 2,966	
Total revenues	 386,895	
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government - urban renewal	123,276	
Debt service	 93,855	
Total expenditures	 217,131	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	169,764	
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning	 (1,052,316)	
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	\$ (882,552)	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances	\$ 169,764
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. In the statement of net position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	
Debt principal paid	117,966
Property taxes and court fines that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. On the statement of activities, property taxes are	
recognized as revenue when levied.	 7,393
Change in net position	\$ 295,123

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District.

B. Reporting Entity

In 2008, the City of Lebanon established the North Gateway Urban Renewal District. The purpose of the District is to provide for the development of infrastructure to serve the area where a new medical campus was to be developed. The North Gateway Urban Renewal District, Lebanon, Oregon is governed by a seven member board of directors that are the City's mayor and six city council members. The District is included as a blended component unit in the City of Lebanon's financial statements as a special revenue fund.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental fuds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the government.

F. Budgetary Information

The District budgets all funds in accordance with the requirements of state law. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund. All funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members. The budget officer prepares a budget, which is reviewed by the budget committee. The budget is then published in proposed form and is presented at public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and approval from the budget committee. The budget is legally adopted by the board of directors by resolution prior to the beginning of the District's fiscal year. The council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations are made at the department/functional level. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories and management may revise the detailed line item budgets

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

within appropriation categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the board at a regular council meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and approval by the board of directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the board of directors. During the year, there were no supplemental budgets. The District does not use encumbrances and appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in legally issued general obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, or California, certain interest-bearing bonds, time deposit open accounts, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts in banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations that maintain a head office or a branch in this state in the capacity of a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association, and share accounts and savings accounts in credit unions in the name of, or for the benefit of, a member of the credit union pursuant to a plan of deferred compensation.

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental fund reports unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which does not differ significantly from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for the specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic remittances of collection to entities levying taxes. Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 on property values assessed as of June 30. Property taxes are payable in three installments, which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Uncollected property taxes are shown as assets in the governmental funds. Property taxes collected within approximately 60 days of fiscal year-end are recognized as revenue, while the remaining are

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

recorded as deferred inflows of resources because they are not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2015, the General Fund, a major fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$882,552. The deficit is due to the recording of system development charges due to the City of Lebanon from inception of the urban renewal district. The deficit will be corrected through repayment of the liability in the upcoming fiscal years.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The North Gateway Urban Renewal District maintains its cash balance as a part of the City of Lebanon's pooled cash. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise, the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the District's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Because the pool operates as a demand deposit account, each fund's portion of this pool is classified

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

on the combined balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents; however, Oregon Short-Term Fund investments are disclosed below and classified by custodial credit risk for investments.

The Treasurer makes short-term and long-term investments, which are held separately by several of the State's funds. Other investments are made directly by state agencies rather than by the Treasurer, although only a few agencies are authorized to make such investments and then only for specific programs. The State Treasury's direct investments in short-term securities are limited by portfolio rules established by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and the Oregon Investment Council.

A separate financial report for the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board is prepared by the Treasurer in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External* Investment *Pools*. Copies of the report can be obtained from the Oregon State Treasury, Finance Division, 350 Winter Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, Oregon 97301-3896.

Participants' account balances in the Oregon Short-Term Fund are determined by the amount of participants' deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed interest. Interest is calculated and accrued daily on each participant's account based on the ending account balance and a variable interest rate determined periodically by the Oregon State Treasury. The interest rate approximates the actual yield of the Oregon Short-Term Fund, exclusive of unrealized gains and losses.

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Government Investment Pool. The District's policy, which adheres to state law, is to limit its investments to the following: issuers within Oregon must be rated "A" (bonds) or A-2/P-2 (commercial paper) or better by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service or any other national recognized statistical rating organization. Issuers not in Oregon must be rated AA/Aa (bonds) or A-1/P-1 (commercial paper) or better.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments:

	Percent of				
	Investment				Credit Quality
	Portfolio	Maturities	Fa	ir Value	Rating
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	100%	-	\$	205,672	Unrated

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investments policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting investment maturity.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's policy for investing in individual issuers varies depending on the type of investments. U.S. Treasury and agency securities do not have restrictions regarding concentration with any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

B. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount		Beginning Balance		Additions		s Reductions			Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities														
Samaritan Health Services Note	6.00%	\$	1,025,239	\$	875,475	\$	-	\$	52,019	\$	823,456	\$	34,450	
Oregon Department of Veteran's Affairs Note	12.00%		140,947		65,947		_		65,947		_		-	
Total		\$	1,166,186	\$	941,422	\$		\$	117,966	\$	823,456	\$	34,450	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

2. Samaritan Health Services Note Payable

The District signed the note payable in 2009 to finance the purchase of infrastructure additions in the District. The note calls for annual payments on February 14. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Final maturity 2030, interest 6%, original issue amount \$1,025,239.

3. Oregon Department of Veteran's Affairs Note Payable

The District signed the note payable May 9, 2013 to finance the fees charged by the City of Lebanon related to the construction of a veteran's home located within the urban renewal district. The note calls for five annual payments to commence during the 2013-2014 fiscal year. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the note payable. Final maturity 2019, interest at 12%, original issue amount \$140,947.

4. Governmental Activity Future Maturities of Notes Payable

Year Ending								
June 30	Р	rincipal	I	nterest	Total			
2016	\$	34,450	\$	53,066	\$	87,516		
2017		36,517		50,999		87,516		
2018		38,708		48,808		87,516		
2019		41,031		46,485		87,516		
2020		43,493		44,023		87,516		
2021-2025		259,884		177,697		437,581		
2026-2030		347,782		89,798		437,580		
2031		21,591		4,954		26,545		
Total	\$	823,456	\$	515,830	\$	1,339,286		

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

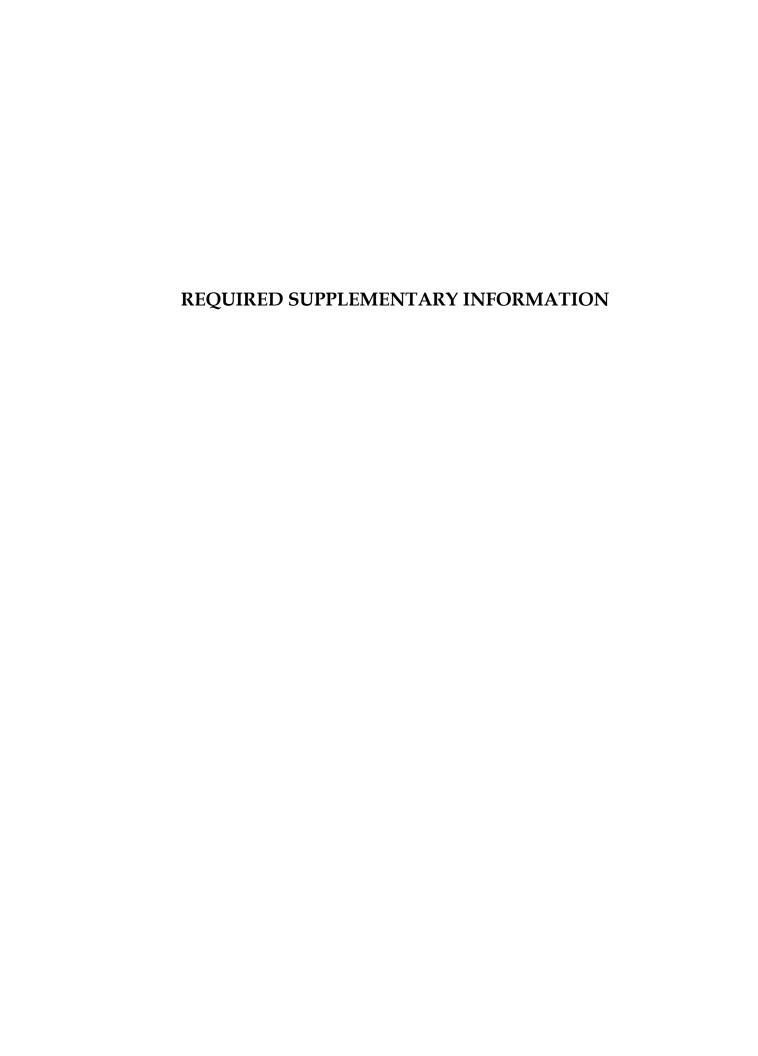
June 30, 2015

B. Commitment

The District has entered into an agreement with Samaritan Health Services under which the District will repay amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services to improve or add infrastructure within the District. The total costs allowed to be repaid under the agreement are \$5,105,900. Improvements must be in place no later than 2029. Amounts invested by Samaritan Health Services are added to an existing loan agreement as described in Note III-B. As of June 30, 2015, \$1,025,239 had been invested under the agreement.

C. Subsequent Events

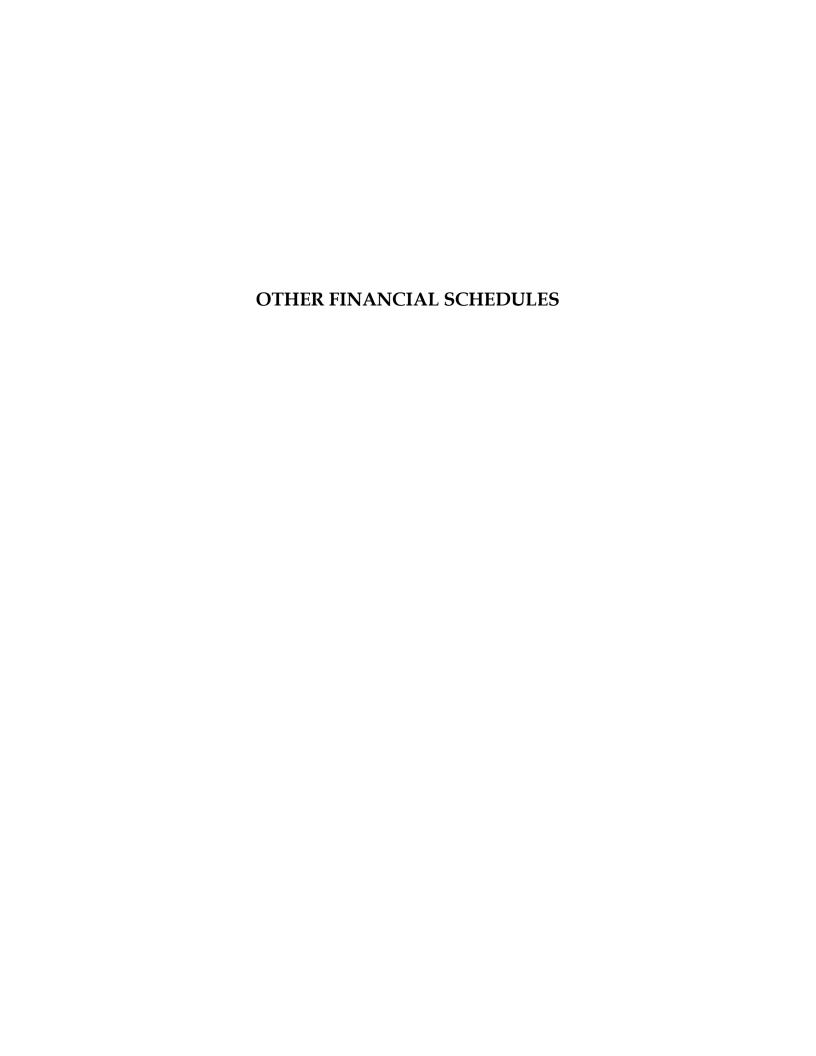
Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 28, 2015, which was the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $$\operatorname{\mathtt{BUDGET}}$ AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	Ori	Original and Final		_			Actual						
								Budget		GAAP			
	1	Budget	Ov	er (Under)		Basis	Adjustments	Adjustments					
REVENUES													
Property taxes	\$	234,919	\$	150,647	\$	385,566	\$ -	\$	385,566				
Miscellaneous		200		1,129		1,329			1,329				
Total revenues		235,119		151,776		386,895	-		386,895				
EXPENDITURES													
Current													
North Gateway urban renewal		255,119		(37,988)		217,131	(93,855)		123,276				
Debt service							93,855	_	93,855				
Total expenditures		255,119		(37,988)		217,131			217,131				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures		(20,000)		189,764		169,764	-		169,764				
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning		20,000		(1,072,316)		(1,052,316)	_	_	(1,052,316)				
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	\$	_	\$	(882,552)	\$	(882,552)	\$ -	\$	(882,552)				



SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS

Tax Year	Re	Γaxes ceivable y 1, 2014	2014-2015 Levy					ollections	Taxes Receivable June 30, 2015		
2014-2015	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	399,408	\$	(11,043)	\$	373,356	\$	15,009	
2013-2014		11,056		-		885		5,460		6,481	
2012-2013		5,797		-		773		2,627		3,943	
2011-2012		3,125		_		(57)		1,253		1,815	
2010-2011		1,691		-		(43)		724		924	
2009-2010		507		-		(14)		36		457	
2008-2009		-		-		-		-		-	
Prior										<u>-</u>	
Subtotal - Prior		22,176		<u>-</u>		1,544		10,100		13,620	
Total	\$	22,176	\$	399,408	\$	(9,499)		383,456	\$	28,629	
Add: Other taxes and interes Undistributed taxes wit		nty, July 1,	2014					1,637 <u>-</u>			
Total available								385,093			
Less: Turnovers to Distric	et							385,093			
Undistributed taxes with	count	y, June 30,	2015				\$				

REVIEW REPRESENTATIONS REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS

MANAGEMENT'S REPRESENTATION OF FISCAL AFFAIRS REQUIRED BY OREGON REGULATION

The North Gateway Urban Renewal District is subject to, and responsible for, compliance with various laws, rules, and regulations relating to its operations and finances. Among such laws, rules, and regulations are the requirements prescribed in Municipal Audit Law (ORS Chapter 297) and the Minimum Standards for Review of Oregon Municipal Corporations (OAR 162, Division 40) including, but not limited to:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law

Programs funded from outside sources

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

The management of the North Gateway Urban Renewal District is aware of the requirements of Oregon laws and administrative rules concerning each of the above requirements and has complied, in all material respects, with such requirements. Further, we are not aware of any violations or possible violations of laws, rules, or regulations, whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.

Dean Baugh

Finance Director

December 28, 2015